Full download: http://manualplace.com/download/kubota-excavator-u17-3-alpha-workshop-manual/



WORKSHOP MANUAL KUBOTA EXCAVATOR

U17-3 α

Kubota

Record of Revisions

Symbol	Date	Main Revised Points & Corrective Measures	Person-in-charge
À	Aug. 2008	Maintenance intervals EU - version revised.	I. Okae
<u>^2</u>	Oct. 2008	Correction of descriptions on: 1. Engine model name for EU - version 2. Retractable track frame	I. Okae
<u>/3</u>			
<u>4</u>			

U17-3 α is the model name of EU - version U17/U17-3 is the model name of KTC, KCL and KTA - version

CONTENTS

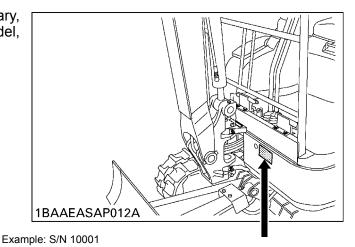
I.	GENERAL
II.	MACHINE BODY • Mechanism Section
III.	ENGINE • Mechanism Section
IV.	HYDRAULIC SYSTEM • Mechanism Section
V.	ELECTRICAL SYSTEM • Mechanism Section V-M-1 • Service Section V-S-1

I. GENERAL

A.	BODY AN	ND ENGINE IDENTIFICATION MARKS	I-S-3
B.	SAFETY	PRECAUTIONS FOR SERVICING, DISASSEMBLY AND REASSEMBLY.	I-S-5
	a.	Safety Measures Before Starting Work	I-S-5
	b.	Safety Measures During Work	I-S-5
	C.	Preparation for Disassembly	I-S-6
	d.	Precautions for Disassembly and Reassembly	I-S-6
C.	IMPORTA	ANT SAFETY PROCESS AND CRITICAL FUNCTIONAL PROCESS	I-S-7
D.	IMPORTA	ANT INSPECTION ITEMS AFTER REASSEMBLING	I-S-9
	a.	Piping	I-S-9
E.	MAINTEN	NANCE INTERVALS	I-S-15 △
	a.	EU-version	I-S-15 ⚠
	b.	PP (KTC, KCL)-version	I-S-17
	C.	KTA-version	I-S-19
	d.	Hydraulic Oil Check for Machines with Hydraulic Breakers	
	e.	Maintenance Items	
	f.	Troubleshooting for Operators	
	g.	Periodic Replacement of Important Component Parts	
	h.	Recommended Oils	
	i.	Lifting Capacity	
F.		T INFORMATION	
	a.	U17-3α Development Concept	
	b.	Why Minor Change?	
	C.	Quick Chart	
	d.	Major Sales Feature	
	e.	Specifications Comparison	I-S-34

A. BODY AND ENGINE IDENTIFICATION MARKS

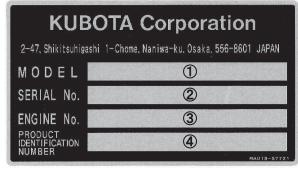
If trouble occurs during use, or servicing is necessary, contact your dealer. Pass on your machine model, engine type and serial number to them.



KUBOTA Corporation 2-47,Shikitsuhigashi 1-Chome, Naniwa-ku,Osaka,556-8601 JAPAN MODEL SERIAL NO. 1 MASS 3 MAX. DRAW BAR PULL kg kN POWER **(5)** kW MAX. VERT. LOAD 6 kN PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION NUMBER 7 8 MANUFACTURED YEAR MADE IN JAPAN.

EU-version

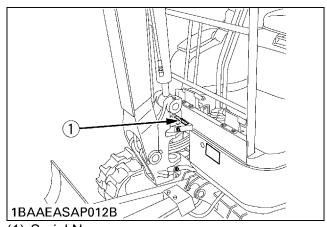
No.	Items	Contents
1	MODEL	U17-3α
2	SERIAL No.	10001
3	MASS	1650
4	MAX, DRAW BAR PULL	32.3
(5)	POWER	11.6
6	MAX,VERT,LOAD	2.7
7	PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION NUMBER	>JKUU0173*01S10001<
(8)	MANUFACTURED YEAR	2008



Name plate: Code No. RA018-57721

No.	Items	Contents
1	Machine model	U17-3α
2	Serial No.	10001
3	Engine No.	
4	PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION No.	>JKUU0173*01S10001<

(1) Machine serial number



(1) Serial No.

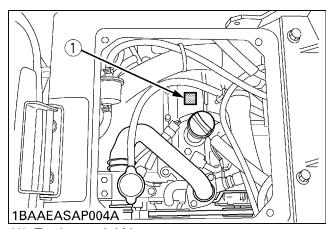
(2) Engine serial number

The engine serial number is an identified number for the engine. It is marked after the engine model number.

It indicates month and year of manufacture as follows

e.g. D902-8L001

"8" indicates year of 2008 and "L" indicates June. So, 8L indicates that the engine was manufactured in June 2008.



(1) Engine serial No.

Year of manufacture

Alphabet or Number	Year	Alphabet or Number	Year
1	2001	F	2015
2	2002	G	2016
3	2003	Н	2017
4	2004	J	2018
5	2005	K	2019
6	2006	L	2020
7	2007	М	2021
8	2008	N	2022
9	2009	Р	2023
А	2010	R	2024
В	2011	S	2025
С	2012	Т	2026
D	2013	V	2027
E	2014		

A: Engine Model Name and Serial Number

Month of manufacture

Month	Engine Serial Number		
World	0001 ~ 9999	10000 ~	
January	A0001 ~ A9999	B10000 ~	
February	C0001 ~ C9999	D10000 ~	
March	E0001 ~ E9999	F10000 ~	
April	G0001 ~ G9999	H10000 ~	
May	J0001 ~ J9999	K10000 ~	
June	L0001 ~ L9999	M10000 ~	
July	N0001 ~ N9999	P10000 ~	
August	Q0001 ~ Q9999	R10000 ~	
September	S0001 ~ S9999	T10000 ~	
October	U0001 ~ U9999	V10000 ~	
November	W0001 ~ W9999	X10000 ~	
December	Y0001 ~ Y9999	Z10000 ~	

B. SAFETY PRECAUTIONS FOR SERVICING, DISASSEMBLY AND REASSEMBLY

Safety precautions for servicing

Most accidents during servicing arise from carelessness. Please remember that safety involves both the welfare of the employees and improved work efficiency.

Safety precautions for disassembly and reassembly

Machines must be disassembled and assembled efficiently and safely.

It is very important to thoroughly understand the construction and function of the machine, to make all appropriate preparations, and start operations according to the specified working procedures.

a. Safety Measures Before Starting Work

(1) Work clothes

- 1. Wear specified work cap and clothed. (Under no circumstances may workers wear undershirts only.)
 - Cuffs must be kept buttoned, and any tears must be mended.)
- 2. Wear safety shoes.
- 3. Do not wear cotton gloves when working on the internal section of engine, reduction gears or hydraulic units for repair or others, or when using a hammer. Wear leather gloves, however, when hoisting wires.

(2) Inspecting equipment and tools

- 1. Prepare equipment (cranes, fork lifts, tool, etc.) required for servicing and inspect for any problems before starting work.
- 2. Hammer heads (metal parts) must be firmly secured to their handles.
- 3. Check hosting tools (wire ropes, hoisting chains, etc.) before use.

(3) Set workshop in order

- 1. Secure appropriate space needed for disassembly.
- 2. Secure a clean, safe place for arranging disassembled parts.
- 3. Store volatile substances (gasoline, light oil, thinner, oily articles, etc.) in appropriate containers at selected locations to prevent fire hazards.

b. Safety Measures During Work

(1)Protectors

- 1. Wear goggles when using chisels for chip-
- 2. Use appropriate protectors during welding.
- 3. Wear a helmet when working with a crane or at elevated locations.

(2) Team work

- 1. When working with two or more people, divide the work and maintain close communication.
- 2. Crane work must be carried out using predetermined signals.

(3) Disassembly and assembly

- 1. Do not wear gloves when using hammers.
- 2. Use rods of the specified soft material for removing pins. Do not use a hammer as a pad.
- 3. Do not place fingers in holes when center-
- 4. Heavy parts must be adequately supported before removing bolts.

(4) Cranes

- 1. Basically, use a crane for objects heavier than 44lb (20kg).
- 2. Crane operation and hoisting must be performed only by qualified personnel.
- 3. Pay careful attention to the center of gravity when hoisting, and do not stand under the lifted objects.

(5) Others

- 1. To work under a jacked-up carrier, be sure to place wood pieces underneath.
- 2. When charging batteries, make sure there are no open flames in the immediate vicinity.
- 3. All electric tools must be grounded.
- 4. Before welding the machine, remove the
 - · When removing the battery, be sure to disconnect negative (-) cord first.
 - · When mounting the battery, be sure to connect the positive (+) cord first.

WSM U17-3\(\alpha\)U17-3\(\text{U17}\) I. GENERAL

c. Preparation for Disassembly

(1) Cleaning

Remove mud and dirt from the body before disassembly.

(2) Acceptance inspection

The machine must be checked before it is disassembled to record existing conditions, such as those listed below.

Model, serial number, and hourmeter reading

- · Reason for repair and repair history
- Element stains
- Fuel and oil condition
- Parts damage *(Take photographs if necessary.)

(3) Equipment and tools

Prepare equipment, tools, cranes and parts storage racks as required.

d. Precautions for Disassembly and Reassembly

(1) Disassembly

- 1. Follow the specified disassembly procedures.
- 2. Make alignment marks to insure correct reassembly.
- 3. Arrange disassembled parts in an orderly way, and attach identification tags or put marks if needed.

(2) Reassembly

- 1. Clean all parts before assembly. Repair any scratches or dents. Take special precautions against dirt and dust.
- 2. Parts with rust-preventive coatings must be assembles only after removing the coating.
- 3. Separated parts must be correctly reassembled using alignment marks.
- 4. As a rule, use a press to reassembled bearings, bushing and oil seals. Use pads when using a hammer.

e. Maintenance



When adding oil and servicing:

- 1. Park the machine on a large, flat place.
- 2. Place the bucket and dozer on the ground.
- 3. Stop the engine
- 4. Move the attachment control lever and dozer lever to make sure the remaining pressure is relieved.
- 5. Draw out the starter key and check around the machine for safety.

Before starting the job, carefully read the Operational Manual in "! Servicing Precautions" on the yellow pages.

f. Waste Disposal



WARNING

Do not carelessly throw away and burn waste materials. Such actions may lead to environmental pollution and punishment by local laws.

When disposing of waste:

- * Let out waste fluid from the machine into a container.
- * Do not let waste fluid flow on the ground as well as into a river, lake, marsh, and sea.
- * Contact your dealer or a qualified industrial waste handler to treat (dispose of or incinerate) harmful waste materials. Those materials include waste oil, fuel, cooling water (anti-freeze), coolant, solvent, filters, batteries, rubber and other toxic substances.

WSM U17-3\(\alpha\)U17-3\(\text{U17}\) I. GENERAL

C. IMPORTANT SAFETY PROCESS AND CRITICAL FUNCTIONAL PROCESS

The following instructions are related to essential adhesives, important safety process s and critical functional process A. Pay special attention in servicing these process. (Pay also close attention in reconnecting the electrical cables.)

1. Essential Adhesives

Screw adhesive type:

Unless otherwise specified, use Three-Bond 1324 adhesive (medium-duty type).
 Keep the screw threads free of oil and water.

Instantaneous adhesive:

• Use Three-Bond 1733 or Three-Bond 1741E adhesive. Keep the bond areas free of oil and water.

2. Important Safety Process S

- 1. Reconnecting the fuel hose (clearance, hose routes, clamps, etc.)
- 2. Electrical cabling (engine, instrument panal, controls, etc.) (wiring routes, clamps and couplers)
- 3. Important Critical Functional Process A
 - 1. Setting up the travel wheel motor (tightening torque)
 - 2. Reassembling the rotary joints (joint direction and shaft set-up)
 - 3. Installing the swivel base bearing and the swivel motor (tightening torque)
 - 4. Fitting the pump couplings (tightening torque)

WSM U17-3\(\alpha\)U17-3\(\text{U17}\) I. GENERAL

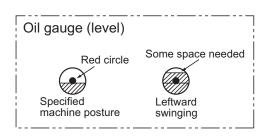
D. IMPORTANT INSPECTION ITEMS AFTER REASSEMBLING

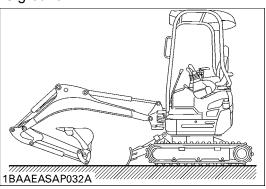
- 1. Operate the Machine and Check for Unusual Noise and Vibrations.
- 2. Make Sure the Safety Decals and Wireharness Clamps Are in Their Specified Positions.
- 3. With the Machine Front in a Specified Posture, Check the Amount of Hydraulic Oil

Checking the oil level (For further datails, refer to the Operator's Manual of each model.)

- 1) Park the machine on a level ground.
- 2) Make sure the hydraulic oil temperature is in the range of 10-30°C (50-86°F) and see if the oil level is within the specified zone of the oil level gauge.
- 3) Extend the track cylinder to Max. position.
- 4) Keep the machine front as shown as following posture.

Posture: Extend the rods of the arm and bucket cylinders to max. Place the bucket link on the ground, the offset swing at the center, and the dozer also on the ground.





a. Piping

(1) General precautions

- Tighten the pipe socket to the specified torque. If too tight, the socket itself or a hydraulic component may get damaged. It too loose, an oil leak may result.
- In connecting a new hose or pipe, tighten its nut first to the specified torque and then turn it back (about 45°). Then tighten it again to the specified torque. (Do not this to the sealing tape-applied hose or pipe.)
- When disconnecting a vertical hose or pipe, separate its bottom connection first.
- In desconnecting and reconnecting the hose and pipe, be sure to use two wrenches. With one wrench, restrain the mating part to allow no twist.
- Check the mating connector's sleeve and the hose's taper for dust deposits and scratches.
- When the pipe socket has been tightened up, wipe the joint clean. Apply the maximum operating pressure 2 or 3 times to make sure there is no oil leak.

(2) Hydraulic hose

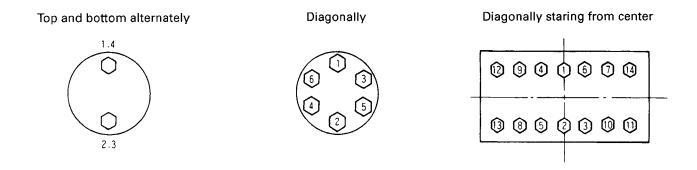
Check the hydraulic hose for too tight a connect or twist.

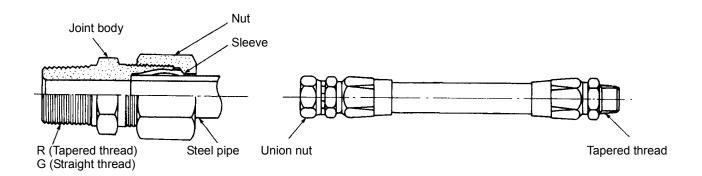
* Excessively tight contact

Let's suppose that a hose is in contact with another hose or other part. If the hose is pulled away by a force of 2 kg but still in contact, it means the contact is too tight.

(3) Precautions in tightening the bolts and nuts

- Use bolts of specified length.
- Do not over tighten the bolts: Its threads may get deformed or the fixed part may get damaged. Do not undertighten the bolt either: It may get loose.
- In other words, tighten the bolt to the specified torque.
- Tighten the bolts and nuts diagonally for even tightness.





(4) Hose screw

Thread size (piping screw)	Tighteniı N kg ft-	Wrench size (reference)	
	Union nut section	Taper thread section	
1/8"	7.8 ~ 11.8 N·m 0.8 ~ 1.2 kgf·m 5.8 ~ 8.7 ft·lbf	14.71 ~ 19.61 N·m 1.5 ~ 20 kgf·m 10.85 ~ 14.47 ft·lbf	17 mm 0.67 in
1/4"	24.5 ~ 29.4 2.5 ~ 3.0 18.1 ~ 21.7	36.3 ~ 44.1 3.7 ~ 4.5 26.8 ~ 32.5	19 mm 0.75 in
3/8"	49.0 ~ 53.9 5.0 ~ 5.5 36.2 ~ 39.8	49.0 ~ 68.6 5.0 ~ 7.0 36.2 ~ 50.6	22 mm 0.87 in
1/2"	58.8 ~ 63.7 6.0 ~ 6.5 43.4 ~ 47.0	83.4 ~ 88.3 8.5 ~ 9.0 61.5 ~ 65.1	27 mm 1.06 in
3/4"	117.7 ~ 127.5 12.0 ~ 13.0 86.8 ~ 94.0	127.5 ~ 147.1 13.0 ~ 15.0 94.0 ~ 108.5	36 mm 1.42 in
1"	137.3 ~ 147.1 14.0 ~ 15.0 101.3 ~ 108.5	147.1 ~ 166.7 15.0 ~ 17.0 108.5 ~ 123.0	41 mm 1.61 in

Metric Size Hose

Thread size (piping screw)	Torque N·m kgf·m ft·lbf
M12 × 1.5	20 ~ 30 2.0 ~ 3.1 14.75 ~ 22.13
M14 × 1.5	20 ~ 30 2.0 ~ 3.1 14.75 ~ 22.13
M16 × 1.5	30 ~ 50 3.1 ~ 5.1 22.13 ~ 36.9
M18 × 1.5	30 ~ 50 3.1 ~ 5.1 22.13 ~ 36.9
M22 × 1.5	40 ~ 60 4.1 ~ 6.1 29.5 ~ 44.25

(5) Joint bodies

Thread size (piping screw)	Tightening torque N·m kgf·m ft·lbf		Spanner size (reference)	Remarks Steel pipe (OD)	
	R (tapered thread)	G (straight thread)			
1/8"	19.6 ~ 29.4 N·m 2.0 ~ 3.0 kgf·m 14.5 ~ 21.7 ft·lbf	-	17 mm 0.67 in	When in steel pipe is in use.	8 mm 0.31 in
1/4"	36.3 ~ 44.1 3.7 ~ 4.5 26.8 ~ 32.5	W/O-ring Joint Torque 58.8 ~ 78.5 6 ~ 8 43.4 ~ 57.9	19 mm 0.75 in		12 mm 0.47 in
3/8"	39.2 ~ 49.0 4.0 ~ 5.0 28.9 ~ 36.2	W/O-ring Joint Torque 78.5 ~ 98.1 8 ~ 10 57.9 ~ 72.3	23 mm 0.91 in		15 mm 0.59 in
1/2"	49.0 ~ 68.6 5.0 ~ 7.0 36.2 ~ 50.6	W/O-ring Joint Torque 117.7 ~ 137.3 12 ~ 14 86.8 ~ 101.3	26 mm 1.02 in		16 mm 0.63 in

(6) Tightening torque table for hose clamp (Screw type)

No.	Dia. (mm)	Code No.	Tightening torque N·m kgf·m ft·lbf
1	Ø12 ~ 16	09318-89016	
2	Ø19 ~ 25	09318-89024	2.5 ~ 3.4 25 ~ 35
3	Ø31 ~ 40	09318-89039	1.84 ~ 2.51
4	Ø36 ~ 46	09318-89045	
5	Ø15 ~ 25	RC101-64580	4.9 ~ 5.9
6	Ø26 ~ 38	68311-72820	50 ~ 60 3.61 ~ 4.35
7	Ø13 ~ 20	RB101-63630	3.4 ~ 4.4 35 ~ 45 2.58 ~ 3.31
8	Ø40 ~ 55	RC411-63180	
9	Ø77 ~ 95	69284-63170	4.9 ~ 5.9
10	Ø50 ~ 60	RC401-63190	50 ~ 60
11	Ø32 ~ 44	RD411-63820	3.61 ~ 4.35
12	Ø32 ~ 51	68311-72830	

(7) Nuts for piping

			<u> </u>
Steel pipe size (O.D. × I.D. × Thickness)	Tightening torque N⋅m kgf⋅m ft⋅lbf	Spanner size (reference)	Remarks
8 × 6 × 1 mm 0.31 × 0.24 × 0.04 in	29.4 ~ 39.2 3.0 ~ 4.0 21.7 ~ 28.9	17 mm 0.67 in	
10 × 7 × 1.5 mm 0.39 × 0.28 × 0.06 in	39.2 ~ 44.1 4.0 ~ 4.5 28.9 ~ 32.5	19 mm 0.75 in	
12 × 9 × 1.5 mm 0.47 × 0.35 × 0.06 in	53.9 ~ 63.7 5.5 ~ 6.5 39.7 ~ 47.0	21 mm 0.83 in	When sleeve nut is
16 × 12 × 2 mm 0.63 × 0.47 × 0.08 in	88.3 ~ 98.1 9.0 ~ 10.0 65.1 ~ 72.3	29 mm 1.14 in	in use.
18 × 14 × 2 mm 0.71 × 0.55 × 0.08 in	127.5 ~ 137.3 13.0 ~ 14.0 94.0 ~ 101.3	32 mm 1.26 in	
27.2 × 21.6 × 2.8 mm 1.07 × 0.85 × 0.11 in	235.4 ~ 254.97 24.0 ~ 16.0 173.6 ~ 188.1	41 mm 1.61 in	

(8) Tightening torque of bolts and nuts

Refer to the tightness torque table below.

Bolts, Nuts	4T 4	7T 7	9T (9)		
	SS41	S40C, S45C	SCr4		
M6	7.8 ~ 9.3 N·m	9.8 ~ 11.3 N·m	12.3 ~ 14.2 N·m		
	0.80 ~ 0.95 kgf·m	1.00 ~ 1.15 kgf·m	1.25 ~ 1.45 kgf·m		
	5.8 ~ 6.9 ft·lbf	7.2 ~ 8.3 ft·lbf	9.0 ~ 10.5 ft·lbf		
M8	17.7 ~ 20.6 N·m	23.5 ~ 27.5 N·m	29.4 ~ 34.3 N·m		
	1.80 ~ 2.10 kgf·m	2.40 ~ 2.80 kgf·m	3.00 ~ 3.50 kgf·m		
	13.0 ~ 15.2 ft·lbf	17.4 ~ 20.3 ft·lbf	21.7 ~ 25.3 ft·lbf		
M10	39.2 ~ 45.1 N·m	48.0 ~ 55.9 N·m	60.8 ~ 70.6 N·m		
	4.00 ~ 4.60 kgf·m	4.90 ~ 5.70 kgf·m	6.20 ~ 7.20 kgf·m		
	28.9 ~ 33.3 ft·lbf	35.4 ~ 41.2 ft·lbf	44.8 ~ 52.1 ft·lbf		
M12	62.8 ~ 72.6 N·m	77.5 ~ 90.2 N·m	103.0 ∼ 117.7 N·m		
	6.40 ~ 7.40 kgf·m	7.90 ~ 9.20 kgf·m	10.50 ∼ 12.00 kgf·m		
	46.3 ~ 53.5 ft·lbf	57.1 ~ 66.5 ft·lbf	75.9∼ 86.8 ft·lbf		
M14	107.9 ~ 125.5 N·m	123.6 ~ 147.1 N·m	166.7 ~ 196.1 N·m		
	11.00 ~ 12.80 kgf·m	12.60 ~ 15.0 kgf·m	17.00 ~ 20.00 kgf·m		
	79.6 ~ 92.6 ft·lbf	91.1 ~ 108.5 ft·lbf	123.0 ~ 144.7 ft·lbf		
M16	166.7 ~ 191.2 N·m	196.1 ~ 225.6 N·m	259.9 ~ 304.0 N·m		
	17.00 ~ 19.50 kgf·m	20.00 ~ 23.00 kgf·m	26.50 ~ 31.00 kgf·m		
	123.0 ~ 141.0 ft·lbf	144.7 ~ 166.4 ft·lbf	191.7 ~ 224.2 ft·lbf		
M18	245.2 ~ 284.4 N·m	274.6 ~ 318.7 N·m	343.2~ 402.1 N·m		
	25.00 ~ 29.0 kgf·m	28.00 ~ 32.50 kgf·m	35.00 ~ 41.00 kgf·m		
	180.8 ~ 209.7 ft·lbf	202.5 ~ 235.1 ft·lbf	253.2 ~ 296.5 ft·lbf		
M20	333.4~ 392.2 N·m	367.7 ~ 431.5 N·m	519.8 ~ 568.8 N·m		
	34.00 ~ 40.00 kgf·m	37.50 ~ 44.0 kgf·m	53.00 ~ 58.00 kgf·m		
	245.9 ~ 389.3 ft·lbf	271.2 ~ 318.2 ft·lbf	383.3 ~ 419.5 ft·lbf		

(9) Types and materials of bolts and nuts

[ex. bolts]

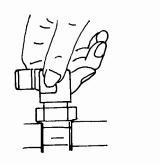
Types	Material	Tensile strength	Hardness	Bolt head marking		
4T	SS41	Over 392 MPa 4000 kgf/cm ² 56892 lbf/in ²	H _R B 62 ~ 98	4	No mark or marked 4	
7T	S40C S45C	Over 686 MPa 7000 kgf/cm ² 99561 lbf/in ²	H _R C 20 ~ 28	7	Marked 7	
9Т	SCr4	Over 882 MPa 9000 kgf/cm ² 128007 lbf/in ²	H _R C 28 ~ 34	9	Marked 9	

WSM U17-3\(\alpha\)U17-3\(\overline{U}\)U17 I. GENERAL

(10) Washer-equipped elbow

Tightening torque

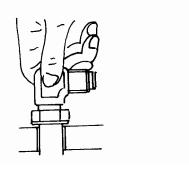
Size	N·m	kgf·m	ft·lbs
G1/4	25 ~ 30	2.5 ~ 3.0	18 ~ 22
G3/8	49 ~ 54	5.0 ~ 5.5	36 ~ 40
G1/2	59 ~ 64	6.0 ~ 6.5	43 ~ 47
G3/4 G1	118 ~ 127	12.0 ~ 13.0	87 ~ 94



Tightening procedure

- 1) Connecting with the valve
 - Screw in the elbow by hand until the washer comes into contact.

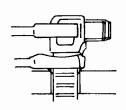
Note: Clean up the mating seal beforehand.



2) Positioning

• Turn the elbow back to its set position.

Note: Do not make any more than one turn back.



3) Fixing

- Tighten up the lock nut with a wrench.
- · Lock nut tightening torque

G1/4: 25 ~ 30 N·m (2.5 ~ 3.0 kgf·m, 18 ~ 22 ft·lbs)

G3/8: $50 \sim 55 \text{ N·m}$ (5.0 ~ 5.5 kgf·m, $36 \sim 40 \text{ ft·lbs}$)

G1/2: $60 \sim 65 \text{ N} \cdot \text{m}$ ($6.0 \sim 6.5 \text{ kgf} \cdot \text{m}$, $43 \sim 47 \text{ ft} \cdot \text{lbs}$)

G3/4: 118 ~ 127 N·m (12.0 ~ 13.0 kgf·m, 87 ~ 94 ft·lbs)

G1: 118 ~ 127 N·m (12.0 ~ 13.0 kgf·m, 87 ~ 94 ft·lbs)

(11) Adhesives

1. Thread adhesive

Types of thread adhesive	Loctite 271 or equivalent (heavy-duty) ThreeBond 1305P or equivalent (heavy-duty) ThreeBond TB1401B or equivalent (light-duty) ThreeBond 1324 (medium-duty) unless otherwise specified
--------------------------	--

^{*} No oil and water allowed on the threads.

Type of instant adhesive	ThreeBond 1733 or 1741E
* No oil and water allowed on the threads).

2. Radiator hose sealant

Sealant	ThreeBond #1208E or equivalent
---------	--------------------------------

E. MAINTENANCE INTERVALS

a. EU-version

[Operator servicing]

General maintenance	Elapsed hours of operation										
deneral maintenance	50	100	150	200	250	300	350	400	450	500	Interval
Checking the engine oil level											daily
Check hydraulic oil level											daily
Check fuel level											daily
Check coolant level											daily
Lubricate front-end attachments											daily
Checking the radiator and oil cooler											daily
Check electric cables and connections											daily
Check water separator											daily
Check V-belt											daily
Drain water from the fuel reservoir										0	500 h
Lubricate the swivel gear	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	50 h
Battery service	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	50 h
Tracks and chassis: clean, visually inspect and check tension	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	weekly (50 h)
Check nuts and bolts		0		0		0		0		0	100 h
Check, clean air filter 1.)				0				0			200 h
Grease the swivel bearing				0				0			200 h

^{1.)} Under dusty conditions the air filter must be cleaned more frequently or replaced.

[Operator servicing]

General maintenance	Elapsed hours of operation										
General maintenance	550	600	650	700	750	800	850	900	950	1000	Interval
Checking the engine oil level											daily
Check hydraulic oil level											daily
Check fuel level											daily
Check coolant level											daily
Lubricate front-end attachments											daily
Checking the radiator and oil cooler											daily
Check electric cables and connections											daily
Check water separator											daily
Check V-belt											daily
Drain water from the fuel reservoir										0	500 h
Lubricate the swivel gear	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	50 h
Battery service	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	50 h
Tracks and chassis: clean, visually inspect and check tension	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	weekly (50 h)
Check nuts and bolts		0		0		0		0		0	100 h
Check, clean air filter 1.)		0				0				0	200 h
Grease the swivel bearing		0				0				0	200 h

^{1.)} Under dusty conditions the air filter must be cleaned more frequently or replaced.