

HYDRAULIC EXCAVATOR

SHOP MANUAL

model SK 60

This is the shop manual for KOBELCO hydraulic excavator. Contained is the necessary technical data concerning the maintenance and repair of this model. The manual is divided into the following four major sections; GENERAL, SYSTEMS, COMPONENTS and PROCEDURE.

*GENERAL

LE01. SPECIFICATION

OPERATION AND CONTROLS

LE03. LOCATION AND WEIGHT OF COMPONENTS

LE04. MAINTENANCE STANDARD AND
TEST PROCEDURE

LE05. TROUBLE SHOOTING

(Refer to Operators Manual)

LE07. WORKING STANDARD

*SYSTEMS

LE11. DRIVE SYSTEM
LE12. HYDRAULIC SYSTEM
LE15. SWING SYSTEM
LE18. TRAVEL SYSTEM
LE21. ATTACHMENTS
LE20. CONTROL SYSTEM
LE23. UPPER FRAME
LE25. ELECTRICAL SYSTEM
LE26. AIR-CONDITIONER SYSTEM
LE50. ENGINE

*COMPONENTS

12. HYDRAULIC PUMP

13. CONTROL VALVE

14. OTHER VALVES

15. HYDRAULIC MOTOR

16. SWIVEL JOINT

17. HYDRAULIC CYLINDER

21. REDUCTION UNIT

*PROCEDURE

When checking or repairing the machine we suggest that you refer to this manual carefully. We hope that reference to this manual will help to maintain a high level of working efficiency and reliability. For further details on maintenance and checks refer to the "OPERATORS MANUAL" which has been supplied with the machine.

Although all data was correct at the time of printing, due to continual design changes and improvements, some contents may not conform to the actual machine. Take special care to order parts only after confirming the validity of the parts number in the "PARTS MANUAL".

If you notice any explanatory discrepancies, after consulting one of our representatives, please update your manual according to the latest data. However, in the event of any specification changes, we will issue revised edition.

INDEX



Book code No. S5LE0005E3

SAFETY

A WARNING

The proper and safe lubrication and maintenance for this machine, recommended by KOBELCO are outlined in the OPERATION & MAINTENANCE GUIDE for this machine.

Improper performance of lubrication or maintenance procedures is dangerous and could result in injury or death. Read and understand the OPERATION & MAINTENANCE GUIDE before performing any lubrication or maintenance.

The serviceman or mechanic may be unfamiliar with many of the systems on this machine. This makes it important to use caution when performing service work. A knowledge of the system and or components is important before the removal or disassembly of any component.

Because of the size of some of the machine components, the serviceman or mechanic should check the weights noted in this Manual. Use proper lifting procedures when removing any components.

Following is a list of basic precautions that should always be observed.

- 1. Read and understand all Warning plates and decals on the machine before operating, lubricating or repairing this product.
- 2. Always wear protective glasses and protective shoes when working around machines. In particular, wear protective glasses when pounding on any part of the machine or its attachments with a hammer or sledge. Use welders gloves, hood/goggles, apron and other protective clothing appropriate to the welding job being performed. Do not wear loose-fitting or torn clothing. Remove all rings from fingers when working on machinery.
- Disconnect battery and discharge any capacitors before starting to work on machine. Hang "Do Not Operate" tag in the Operator's Compartment.
- If possible, make all repairs with the machine parked on a level, hard surface. Block machine so it does not roll while working on or under machine.
- Do not work on any machine that is supported only by lift jacks or a hoist. Always use blocks or jack stands to support the machine before performing any disassembly.

A WARNING

Do not operate this machine unless you have read and understand the instructions in the OPERATOR'S MANUAL. Improper machine operation is dangerous and could result in injury or death.

- 6. Relieve all pressure in air, oil or water systems before any lines, fittings or related items are disconnected or removed. Always make sure all raised components are blocked correctly and be alert for possible pressure when disconnecting any device from a system that utilizes pressure.
- 7. Lower the bucket, blade, ripper or other implements to the ground before performing any work on the machine. If this cannot be done, make sure the bucket, blade, ripper or other implement is blocked correctly to prevent it from dropping unexpectedly.
- 8. Use steps and grab handles when mounting or dismounting a machine. Clean any mud or debris from steps, walkways or work platforms before using. Always face machine when using steps, ladders and walkways. When it is not possible to use the designed access system, provide ladders, scaffolds, or work platforms to perform safe repair operations.
- 9. To avoid back injury, use a hoist when lifting components which weigh 23 kg (50 lbs) or more. Make sure all chains, hooks, slings, etc., are in good condition and are in the correct capacity. Be sure hooks are positioned correctly. Lifting eyes are not to be side loaded during a lifting operation.
- 10. To avoid burns, be alert for hot parts on machines which have just been stopped and hot fluids in lines, tubes and compartments.
- 11. Be careful when removing cover plates. Gradually back off the last two bolts or nuts located at opposite ends of the cover or device and pry cover loose to relieve any spring or other pressure, before removing the last two bolts or nuts completely.
- 12. Be careful when removing filler caps, breathers and plugs on the machine. Hold a rag over the cap or plug to prevent being sprayed or splashed by liquids under pressure. The danger is even greater if the machine has just been stopped because fluids can be hot.

A WARNING

- 13. Always use tools that are in good condition and be sure you understand how to use them before performing any service work.
- Reinstall all fasteners with same part number.
 Do not use a lesser quality fastener if replacements are necessary.
- 15. Repairs which require welding should be performed only with the benefit of the appropriate reference information and by personnel adequately trained and knowledgeable in welding procedures. Determine type of metal being welded and select correct welding procedure and electrodes, rods or wire to provide a weld metal strength equivalent at least to that of parent metal. Always disconnect battery during welding operations to protect sensitive electric equipment.
- 16. Do not damage wiring during removal operations. Reinstall the wiring so it is not damaged nor will it be damaged in operation by contacting sharp corners, or by rubbing against some object or hot surface. Do not connect wiring to a line containing fluid.
- 17. Be sure all protective devices including guards and shields are properly installed and functioning correctly before starting a repair. If a guard or shield must be removed to perform the repair work, use extra caution.
- 18. Loose or damaged fuel, lubricant and hydraulic lines, tubes and hoses can cause fires. Do not bend or strike high pressure lines or install ones which have been bent or damaged. Inspect lines, tubes and hoses carefully. Do not check for leaks with your hands. Pin hole (very small) leaks can result in a high velocity oil stream that will be invisible close to the hose. This oil can penetrate the skin and cause personal injury. Use cardboard or paper to locate pin hole leaks.
- 19. Tighten connections to the correct torque. Make sure that all heat shields, clamps and guards are installed correctly to avoid excessive heat, vibration or rubbing against other parts during operation. Shields that protect against oil spray onto hot exhaust components in event of a line, tube or seal failure must be installed correctly.

- 20. Do not operate a machine if any rotating part is damaged or contacts any other part during operation. Any high speed rotating component that has been damaged or altered should be checked for balance before reusing.
- 21. On track-type machines, be careful when servicing or separating tracks. Chips can fly when removing or installing a track pin. Wear safety glasses and long sleeve shirts. Track can unroll very quickly when separated. Keep away from front and rear of machine. The machine can move unexpectedly when both tracks are disengaged from the sprockets. Block the machine to prevent it from moving.
- 22. Caution should be used to avoid breathing dust that may be generated when handling components containing asbestos fibers. If this dust is inhaled, it can be hazardous to your health. Components in KOBELCO products that may contain asbestos fibers are brake pads, brake band and lining assemblies, clutch plates and some gaskets. The asbestos used in these components is usually bound in a resin or sealed in some way. Normal handling is not hazardous as long as airborne dust which contains asbestos is not generated.

If dust which may contain asbestos is present, there are several common sense guidelines that should be followed.

- a. Never use compressed air for cleaning.
- b. Avoid brushing or grinding of asbestos containing materials.
- c. For clean up, use wet methods or a vacuum equipped with a high efficiency particulate air (HEPA) filter.
- d. Use exhaust ventilation on permanent machining jobs.
- e. Wear an approved respirator if there is no other way to control the dust.
- f. Comply with applicable rules and regulations for the work place.
- g. Follow environmental rules and regulations for disposal of asbestos.
- Avoid areas where asbestos particles may be in the air.

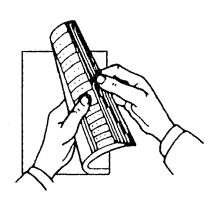
SHOP MANUAL

model SK60

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Ohow to Index each Shop Manual Section
The GENERAL of this shop manual consists of 7
headings as shown above. Each section can be
easily referred to by indexes appended to the
margin of the page as indicated on the right.
Please use the indexes for speedy reference.



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GENERAL

SK60 List of Shop Manual GENERAL Section

Index	Title		Book Code No.			
No.	1166	Distribution Year-Month				
LE01	SPECIFICATION	S5LE0105E@ 1991-12				
	OPERATION	S2LE1015E② Refer to Operators manual				
LE03	LOCATION AND WEIGHT OF COMPONENTS	S5LE0305E① 1990-11				
LE04	MAINTENANCE STANDARDS AND TEST PROCEDURES	S5LE0406E 1990-10				
LE05	TROUBLESHOOTING	S5LE0505E① 1993-2				
	PREVENTIVE MAINTENANCE	S2LE1015E@ Refer to Operators manual				
LE07	WORKING STANDARDS	S5LE0702E 1990-6				
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	Applicable Machines	LE-11001~				

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KOBELCO

SHOP MANUAL

SK 60

SPECIFICATION

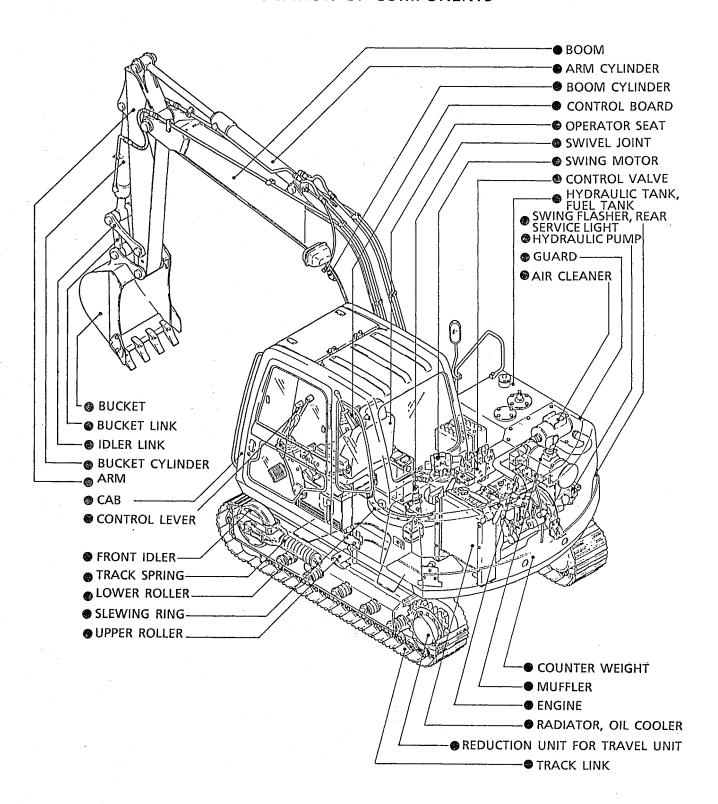
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Applicable Machines LE-11001~

Revision	Date of Issue	Remarks	
First edition	June, 1990	S5LE0105E	K
First revision	Novenber, 1990	S5LE0105E①	K
Second revision	December, 1991	S5LE0105E@	K

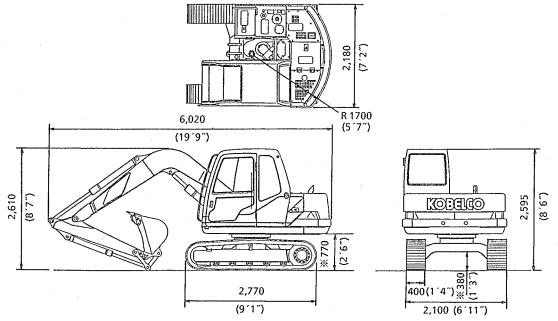
1. LOCATION OF COMPONENTS



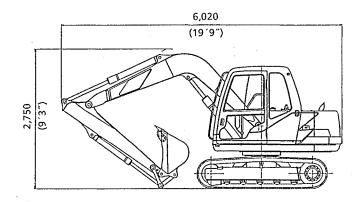
2. GENERAL DIMENSIONS

國3.7m (12ft2 in) BOOM + 1.73m (5ft 8 in) ARM-ATTACHED STANDARD MACHINE

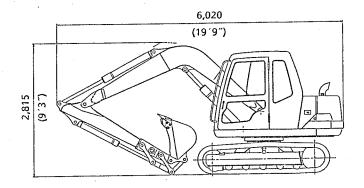
Unit:mm (ft-in)



☑ WITH 3.7m (12ft2in)BOOM + 2.15m (7ft 1in)ARM



■ 3.7m (12ft2 in) BOOM + 1.73m (5ft8in) + 0.45m (1ft6in) EXTENSION ARM



3. SPECIFICATIONS AND PERFORMANCE

SPEED AND CLIMBING ABILITY

Swing speed	13rpm
Travel speed	2-SPEED 5.5 km/h (3.4 MPH) · 1-SPEED 3.7 km/h (2.3 MPH)
Gradeabilicy	35° (70%)

M ENGINE

Model		ISUZU 4JB1	
Туре	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Water-cooled 4-cycle, direct injection type	
Number of cylinde	r – Bore × Stroke	4 - 93mm(3.66in) × 102mm(4.02in)	
Total displacement		2,771c.c. (169cuin)	
	JISD1005 Net	57ps /2,200rpm	
Rated output power/revolution	SAEJ1349 Net	40.7kw/2,200rpm	
powernevolution	DIN 6270 Net	39.8kw/2,200rpm	
	JISD1005 Net	18kgf·m / 1,800rpm	
Maximum	SAEJ1349 Net	171.6N·m / 1,800rpm	
torque/revolution	DIN 6270 Net	167.5N·m / 1,800rpm	

HYDRAULIC COMPONENTS

Hydraulic pump	Double-pump variable displacement, axial piston + gear pump		
Hydraulic motor (swing)	Axial piston motor		
Hydraulic motor (travel)	Axial piston motor		
Control valve	5 -section multiple control valve + 1-section control valve (swing)		
Cylinders (boom, arm, and bucket)	Double acting cylinder		
Return filter	Safety valve containing filter type		
Oil cooler	Air-cooled type		

WEIGHT

 Unit : kg (lbs)

 Fully-equipped weight
 6,400 (14,100)
 6,670 (14,700)

 Upper machinery
 3,170 (7,000)
 ←

 Lower machinery (with 400mm(16″) grocer shoe)
 2,190 (4,800)
 −

 (with 600mm(24″) grocer shoe)
 −
 2,460 (5,400)

 Attachment (3.7(12ft 2in) boom + 1.73m(5ft 8in) arm + 0.25m³ (0.33cu vd) bucket)
 1,040 (2,300)
 ←

4. TYPE OF SHOES

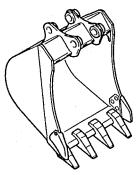
	Width of track	Overall width	Ground cor	ntact Pressure ke	gf/cm² (psi)
Shape	shoe (mm(ft-in))	of crawler (mm(ft-in))	5.T.D Arm 1.73m (5'8")	2.15m (7′1″) Arm	1.73m (5´8´´) + EXT.
Grouser(equal height)	400(16″)	2,100(6′11″)	0.34(4.83)	0.34(4.83)	0.34(4.83)
	500(20″)	2,200(7′ 3″)	0.27(3.83)	0.27(3.83)	0.28(3.98)
	600(24″)	2,300(7′ 7″)	0.23(3.27)	0.23(3.27)	0.23(3.27)
Flat					
	400(16″)	2,100(6´11″)	0.34(4.83)	0.34(4.83)	0.35(4.98)
Triangle	500/04/0	2 2004 74 7%	0.22/2.27	0.22/2.271	0.02/2.27
	600(24″)	2,300(7′ 7″)	0.23(3.27)	0.23(3.27)	0.23(3.27)
	700(27″)	2,400(7′10″)	0.20(2.84)	0.20(2.84)	0.20(2.84)

^{€ 400}mm (16") · 500mm (20") · 600mm (24") shoes, flat shoes and 600mm (24") · 700mm (27") triangle shoes come in three types, wet land, paved road and soft land. Do not use them at sites with many stones and gravels in any circumstances.

Note that if you operate such shoe-mounted machines in general civil construction work and in a dry riverbed, it will cause shoes to bend, bring about slackening of shoe bolts and damage to under frame parts (links, crawlers, etc.).

TYPE AND COMBINATION OF ATTACHMENTS 5.

TYPES OF BUCKETS HOE BUCKET



Heaped capacity m³ (cuyd)	Outside widt mm (With side cutter		No. of teeth	Presence or not of side cutter	Possibility of turnover	Weight kg (lbs)
0.1(0.13)		368(1′2″)	3	No	Yes	160(350)
0.16(0.21)	560(1′10″)	460(1′6″)	3	Yes	Yes	170(370)
0.2(0.26)	650(2′2″)	550(1′10″)	3	Yes	Yes	180(400)
0.25(0.33)	770(2′6″)	670(2´2″)	4	Yes	Yes	210(460)
0.3(0.39)		820(2′8″)	4	No	Yes	220(490)

RIPPER

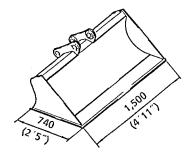
Turnover not possible Weight: 210kg (460 lbs)

SLOPE FINISHING BUCKET

Turnover not possible

Capacity: $0.2m^3$ (0.26 cuyd)

Weight: 300kg (660 lbs)



CLAMSHELL BUCKET

Capacity: 0.2m3 (0.26 cuyd)

Weight: 435kg (960 lbs)

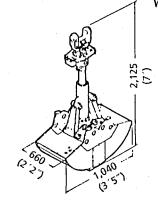
Width of opening:

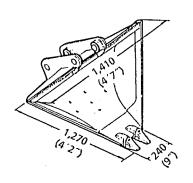
1,240mm (4ft1in)

V-BUCKET

Turnover not possible

Capacity: 0.2m3 (0.26 cuyd) Weight: 180kg (400 lbs)





COMBINATIONS OF ATTACHMENTS

	Bucke	t	Applicable arm			
Туре	JIS heaped SAE heaped J capacity capacity m³(cu yd) m³(cu yd)		JIS-SAE struck capacity m³(cu yd)	1.73m (5ft8in) arm	2.15m (7ft1in) arm	1.73m (5ft8in) arm + 0.45 m (1ft6in) extension arm
	0.1 (0.13)	0.11 (0.14)	0.09 (0.12)	0	0	0
	0.16 (0.21)	0.18 (0.24)	0.14 (0.18)	0	0	0
Hoe bucket	0.2 (0.26)	0.23 (0.3)	0.17 (0.22)	0	©	0
	0.25 (0.33)	0.28 (0.37)	0.22 (0.29)	0	Δ.	Δ
	0.3 (0.39)	0.34 (0.44)	0.26 (0.34)	Δ	×	ж
Clamshell bucket	0.2 (0.26)			0	0	×
Slope finishing bucket	Width × depth 0.74m×1.5m (2ft5in×4ft11in)			Ä	Δ	Δ
Ripper				0	ж	×
V-bucket	0.2 (0.26)	0.23 (0.3)	0.17 (0.22)	Δ	Δ	Δ
Bucket with ejector	0.1 (0.13)	0.11 (1.14)	0.09 (0.12)	0	0	0

Standard combinations

O General operation:

Digging and loading of sand, gravels and clay-mixed soil

 \triangle Light operation:

Operations mainly consisting of loading of loose sand and soil

(for instance, operations in paddy fields and loading of sand and gravels)

× Not usable:

Do not operate in such combinations as guarantee does not cover

them.



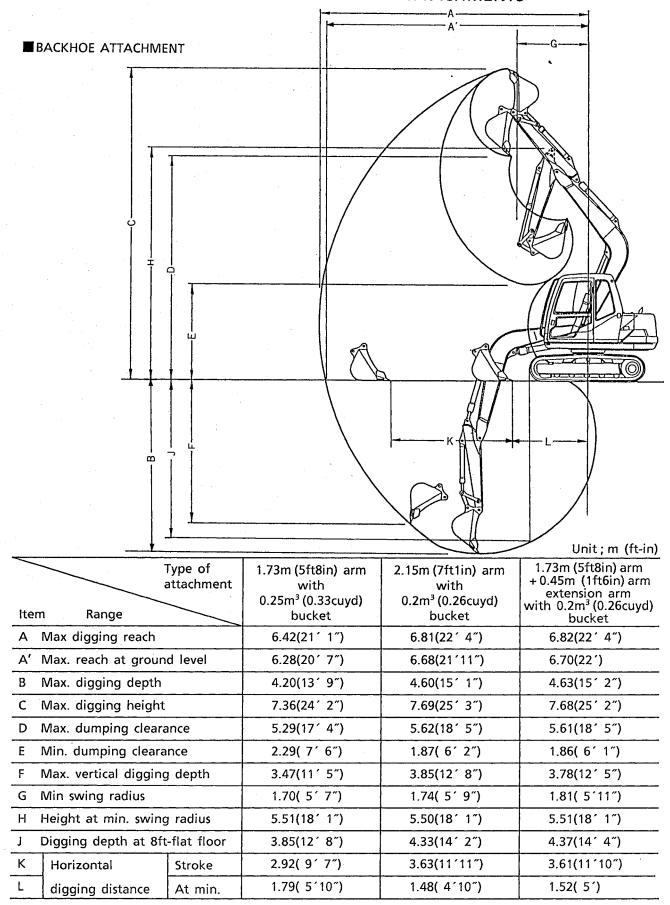
Olf a bucket other than hoe buckets is used to execute turnover operation, it will cause damage to the arm and the bucket.

The combinations other than those mentioned in the above table can not be used in principle. For details, contact us.

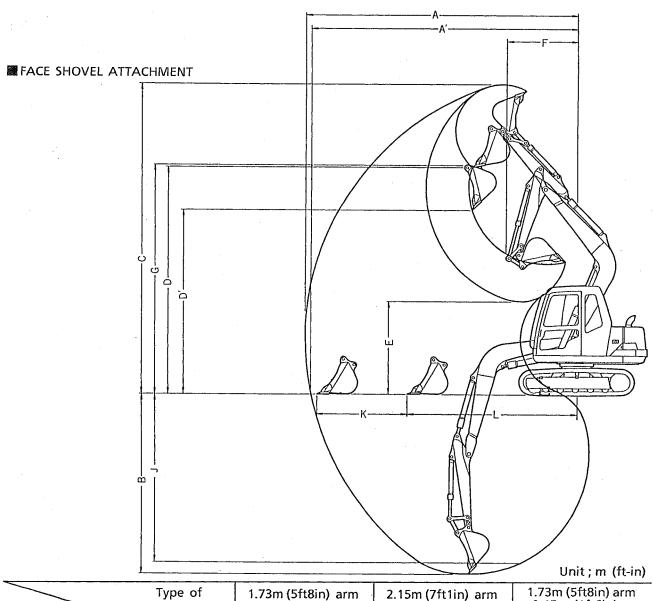
■ DIGGING FORCE

Arm + Bucket	Digging force	e ton (UK ton)
Arm + Bucket	Arm	Bucket
1.73m + 0.25m3	3.7	4.8
(5 ft 8 in + 0.33 cuyd)	(3.6)	(4.7)
2.15m + 0.2m3	3.2	4.8
(7 ft 1 in + 0.26 cuyd)	(3.1)	(4.7)
1.73m + 0.45m EXT. + 0.2m3	3.2	4.8
(5 ft 8 in + 1 ft 6 in + 0.26 cuyd)	(3.1)	(4.7)

6. WORKING RANGES OF ATTACHMENTS



The figures in this table do not include the projection of shoes (20mm (0.78in)).



lte		Type of attachment	1.73m (5ft8in) arm with 0.25m³ (0.33cuyd) bucket	2.15m (7ft1in) arm with 0.2m³ (0.26cuyd)	1.73m (5ft8in) arm + 0.45m (1ft6in) arm extension arm with 0.2m³ (0.26cuyd)
				bucket	bucket
_A	Max digging reach	· ···	6.51(21′ 4″)	6.91(22′8″)	6.92(22′8″)
Α'	Max. reach at groun	nd level	6.37(20′11″)	6.78(22′3″)	6.79(22′3″)
В	Max. digging depth		4.30(14′1″)	4.70(15′ 5″)	4.72(15′ 6″)
С	C Max. digging height		7.46(24′ 6″)	7.80(25′ 7″)	7.79(25′ 7″)
D	D Max. dumping clearance		5.46(17′11″)	5.79(19′)	5.79(191)
D'	Max. dumping clear	ance (45°)	4.42(14′ 6″)	4.58(15′)	4.53(14′10″)
Ε	Min. dumping cleara	ance	2.20(7′ 3″)	1.77(5′10″)	1.76(5′ 9″)
F	Min swing radius		1.70(5′ 7″)	1.74(5′ 9″)	1.81(5′11″)
G	Height at min. swin	g radius	5.51(18′1″)	5.50(18′)	5.51(18′ 1″)
J	Digging depth at 8f	t-flat floor	3.98(13′1″)	4.43(14′ 6″)	4.47(14′ 8″)
К	Horizontal	Stroke	2.16(7′ 1″)	2.82(9′ 3″)	2.90(9′ 6″)
L	digging discance	At min.	4.07(13′ 4″)	3.82(12′6″)	3.75(12′ 4″)

The figures in this table do not include the projection of shoes (20mm (0.78in)).

7. LIFTING-UP ABILITY DIAGRAM

(1) Calculation condition

The lifting-up ability of this drawing is indicated by metric standard. The indicated figures fall within 87% of a set pressure of the main relief valve used in the arm and the boom cylinder and 75% of static tilting load.

- 1) The load point is the fulcrum of the bucket and the bucket position is an embraced posture.
- 2) The figures on the upper stage indicate the lifting-up ability of a machine facing sideways, while the figures at the bottom stage repressent a machine facing longitudinally.
- 3) Unit: ton Shoe width: 400mm (16") shoe or 600mm (24") shoe

Calculation condition for U.K.

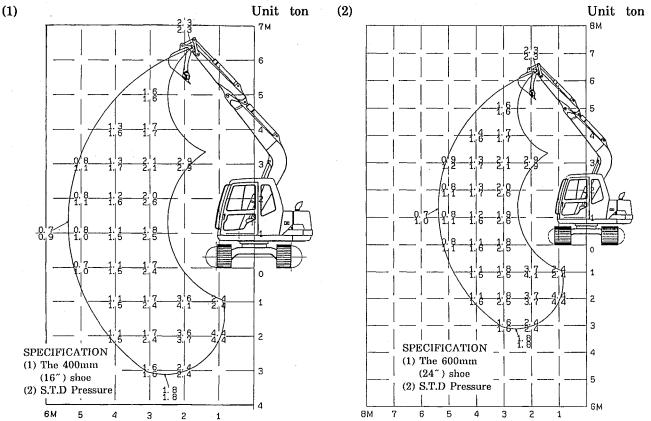
The lifting-up ability of this drawing is indicated by metric standard.

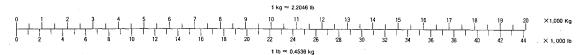
The indicated figures fall within 87% of a set pressure of the main relief valve used in the arm and the boom cylinder and 71% of static tilting load.

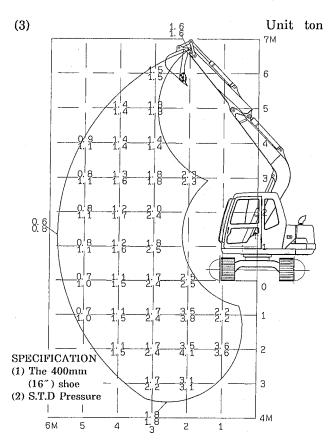
(2) Lifting-up ability diagram Item No. table

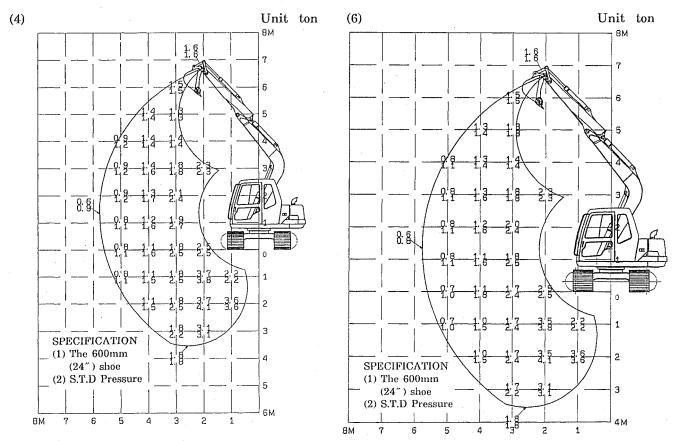
	Shoe width	Arm length (M) + bucket capacity (M ³)						
Model		1.73M +0 (5'8")+(0.3 STD	.25M ³ 3cu · yd)	2.15M (7′1″)+((LONG	+ 0.2M ³ 0.26cu · yd) For U. K		Short Loader + 0.3M ³ Short Loader + (0.39cu·yd)	
SK60	400mm (16~)	Reference	No. 1	3	_	7	9	
	600mm (24~)		2	4	6	8	10	

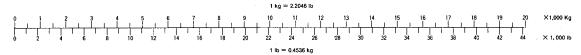


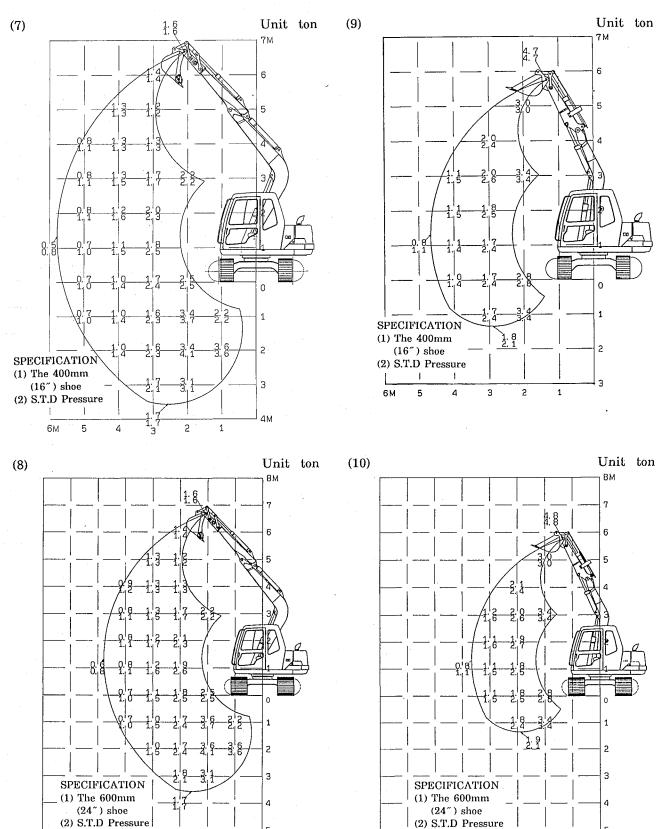












вм

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вм

6

5

5

^Ј 6м

Kobelco Sk60 Hydraulic Excavator Book Code No S5le0005e

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8. ENGINE SPECIFICATIONS

MAJOR SPECIFCATIONS

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S	K	6	n

		58.60				
Type		Isuzu Motors Limited 4JB1				
No. of sylinders-Dir	×Stroke	6-93mm×102mm (3.66 in×4.02 in)				
Total displacement		2,771cc (169 cuin)				
Compression ration		18.2				
Output rating		57PS/2,200 rpm (40.7kw/2,200 rpm)				
Max. torque		18kgf·m/1,800 rpm (171.6 N-m/1,800 rpm)				
High idling		2,470±50 rpm				
Low idling		850 ± 25 rpm				
Injection start pressu	re	185kgf/cm² (2,630psi)				
Thermostat		Before top-dead center 82°C (180°F) Full open 95°C (203°F)				
Ignition order		1-3-4-2				
Compression pressure)	30kgf/cm ² (427psi) [at 200 rpm]				
Lube oil pressure						
Fuel injection timing		17°C before the top dead point				
V-ll		Valve clearance Open Close				
Valve clearance, valve action timing	Suction valve	In cold state, in 24.5° before the cold condition 0.4mm (0.016") top dead point bottom dead point				
	Exhaust valve	In cold state, in 54° before the cold condition 0.4mm (0.016") bottom dead point dead point				
Starter capacity		3.2kw				
Generator capacity		24V (20A)				
Cooling fan drive me	thod	Ø450 (Ø18in)suction type Belt drive pulley ratio=Crank/Fan=1.117				
Engine oil volume		Engine body $7\pm1\ell$ (1.85 ±0.26 gal)				
Dry weight		237kg (522 lbs)				
Fuel consumption rat	io (rated point)	170g (0.375 lbs)/PS·h				
Allowable inclination	angle	Front · Rear · Left · Right 35°				
Engine dimension (total length×total w	ridth×total height)	751mm×610mm×781mm (30in×24in×31in)				
Rotating direction		Clockwise as seen from the fan side				
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