

HYDRAULIC EXCAVATOR

SHOP MANUAL

model

SK 220 SK 220LC

This is the shop manual for KOBELCO hydraulic excavator. Contained is the necessary technical data concerning the maintenance and repair of this model. The manual is divided into the following four major sections; GENERAL, SYSTEMS, COMPONENTS and PROCEDURE.

*GENERAL

LQ01. SPECIFICATION

LQ02. OPERATION AND CONTROLS

LO03. LOCATION AND WEIGHT OF COMPONENTS

LQ04. MAINTENANCE STANDARD AND

TEST PROCEDURE

*SYSTEMS

LO11. DRIVE SYSTEM

LQ12. HYDRAULIC SYSTEM

LQ15. SWING SYSTEM

LQ18. TRAVEL SYSTEM

LQ21. ATTACHMENTS

*COMPONENTS

12. HYDRAULIC PUMP

13. CONTROL VALVE

14. OTHER VALVES

15. HYDRAULIC MOTOR

LQ05. TROUBLE SHOOTING

LQ06. PREVENTIVE MAINTENANCE

(Refer to Operators Manual)

LQ07. WORKING STANDARD

LQ22. CONTROL SYSTEM LO23. UPPER FRAME

LO25. ELECTRICAL SYSTEM

LQ26. AIR-CONDITIONER SYSTEM

LQ50. ENGINE

16. SWIVEL JOINT

17. HYDRAULIC CYLINDER

21. REDUCTION UNIT

*PROCEDURE

When checking or repairing the machine we suggest that you refer to this manual carefully. We hope that reference to this manual will help to maintain a high level of working efficiency and reliability. For further details on maintenance and checks refer to the "OPERATORS MANUAL" which has been supplied with the machine.

Although all data was correct at the time of printing, due to continual design changes and improvements, some contents may not conform to the actual machine. Take special care to order parts only after confirming the validity of the parts number in the "PARTS MANUAL".

If you notice any explanatory discrepancies, after consulting one of our representatives, please update your manual according to the latest data. However, in the event of any specification changes, we will issue revised edition.

INDEX



Book code No. S5LQ0004E2

A WARNING

SAFETY

A WARNING

The proper and safe lubrication and maintenance for this machine, recommended by KOBELCO are outlined in the OPERATION & MAINTENANCE GUIDE for this machine.

Improper performance of lubrication or maintenance procedures is dangerous and could result in injury or death. Read and understand the OPERATION & MAINTENANCE GUIDE before performing any lubrication or maintenance.

The serviceman or mechanic may be unfamiliar with many of the systems on this machine. This makes it important to use caution when performing service work. A knowledge of the system and or components is important before the removal or disassembly of any component.

Because of the size of some of the machine components, the serviceman or mechanic should check the weights noted in this Manual. Use proper lifting procedures when removing any components.

Following is a list of basic precautions that should always be observed.

- Read and understand all Warning plates and decals on the machine before operating, lubricating or repairing this product.
- 2. Always wear protective glasses and protective shoes when working around machines. In particular, wear protective glasses when pounding on any part of the machine or its attachments with a hammer or sledge. Use welders gloves, hood/goggles, apron and other protective clothing appropriate to the welding job being performed. Do not wear loose-fitting or torn clothing. Remove all rings from fingers when working on machinery.
- 3. Disconnect battery and discharge any capacitors before starting to work on machine. Hang "Do Not Operate" tag in the Operator's Compartment.
- 4. If possible, make all repairs with the machine parked on a level, hard surface. Block machine so it does not roll while working on or under machine.
- 5. Do not work on any machine that is supported only by lift jacks or a hoist. Always use blocks or jack stands to support the machine before performing any disassembly.

A WARNING

Do not operate this machine unless you have read and understand the instructions in the OPERATOR'S MANUAL. Improper machine operation is dangerous and could result in injury or death.

- 6. Relieve all pressure in air, oil or water systems before any lines, fittings or related items are disconnected or removed. Always make sure all raised components are blocked correctly and be alert for possible pressure when disconnecting any device from a system that utilizes pressure.
- 7. Lower the bucket, blade, ripper or other implements to the ground before performing any work on the machine. If this cannot be done, make sure the bucket, blade, ripper or other implement is blocked correctly to prevent it from dropping unexpectedly.
- 8. Use steps and grab handles when mounting or dismounting a machine. Clean any mud or debris from steps, walkways or work platforms before using. Always face machine when using steps, ladders and walkways. When it is not possible to use the designed access system, provide ladders, scaffolds, or work platforms to perform safe repair operations.
- 9. To avoid back injury, use a hoist when lifting components which weigh 23 kg (50 lbs) or more. Make sure all chains, hooks, slings, etc., are in good condition and are in the correct capacity. Be sure hooks are positioned correctly. Lifting eyes are not to be side loaded during a lifting operation.
- 10. To avoid burns, be alert for hot parts on machines which have just been stopped and hot fluids in lines, tubes and compartments.
- 11. Be careful when removing cover plates. Gradually back off the last two bolts or nuts located at opposite ends of the cover or device and pry cover loose to relieve any spring or other pressure, before removing the last two bolts or nuts completely.
- 12. Be careful when removing filler caps, breathers and plugs on the machine. Hold a rag over the cap or plug to prevent being sprayed or splashed by liquids under pressure. The danger is even greater if the machine has just been stopped because fluids can be hot.

A WARNING

- 13. Always use tools that are in good condition and be sure you understand how to use them before performing any service work.
- 14. Reinstall all fasteners with same part number. Do not use a lesser quality fastener if replacements are necessary.
- 15. Repairs which require welding should be performed only with the benefit of the appropriate reference information and by personnel adequately trained and knowledgeable in welding procedures. Determine type of metal being welded and select correct welding procedure and electrodes, rods or wire to provide a weld metal strength equivalent at least to that of parent metal. Always disconnect battery during welding operations to protect sensitive electric equipment.
- 16. Do not damage wiring during removal operations. Reinstall the wiring so it is not damaged nor will it be damaged in operation by contacting sharp corners, or by rubbing against some object or hot surface. Do not connect wiring to a line containing fluid.
- 17. Be sure all protective devices including guards and shields are properly installed and functioning correctly before starting a repair. If a guard or shield must be removed to perform the repair work, use extra caution.
- 18. Loose or damaged fuel, lubricant and hydraulic lines, tubes and hoses can cause fires. Do not bend or strike high pressure lines or install ones which have been bent or damaged. Inspect lines, tubes and hoses carefully. Do not check for leaks with your hands. Pin hole (very small) leaks can result in a high velocity oil stream that will be invisible close to the hose. This oil can penetrate the skin and cause personal injury. Use cardboard or paper to locate pin hole leaks.
- 19. Tighten connections to the correct torque. Make sure that all heat shields, clamps and guards are installed correctly to avoid excessive heat, vibration or rubbing against other parts during operation. Shields that protect against oil spray onto hot exhaust components in event of a line, tube or seal failure must be installed correctly.

- 20. Do not operate a machine if any rotating part is damaged or contacts any other part during operation. Any high speed rotating component that has been damaged or altered should be checked for balance before reusing.
- 21. On track-type machines, be careful when servicing or separating tracks. Chips can fly when removing or installing a track pin. Wear safety glasses and long sleeve shirts. Track can unroll very quickly when separated. Keep away from front and rear of machine. The machine can move unexpectedly when both tracks are disengaged from the sprockets. Block the machine to prevent it from moving.
- 22. Caution should be used to avoid breathing dust that may be generated when handling components containing asbestos fibers. If this dust is inhaled, it can be hazardous to your health. Components in KOBELCO products that may contain asbestos fibers are brake pads, brake band and lining assemblies, clutch plates and some gaskets. The asbestos used in these components is usually bound in a resin or sealed in some way. Normal handling is not hazardous as long as airborne dust which contains asbestos is not generated.

If dust which may contain asbestos is present, there are several common sense guidelines that should be followed.

- a. Never use compressed air for cleaning.
- b. Avoid brushing or grinding of asbestos containing materials.
- c. For clean up, use wet methods or a vacuum equipped with a high efficiency particulate air (HEPA) filter.
- d. Use exhaust ventilation on permanent machining jobs.
- e. Wear an approved respirator if there is no other way to control the dust.
- f. Comply with applicable rules and regulations for the work place.
- g. Follow environmental rules and regulations for disposal of asbestos.
- h. Avoid areas where asbestos particles may be in the air.

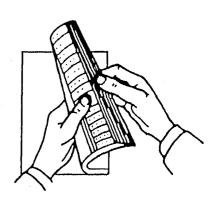
SHOP MANUAL

SK 220 model SK 220LC

TABLE OF CONTENTS

1.	SPECIFICATION	LQ01
2.	OPERATION AND CONTROLS (Refer to Operators Manual)	
3.	LOCATION AND WEIGHT OF COMPONENTS	LQO3
4.	MAINTENANCE STANDARDS AND TEST PROCEDURES······	LQ04
5.	TROUBLESHOOTING	LQ05
6.	PREVENTIVE MAINTENANCE (Refer to Operators Manual)	
7.	WORKING STANDARDS	LQ07

OHow to Index each Shop Manual Section
The GENERAL of this shop manual consists of 7
headings as shown above. Each section can be
easily referred to by indexes appended to the
margin of the page as indicated on the right.
Please use the indexes for speedy reference.



KOBELCO

GENERAL

Index Title			Book Code No.	
No.	Title	D	istribution Year-Mont	h
LQ01	SPECIFICATION	S5LQ0104E① 1991-12		
	OPERATION	S2LQ1016E Refer to Operators manual		
LQ03	LOCATION AND WEIGHT OF COMPONENTS	S5LQ0304E 1990-3		
LQ04	MAINTENANCE STANDARDS AND TEST PROCEDURES	S5LQ0405E 1990-3		
LQ05	TROUBLESHOOTING	S5LQ0504E① 1993-2		
	PREVENTIVE MAINTENANCE	S2LQ1016E Refer to Operators manual		
LQ07	WORKING STANDARDS	S5LQ0704E 1990-3		
		N-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-		
				
	Applicable Machines	LQ-2101~ L L-1801~		

Book code No.

 $\mathsf{S5}LQ01_{\mathsf{04E}} \textcircled{1}$

KOBELCO SHOP MANUAL

SK 220 SK 220LC

LQO1

SPECIFICATION

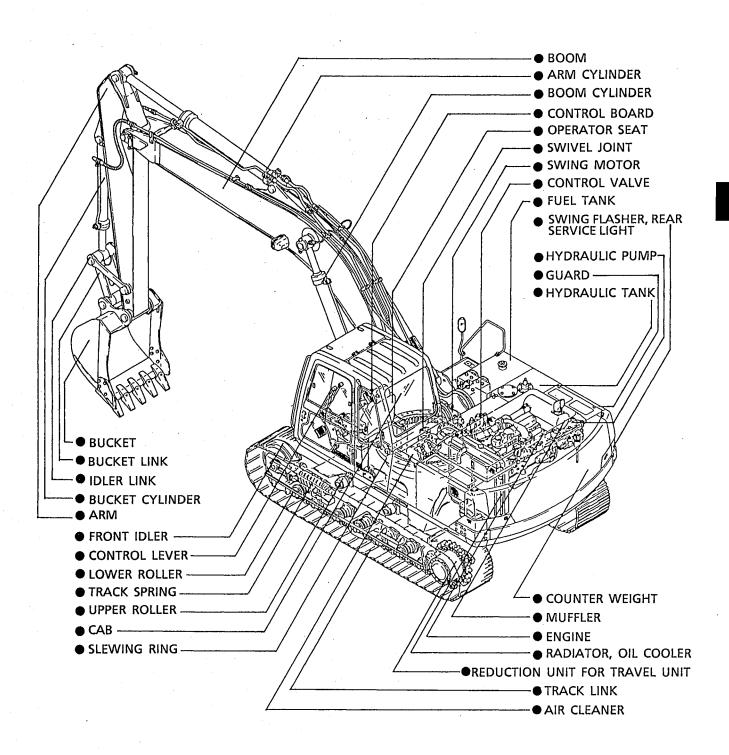
TABLE OF CONTENTS

1.	NAME OF COMPONENTS	1
2.	GENERAL DIMENSIONS	2
3.	SPECIFICATIONS AND PERFORMANCE	4
4.	TYPE OF SHOES ······	5
5.	TYPE AND COMBINATION OF ATTACHMENTS	6
6.	WORKING RANGES OF ATTACHMENTS	7
7.	LIFTING-UP ABILITY DIAGRAM ······	9
Q	ENGINE SPECIFICATIONS	14

Applicable Machines LQ-2101~ LL-1801~

Revision	Date of Issue	Remarks	
First edition	March, 1990	S5LQ0104E	K
First revision	December, 1991	S5LQ0104E①	K

1. NAME OF COMPONENTS



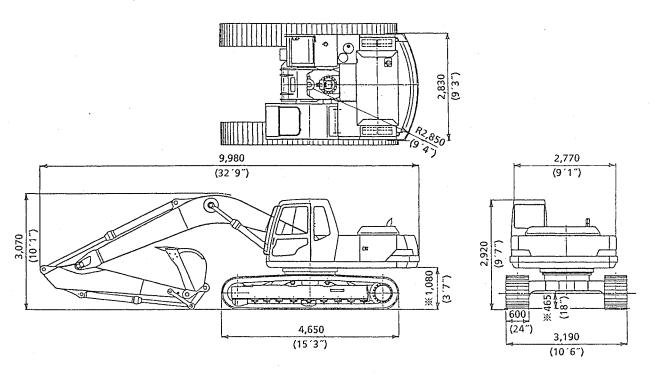
2. **GENERAL DIMENSIONS**

■ SK220 (6.02m (19ft 9in) BOOM + 2.98m (9ft 9in) ARM-ATTACHED STANDARD MACHINE)

Unit: mm (ft-in) 9,980 2,770 (32 '9") (9'1") (.../.6) 600 (24") 2,990 4,350 (9'10")

☐ SK220LC (6.02m (19ft 9in) BOOM + 2.98m (9ft 9in) ARM-ATTACHED STANDARD MACHINE)

(14'3")



SK220 (WITH 6.02m (19ft 9in) BOOM + 2.5m (8ft 2in) ARM)

Unit: mm [ft-in]

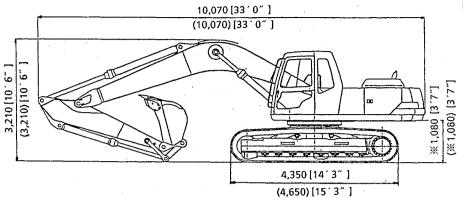
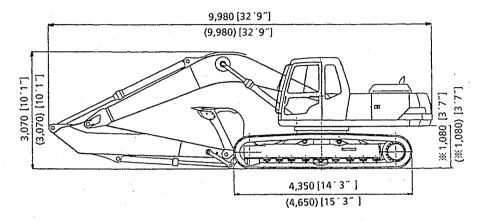


圖 SK220 (WITH 6.02m (19ft 9in) BOOM + 3.66m (12ft) ARM)



The figures marked \times in the illustration do not include the shoe embossment (26mm) [1.02"].

3. SPECIFICATIONS AND PERFORMANCE

SPEED AND CLIMBING ABILITY

ltem Model	SK220	SK220LC	
Swing speed	12rpm		
Travel speed	7/4km/h (4.3/2.5 MPH)		
Gradeability	35° (70%)		

ENGINE

Model		Mitsubishi 6 D15-T	
Туре		Water-cooled 4-cycle, direct injection type with exhaust turbo supercharger	
Number of cylinde	r-Bore×Stroke	6-113mm(4.45in) × 115mm(4.53in) 6,919c.c. (422cuin)	
Total displacement	;		
	JIS D 1005 Net	165ps/2,150rpm	
Rated output power/revolution	SAEJ 1345 Net	121kw/2,150rpm	
porterioration	DIN 6270 Net	121kw/2,150rpm	
	JIS D 1005 Net	60kgf·m / 1,600rpm	
Maximum	SAEJ 1349 Net	588N-m / 1,600rpm	
torque/revolution	DIN 6270 Net	60kgf·m / 1,600rpm	

M HYDRAULIC COMPONENTS

Hydraulic pump	Double-pump variable displacement, axial piston + gear pump	
Hydraulic motor (swing)	Axial piston motor	
Hydraulic motor (travel)	Axial piston motor	
Control valve	5 -section multiple control valve + 1-section control valve (swing)	
Cylinders (boom, arm, and bucket)	Double acting cylinder	
Return filter	Safety valve containing filter type	
Oil cooler	Air-cooled type	

WEIGHT

,500 (51,800)	
	

Unit: kg (lbs)

Fully-equipped weight	22,900 (50,500)	23,500 (51,800)
Upper machinery	9,980 (22,000)	←
Lower machinery (with 600mm (24") grocer shoe)	8,860 (19,500)	9,460 (20,900)
Attachment [6.02m(19ft 9in) boom + 2.98m (9ft 9in) arm + 0.9m ³ (0.92cuyd) bucket]	4,070 (8,970)	———

4. TYPE OF SHOES

		Width of	Overall width	Ground cont	tact Pressure	kg/cm² (psi)
Shape	Model	track shoe	1	STD, Arm 2.98M (9'8")		3.66M (12´0″) Arm
Grouser (equal height)		600 (24″)	2,990 (9′9″)	0.51 (7.25)	0.51 (7.25)	0.51 (7.25)
	SK220	700 (28″)	3,090 (10′2″)	0.44 (6.26)	0.44 (6.26)	0.45 (6.40)
	45 link	800 (32″)	3,190 (10′6″)	0.39 (5.55)	0.39 (5.55)	0.40 (5.69)
And the second	·	600 (24″)	3,190 (10′6″)	0.48 (6.83)	0.48 (6.83)	0.49 (6.97)
and the second	SK 22 0LC	700 (28″)	3,290 (10′9″)	0.41 (5.83)	0.41 (5.83)	0.42 (5.97)
	48 link	800 (32″)	3,390 (11′1″)	0.37 (5.26)	0.37 (5.26)	0.38 (5.40)

- ●700mm (28") shoes and 800mm (32") shoes come in three types, wet land, paved road and soft land. Do not use them at sites with many stones and gravels in any circumstances.
 - •Note that if you operate such shoe-mounted machines in general civil construction work and in a dry riverbed, it will cause shoes to bend, bring about slackening of shoe bolts and damage to under frame parts (links, crawlers, etc.).

■ DIGGING FORCE

	+ Bucket	Digging force ton (UK ton)			
Arm		Arm	Bucket		
2.5M (8´2″	+	1.0M ³ 1.3cuyd)	12.9/13.8 (12.7/13.6)	13.8/14.7 (13.6/14.5)	
2.98M (9*9"	+	0.9M ³ 1.5cuyd)	10.9/11.6 (10.7/11.4)	13.8/14.7 (13.6/14.5)	
3.66M (12´0″	+	0.7M ³ 0.91cuyd)	9.5 (9.3)	13.8 (13.6)	

5. TYPES OF COMBINATIONS AND ATTACHMENTS

■ TYPES OF BUCKETS

HOE	BUCKET	

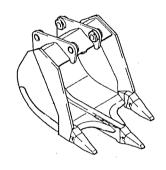
Heaped capacity m ^{3(cuyd)}	Outside wid mm	No. of	Presence or not of	Possibility	Weight	
	With side cutter	Without side cutter	teeth	side cutter	of turnover	kg (lbs)
1.2(1.57)		1,490(4′11″)	6	No	Yes	900(1,980)
1.0(1.31)	1,390(4′7″)	1,290(4′3″)	5	Yes	Yes	830(1,830)
0.9(1.18)	1,280(4′2″)	1,180(3′10″)	4	Yes	Yes	770(1,700)
0.7(0.92)	1,060(3´6″)	950(3′1″)	4	Yes	Yes	690(1,520)
× 0.9(1.18)		1,170(3′10″)	5	No	Yes	890(1,960)
	-					

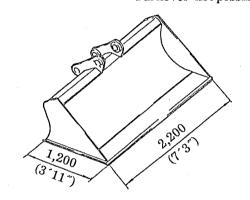
mark indicates one for heavy digging work.

RIPPER

Capacity: 0.6 m³ (0.78cuyd) Weight: 1,020kg (2,250 lbs) Turnover not possible.

SLOPE FINISHING BUCKET Weight: 1,050kg(2,300 lbs)
Turnover not possible.



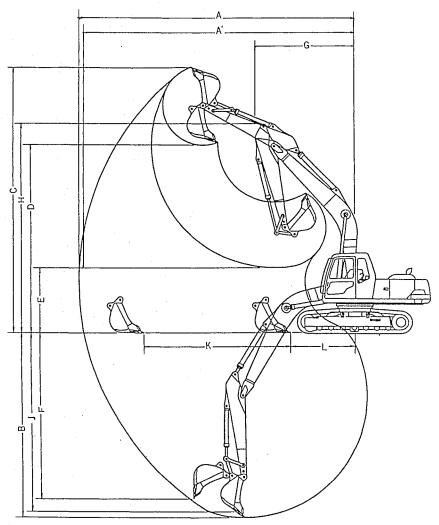


EXECUTE: COMBINATIONS OF ATTACHMENTS

	Bucke	t	Applicable arm			
Туре	JIS heaped capacity m³(cuyd)	SAE heaped capacity m³(cuyd)	JIS-SAE struck capacity m ³ (cuyd)	2.5m (8ft2in) arm	2.98m (9ft9in) arm	3.66m (12ft) arm
	0.7 (0.92)	0.81 (1.06)	0.59 (0.81)	0	0	0
	0.9 (1.18)	1.04 (1.37)	0.76 (0.98)	0	0	Δ
Hoe bucket	× 0.9 (1.18)	1.04 (1.37)	0.76 (0.98)	0	0	ж
	1.0 (1.31)	1.16 (1.52)	0.84 (1.09)	0	Δ	×
	1.2 (1.57)	1.4 (1.83)	1.0 (1.31)	Δ	×	ж
						·
Slope finishing bucket	0.76 (0.99)	·		Δ		
Ripper				0	0	×
Ripper bucket	0.6 (0.78)	0.5 (0.65)	0.38 (0.5)	0	0	×

6. WORKING RANGES OF ATTACHMENTS

■ BACKHOE ATTACHMENT SK220, SK220LC

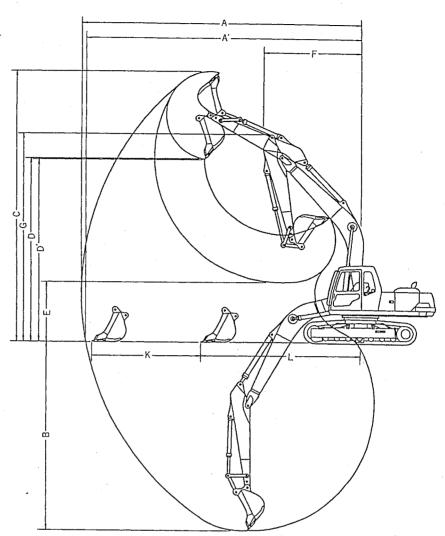


Unit; m (ft-in)

								me, m (re-m)
		Type of	2.5m (8	ft2in) arm	2.98m (9	9ft9in) arm	3.66m	(12ft) arm
		attachment	with 1.0n	n³ (1.31cuyd)	with 0.9n	n³ (1.18cuyd)	with 0.7n	n³ (0.92cuyd)
Ite	n Range		bı	ucket	bu	ucket	bı	ıcket
Α	A max digging reach	า	9.85	(32´4″)	10.31	(33′10″)	10.91	(35′10″)
A'	Max. reach at groun	d level	9.66	(31′8″)	10.13	(33′3″)	10.74	(35′3″)
В	Max. digging depth		6.52	(21′5″)	7.00	(22′12″)	7.68	(25′2″)
С	Max. digging height		9.44	(30′12″)	9.72	(31′11″)	9.92	(32′7″)
D	Max. dumping clear	ance	6.58	(21′7″)	6.83	(22′5″)	7.05	(23′2″)
Е	Min. dumping cleara	ince	3.03	(9′11″)	2.55	(8'4")	1.87	(6'2")
F	Vertical digging dep	th	5.31	(17′5″)	6.04	(19′10″)	6.58	(21′7″)
G	Min swing radius		4.06	(13'4")	4.00	(13′1″)	4.01	(13′2″)
Н	Height at min. swing	g radius	8.04	(26′5″)	7.95	(26′1″)	7.94	(26′1″)
J	Digging depth at 8ft	t-flat floor	6.30	(20′8″)	6.81	(22′4″)	7.48	(24′6″)
K	Horizontal	Stroke	4.17	(13′8″)	5.27	(17′3″)	6.48	(21′3″)
L	digging distance	At min.	3.22	(10′7″)	2.58	(8′6″)	1.97	(6′6″)

The figures in this table do not include the projection of shoes (26mm (1.02in)).

■ FACE SHOVEL ATTACHMENT SK220, SK220LC



Unit; m (ft-in)

-		·····						((
		Type of attachment	2.5m (8	ft2in) arm	2.98m (9	9ft9in) arm	3.66m	(12ft) arm
		attacriment	with 1.0r	n ³ (1.31cuyd)	with 0.9r	n ³ (1.18cuyd)	with 0.7r	n³ (0.92cuyd)
lte	m Range		bı	ucket	bı	ucket	bı	ucket
Α	A max digging reac	h	10.03	(32′11″)	10.49	(34′5″)	11.09	(36′5″)
A'	Max. reach at grour	nd level	9.85	(32′4″)	10.32	(33′10″)	10.93	(35′10″)
В	Max. digging depth		6.70	(21′12″)	7.18	(23′7″)	7.86	(25′9″)
С	Max. digging height		9.80	(32'2")	10.05	(32′12″)	10.26	(33′8″)
D	Max. dumping clear	ance	6.47	(21′3″)	6.75	(22´2″)	6.95	(22′10″)
D'	Max. dumping clear	ance (45°)	6.13	(20′1″)	6.13	(20′1″)	6.30	(20′8″)
E	Min. dumping clear	nce	2.84	(9'4")	2.36	(7′9″)	1.68	(5′6″)
F	Min swing radius		4.06	(13'4")	4.00	(13'1")	4.01	(13'2")
G	Height at min. swin	g radius	8.04	(26′5″)	7.95	(26′1″)	7.94	(26′)
K	Horizontal	Stroke	3.39	(11'1")	4.26	(13′12″)	5.40	(17′9″)
L	digging discance	At min.	6.26	(20′6″)	5.86	(19′3″)	5.32	(17′5″)

The figures in this table do not include the projection of shoes (26mm (1.02in)).

7. LIFTING-UP ABILITY DIAGRAM

(1) Calculation condition

The lifting-up ability of this drawing is indicated by metric standard. The indicated figures fall within 87% of a set pressure of the main relief valve used in the arm and the boom cylinder and 75% of static tilting load.

- 1) The load point is the fulcrum of the bucket and the bucket position is an embraced posture.
- 2) The figures on the upper stage indicate the lifting-up ability of a machine facing sideways, while the figures at the bottom stage repressent a machine facing longitudinally.
- 3) Unit: ton Shoe width: 600mm (24") shoe

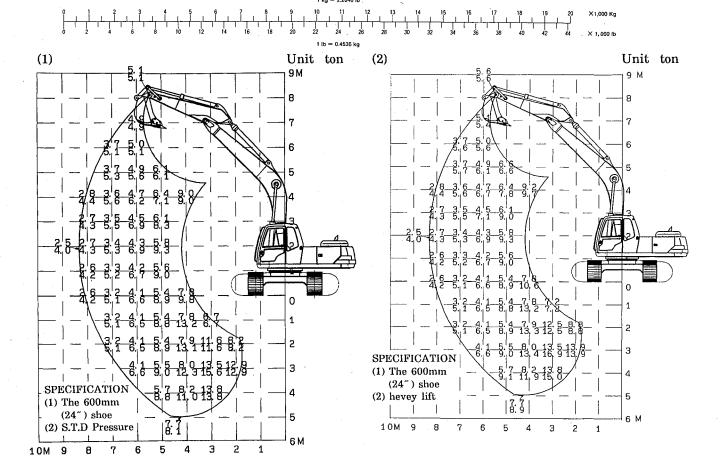
Calculation condition for U.K.

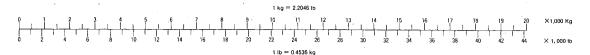
The lifting-up ability of this drawing is indicated by metric standard.

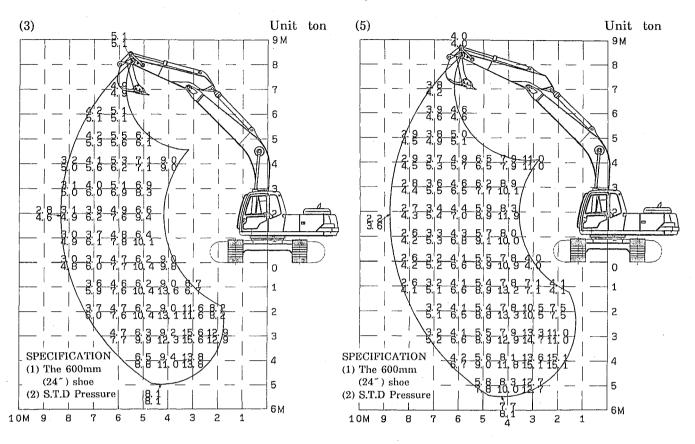
The indicated figures fall within 87% of a set pressure of the main relief valve used in the arm and the boom cylinder and 71% of static tilting load.

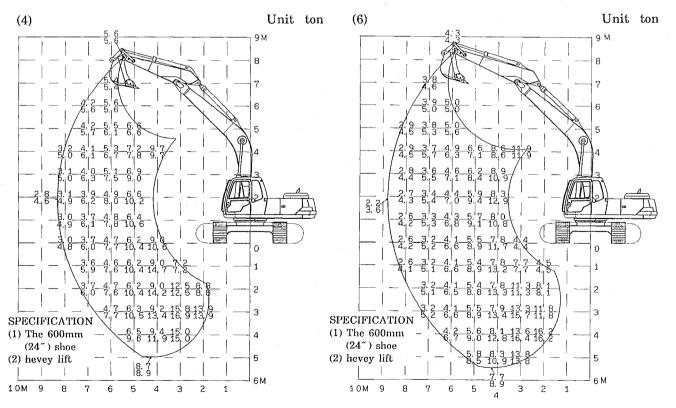
(2) Lifting-up ability diagram Item No. table

	Pressure	Arm length (M) + bucket capacity (M ³)							
Model	kgf/cm² (psi)	2.5M +1.0M ³ (8´2")+(1.31cu·yd) (Short)	2.98M (9´9″)+(1 STD	+0.9M ³ 1.18cu·yd) For U. K	3.66M + 0.7 (12´)+(0.92cu·yd) (Long)				
SK220	300 (4270)	Item No. 1	5	9	13				
	Heavy 335 lift (4760)	2	6	10	14				
SK220 LC	300 (4270)	3	7	11	15				
	Heavy 335 lift (4760)	4	8	12	16				

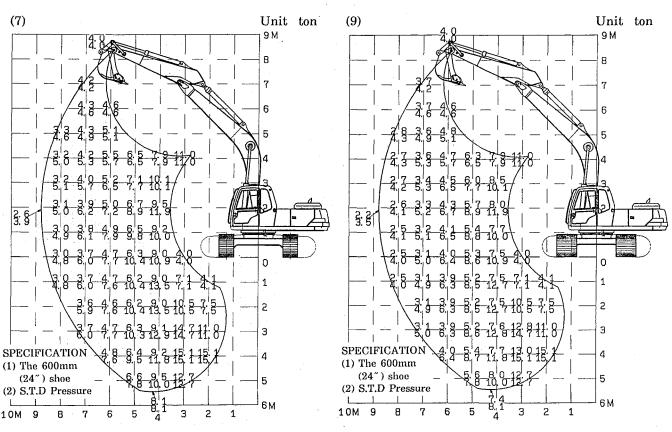


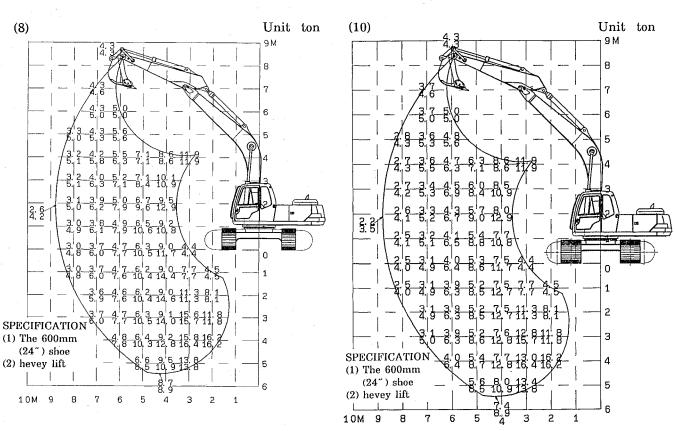












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