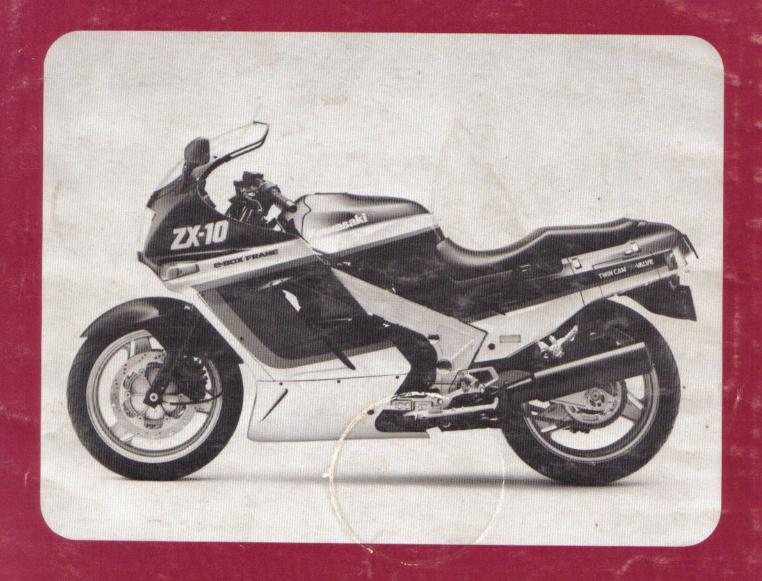
Full download: http://manualplace.com/download/kawasaki-minja-zx-10-88-90-service-manua



# NinjaZX-10 ZX-10



Motorcycle Service Manual

#### MODEL APPLICATION

Year	Model	Beginning Frame No.
1988	ZX1000-B1	JKAZXCB1□JA000001 or ZXT00B-000001 or 012452
1989	ZX1000-B2	JKAZXCB1□KA012001 or 017001 or ZXT00B-012001 or 017001
1990	ZX1000-B3	JKAZXCB1□LA028001 or ZXT00B-028001

☐: This digit in the frame number changes from one machine to another.

KAWASAKI HEAVY INDUSTRIES, LTD. CONSUMER PRODUCTS & COMPONENTS GROUP

Part No. 99924-1098-02

## **Quick Reference Guide**

General Information	1
Fuel System	2
Cooling System	3
Engine Top End	4
Clutch	5
Engine Lubrication System	6
Engine Removal/Installation	7
Crankshaft/Transmission	8
Wheels/Tires	9
Final Drive	10
Brakes	11
Suspension	12
Steering	13
Frame	14
Electrical System	15
Appendix	16

This quick reference guide will assist you in locating a desired topic or procedure.

- •Bend the pages back to match the black tab of the desired chapter number with the black tab on the edge at each table of contents page.
- Refer to the sectional table of contents for the exact pages to locate the specific topic required.



## NinjaZX-10 ZX-10

# Motorcycle Service Manual

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No liability can be accepted for any inaccuracies or omissions in this publication, although every possible care has been taken to make it as complete and accurate as possible.

The right is reserved to make changes at any time without prior notice and without incurring an obligation to make such changes to products manufactured previously. See your Motorcycle dealer for the latest information on product improvements incorporated after this publication.

All information contained in this publication is based on the latest product information available at the time of publication. Illustrations and photographs in this publication are intended for reference use only and may not depict actual model component parts.

#### LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS

Α	ampere(s)	lb	pound(s)
ABDC	after bottom dead center	m	meter(s)
AC	alternating current	min	minute(s)
ATDC	after top dead center	N	newton(s)
BBDC	before bottom dead center	Pa	pascal(s)
BDC	bottom dead center	PS	horsepower
BTDC	before top dead center	psi	pound(s) per square inch
°C	degree(s) Celcius	r	revolution
DC	direct current	rpm	revolution(s) per minute
F	farad(s)	TDC	top dead center
°F	degree(s) Fahrenheit	TIR	total indicator reading
ft	foot, feet	V	volt(s)
g	gram(s)	W	watt(s)
h	hour(s)	Ω	ohm(s)
L	liter(s)		



WARNING CONTAINS ASBESTOS

Breathing asbestos dust is dangerous to health

Follow safety instructions

This warning may apply to any of the following components or any assembly containing one or more of these components:—

Brake Shoes or Pads Clutch Friction Material Gaskets Insulators

#### SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

- Operate if possible out of doors or in a well ventilated place.
- •Preferably use hand tools or low speed tools equipped, if necessary, with an appropriate dust extraction facility. If high speed tools are used, they should always be so equipped.
- •If possible, dampen before cutting or drilling.
- Dampen dust and place it in properly closed receptacle and dispose of it safely.

## Read OWNER'S MANUAL before operating

#### **EMISSION CONTROL INFORMATION**

To protect the environment in which we all live, Kawasaki has incorporated crankcase emission (1) and exhaust emission (2) control systems in compliance with applicable regulations of the United States Environmental Protection Agency and California Air Resources Board. Additionally, Kawasaki has incorporated an evaporative emission control system (3) in compliance with applicable regulations of the California Air Resources Board on vehicles sold in California only.

1. Crankcase Emission Control System

This system eliminates the release of crankcase vapors into the atmosphere. Instead, the vapors are routed through an oil separator to the intake side of the engine. While the engine is operating, the vapors are drawn into combustion chamber, where they are burned along with the fuel and air supplied by the carburetion system.

2. Exhaust Emission Control System

This system reduces the amount of pollutants discharged into the atmosphere by the exhaust of this motorcycle. The fuel and ignition systems of this motorcycle have been carefully designed and constructed to ensure an efficient engine with low exhaust pollutant levels.

3. Evaporative Emission Control System

Vapors caused by fuel evaporation in the fuel system are not vented into the atmosphere. Instead, fuel vapors are routed into the running engine to be burned, or stored in a canister when the engine is stopped. Liquid fuel is caught by a vapor separator and returned to the fuel tank.

The Clean Air Act, which is the Federal law covering motor vehicle pollution, contains what is commonly referred to as the Act's "tampering provisions."

"Sec. 203(a) The following acts and the causing thereof are prohibited...

(3)(A) for any person to remove or render inoperative any device or element of design installed on or in a motor vehicle or motor vehicle engine in compliance with regulations under this title prior to its sale and delivery to the ultimate purchaser, or for any manufacturer or dealer knowingly to remove or render inoperative any such device or element of design after such sale and delivery to the ultimate purchaser.

(3)(B) for any person engaged in the business of repairing, servicing, selling, leasing, or trading motor vehicles or motor vehicle engines, or who operates a fleet of motor vehicles knowingly to remove or render inoperative any device or element of design installed on or in a motor vehicle or motor vehicle engine in compliance with regulations under this title following its sale and delivery to the ultimate purchaser..."

(Continued on next page.)

#### NOTE

- The phrase "remove or render inoperative any device or element of design" has been generally interpreted as follows:
  - 1. Tampering does not include the temporary or rendering inoperative of devices or elements of design in order to perform maintenance.
  - 2. Tampering could include:
    - a. Maladjustment of vehicle components such that the emission standards are exceeded.
    - b. Use of replacement parts or accessories which adversely affect the performance or durability of the motorcycle.
    - c. Addition of components or accessories that result in the vehicle exceeding the standards.
    - d. Permanently removing, disconnecting, or rendering inoperative any component or element of design of the emission control systems.

WE RECOMMEND THAT ALL DEALERS OBSERVE THESE PROVISIONS OF FEDERAL LAW, THE VIOLATION OF WHICH IS PUNISHABLE BY CIVIL PENALTIES NOT EXCEEDING \$10,000 PER VIOLATION.

#### TAMPERING WITH NOISE CONTROL SYSTEM PROHIBITED

Federal law prohibits the following acts or the causing thereof: (1) The removal or rendering inoperative by any person other than for purposes of maintenance, repair, or replacement, of any device or element of design incorporated into any new vehicle for the purpose of noise control prior to its sale or delivery to the ultimate purchaser or while it is in use, or (2) the use of the vehicle after such device or element of design has been removed or rendered inoperative by any person.

Among those acts presumed to constitute tampering are the acts listed below:

- Replacement of the original exhaust system or muffler with a component not in compliance with Federal regulations.
- •Removal of the muffler(s) or any internal portion of the muffler(s).
- Remove of the air box or air box cover.
- Modifications to the muffler(s) or air intake system by cutting, drilling, or other means
  if such modifications result in increased noise levels.

### Foreword

This manual is designed primarily for use by trained mechanics in a properly equipped shop. However, it contains enough detail and basic information to make it useful to the owner who desires to perform his own basic maintenance and repair work. A basic knowledge of mechanics, the proper use of tools, and workshop procedures must be understood in order to carry out maintenance and repair satisfactorily. Whenever the owner has insufficient experience or doubts his ability to do the work, all adjustments, maintenance, and repair should be carried out only by qualified mechanics.

In order to perform the work efficiently and to avoid costly mistakes, read the text, thoroughly familiarize yourself with the procedures before starting work, and then do the work carefully in a clean area. Whenever special tools or equipment are specified, do not use makeshift tools or equipment. Precision measurements can only be made if the proper instruments are used, and the use of substitute tools may adversely affect safe operation.

For the duration of your warranty period, especially, we recommend that all repairs and scheduled maintenance be performed in accordance with this service manual. Any owner maintenance or repair procedure not performed in accordance with this manual may void the warranty.

To get the longest life out of your Motorcycle:

- Follow the Periodic Maintenance Chart in the Service Manual.
- Be alert for problems and non-scheduled maintenance.
- Use proper tools and genuine Kawasaki Motorcycle parts. Special tools, gauges, and testers that are necessary when servicing Kawasaki motorcycles are introduced by the Special Tool Manual. Genuine parts provided as spare parts are listed in the Parts Catalog.
- Follow the procedures in this manual carefully. Don't take shortcuts.
- Remember to keep complete records of maintenance and repair with dates and any new parts installed.

#### How to Use this Manual

In preparing this manual, we divided the product into its major systems. These systems became the manual's chapters. All information for a particular system from adjustment through disassembly and inspection is located in a single chapter.

The Quick Reference Guide shows you all of the product's system and assists in locating their chapters. Each chapter in turn has its own comprehensive Table of Contents.

The Periodic Maintenance Chart is located in the General Information chapter. The chart gives a time schedule for required maintenance operations.

If you want spark plug information, for example, go to the Periodic Maintenance Chart first. The chart tells you how frequently to clean and gap the plug. Next, use the Quick Reference Guide to locate the Electrical System chapter. Then, use the Table of Contents on the first page of the chapter to find the Spark Plug section.

Whenever you see these WARNING and CAUTION symbols, heed their instructions! Always follow safe operating and maintenance practices.

#### WARNING

This warning symbol identifies special instructions or procedures which, if not correctly followed, could result in personal injury, or loss of life.

#### CAUTION

• This caution symbol identifies special instructions or procedures which, if not strictly observed, could result in damage to or destruction of equipment.

This manual contains five more symbols (in addition to WARNING and CAUTION) which will help you distinguish different types of information.

#### NOTE

This note symbol indicates points of particular interest for more efficient and convenient operation.

- Indicates a procedural step or work to be done.
- Indicates a procedural sub-step or how to do the work of the procedural step it follows. It also precedes the text of a WARNING, CAUTION, or NOTE.
- \*Indicates a conditional step or what action to take based on the results of the test or inspection in the procedural step or sub-step it follows.
- \*Indicates a conditional sub-step or what action to take based upon the results of the conditional step it follows.

In most chapters an exploded view illustration of the system components follows the Table of Contents. In these illustrations you will find the instructions indicating which parts require specified tightening torque, oil, grease or a locking agent during assembly.

## **General Information**

#### **Table of Contents**

Before Servicing and was an entered with points.	1-2	
Model Identification	1-4	
General Specifications	1-5	
Periodic Maintenance Chart	1-8	
Torque and Locking Agent	1-10	
Cable, Wire and Hose Routing	1-14	

#### 1-2 GENERAL INFORMATION

## Before Servicing

Before starting to service a motorcycle, careful reading of the applicable section is recommended to eliminate unnecessary work. Photographs, diagrams, notes, cautions, warnings, and detailed descriptions have been included wherever necessary. Nevertheless, even a detailed account has limitations, a certain amount of basic knowledge is also required for successful work.

#### Especially note the following:

(1) Dirt

Before removal and disassembly, clean the motorcycle. Any dirt entering the engine or other parts will work as an abrasive and shorten the life of the motorcycle. For the same reason, before installing a new part, clean off any dust or metal filings.

(2) Battery Ground

Remove the ground (-) lead from the battery before performing any disassembly operations on the motorcycle. This prevents:

- (a) the possibility of accidentally turning the engine over while partially disassembled.
- (b) sparks at electrical connections which will occur when they are disconnected.
- (c) damage to electrical parts.

(3) Tightening Sequence

Generally, when installing a part with several bolts, nuts, or screws, they should all be started in their holes and tightened to a snug fit. Then tighten them evenly in a cross pattern. This is to avoid distortion of the part and/or causing gas or oil leakage. Conversely when loosening the bolts, nuts, or screws, first loosen all of them by about a quarter of turn and then remove them.

Where there is a tightening sequence indication in this Service Manual, the bolts, nuts, or screws must be tightened in the order and method indicated.

(4) Torque

The torque values given in this Service Manual should always be adhered to. Either too little or too much torque may lead to serious damage. Use a good quality, reliable torque wrench.

(5) Force

Common sense should dictate how much force is necessary in assembly and disassembly. If a part seems especially difficult to remove or install, stop and examine what may be causing the problem. Whenever tapping is necessary, tap lightly using a wooden or plastic faced mallet. Use an impact driver for screws (particularly for the removal of screws held by a locking agent) in order to avoid damaging the screw heads.

(6) Edges

Watch for sharp edges, especially during major engine disassembly and assembly. Protect your hands with gloves or a piece of thick cloth when lifting the engine or turning it over.

(7) High Flash-point Solvent

A high flash-point solvent is recommended to reduce fire danger. A commercial solvent commonly available in North America is Stoddard solvent (generic name). Always follow manufacturer and container directions regarding the use of any solvent.

(8) Gasket, O-ring

Do not reuse a gasket or O-ring once it has been in service. The mating surfaces around the gasket should be free of foreign matter and perfectly smooth to avoid oil or compression leaks.

(9) Liquid Gasket, Non-permanent Locking Agent

Follow manufacturer's directions for cleaning and preparing surfaces where these compounds will be used. Apply sparingly. Excessive amounts may block engine oil passages and cause serious damage. An example of a non-permanent locking agent commonly available in North America is Loctite Lock'n Seal (Blue).

(10) Press

A part installed using a press or driver, such as a wheel bearing, should first be coated with oil on its outer or inner circumference so that it will go into place smoothly.

(11) Ball Bearing

When installing a ball bearing, the bearing race which is affected by friction should be pushed by a suitable driver. This prevents severe stress on the balls and races, and prevents races and balls from being dented. Press a ball bearing until it stops at the stop in the hole or on the shaft.

#### (12) Oil Seal and Grease Seal

Replace any oil or grease seals that were removed with new ones, as removal generally damages seals.

When pressing in a seal which has manufacturer's marks, press it in with the marks facing out. Seals should be pressed into place using a suitable driver, which contacts evenly with the side of seal, until the face of the seal is even with the end of the hole.

#### (13) Seal Guide

A seal guide is required for certain oil or grease seals during installation to avoid damage to the seal lips. Before a shaft passes through a seal, apply a little oil, preferably high temperature grease on the lips to reduce rubber to metal friction.

#### (14) Circlip, Retaining Ring

Replace any circlips and retaining rings that were removed with new ones, as removal weakens and deforms them. When installing circlips and retaining rings, take care to compress or expand them only enough to install them and no more.

#### (15) Lubrication

Engine wear is generally at its maximum while the engine is warming up and before all the rubbing surfaces have an adequate lubricative film. During assembly, oil or grease (whichever is more suitable) should be applied to any rubbing surface which has lost its lubricative film. Old grease and dirty oil should be cleaned off. Deteriorated grease has lost its lubricative quality and may contain abrasive foreign particles.

Don't use just any oil or grease. Some oils and greases in particular should be used only in certain applications and may be harmful if used in an application for which they are not intended. This manual makes reference to molybdenum disulfide grease (MoS<sub>2</sub>) in the assembly of certain engine and chassis parts. Always check manufacturer recommendations before using such special lubricants.

#### (16) Electrical Wires

All the electrical wires are either single-color or two-color and, with only a few exceptions, must be connected to wires of the same color. On any of the two-color wires there is a greater amount of one color and a lesser amount of a second color, so a two-color wire is identified by first the primary color and then the secondary color. For example, a yellow wire with thin red stripes is referred to as a "yellow/red" wire; it would be a "red/yellow" wire if the colors were reversed to make red the main color.

Wire (cross-section)	Name of Wire Color
Red Wire strands Yellow Red	Yellow/red

#### (17) Replacement Parts

When there is a replacement instruction, replace these parts with new ones every time they are removed. These replacement parts will be damaged or lose their original function once removed.

#### (18) Inspection

When parts have been disassembled, visually inspect these parts for the following conditions or other damage. If there is any doubt as to the condition of them, replace them with new ones.

Abrasion	Crack	Hardening	Warp
Bent	Dent	Scratch	Wear
Color change	Deterioration	Seizure	

#### (19) Service Data

Numbers of service data in this text have following meanings:

<sup>&</sup>quot;Standards": Show dimensions or performances which brand-new parts or systems have. "Service limits": Indicate the usable limits. If the measurement shows excessive wear or deteriorated performance, replace the damaged parts.

#### 1-4 GENERAL INFORMATION

......

Model Identification

ZX1000-B1



ZX1000-B2



ZX1000-B3



## General Specifications

.....

tem	ZX1000-B1/B2	ZX1000-B3
Dimensions:	Injure 203 Co-Date -	EX 1000 BS
Overall length	2 170 mm, @ N S W 2 200 mm	
Overall width	715 mm	<del></del>
Overall height	1 240 mm	←
Wheelbase		<b>←</b>
Road clearance	1 490 mm	<b>←</b>
	125 mm 0 // 3 3980 MON	Soath play with the
Seat height	790 mm > 21/4 (A3)(1)(A)(1)	<b>←</b>
Dry weight	222 kg, (a) 222.5 kg	Cylinder number ing m
Curb weight: Front	126 kg, (ca) 126.5 kg	←
Rear	128 kg	Carried as special impage flags as
Fuel tank capacity	22.0 L	Valve timing.
erformance:	20° BTDC	V3(1)
Climbing ability	30°08A '08 (3) DOSA '88	<b>←</b>
Braking distance	12 Em from EO km/h	<del></del>
Minimum turning radius	31 m	
ngine:		Climbing ability
•	Close - I mescratique (Galan A TDE	
Type	4-stroke, DOHC, 4-cylinder	<del></del>
Cooling system	Liquiu-cooleu	<del></del>
Bore and stroke	74.0 x 58.0 mm	CONTRACTOR OF THE
Displacement	997 mL	← Mic ampai
Compression ratio	11.0, 🕞 10.2	ensi()
Maximum horsepower	Max: 101 kW (137 PS) @10 000 r/min (rpm),	<
	AS Sw 73.6 kW (100 PS) @8 800 r/min (rpm),	← (sw) 65.5 kW (89 PS)
	404	@9 000 r/min (rpm),
	(ISO4106),	. misrT aviv
	\$ 53.0 kW (72 PS) @6 000 r/min (rpm),	Primary reduction systems
		the same of the sa
	(W) 73.0 KW (100 F3) @0 000 I/IIIIII (IPIII)(DIN),	
	€ 75 1 kW / \ €0 000 -/-:- / \ (UTA 0/0	r/min (rpm)(DIN),
	F 75.1 kW () @8 800 r/min (rpm) (UTAC'S norm)	Curch type
	to spirit general mess, intu-	© 99.3 kW (135 PS) @10 000
	printed interest attendentation for the state of	r/min (rpm)
Maximum torque	103 N-m (10.5 kg-n, 76 ft-lb) @9 000 r/min (rpm),	(201151 1891)
	§ 85 N-m (8.7 kg-m, 63 ft-lb) @6 000 r/min (rpm),	← tims
	AS Sw 89 N-m (9.1 kg-m, 66 ft-lb) @6 800 r/min	← (\$w) 82 N-m (8.4 kg-m, 61
	(rpm),	ft-lb) @6 000 r/min (rpm).
	FUK —	← (15) CO 000 1/11111 (15111),
A Communication	@ 89 N-m (9.1 kg-m, 66 ft-lb) @6 800 r/min (rpm)	@ 85 N-m (8.7 kg-m, 63 ft-lb)
The section designed	(NID) (25/25) (NID)	@6 500 r/min (rpm)(DIN),
		© 102 N-m (10.4 kg-m, 75 ft-lb)
A MARCHINE		@9 000 r/min (rpm)
Carburetor system	Carburetors, Keihin CVKD36 x 4	_
Starting system	Electric starter	Particle on ratio
Ignition system	Dettern and sail (transists to 1)	
. 3	battery and coll (transistorized)	Charan gran men

#### 1-6 GENERAL INFORMATION

tems		ZX1000-B1/B2/B3	anditabalibade 11					
Timing advance		Electronically advanced						
Ignition timing 28 8881XX		From 10° BTDC @1 000 r/min (rpm) to						
		35° BTDC @7 500 r/min (rpm)						
		S From 10° BTDC @1 200 r/	min (rpm)					
		to 35° BTDC @7 500 r/min	of the same state of the					
		mill UPX I	ropisa natawa sandin ak					
Spark plug		NGK CR9E or ND U27ESR-N						
		WALLSA NGK C9E or NE						
Cylinder numbering method		Left to right, 1-2-3-4						
Firing order		1-2-4-3						
Valve timing:		15.00						
Inlet	Open	38° BTDC, (F) 20° BTDC						
	Close	68° ABDC, F 50° ABDC						
	Duration	286°, (F) 250°						
Exhaust and mile	Open	60° BBDC, F 45° BBDC						
	Close	40° ATDC, F 25° ATDC						
	Duration	280°, (F) 250°						
Lubrication system	~	Forced lubrication (wet sump	with cooler)					
Engine oil:		Jm 102	1080898180					
Grade		SE or SF class						
Viscosity		SAE10W40, 10W50, 20W40, c	or 20W50					
Capacity		4.0 L	. 201100					
Drive Train:	(१९५७ म्यू	n Broad (N.C.), and P.F. say						
Primary reduction system:		(8014031)						
Туре		Gear						
Reduction ratio		1.732 (97/56)						
Clutch type		Wet multi disc						
Transmission:		(min)						
Type		6-speed, constant mesh, return	shift					
Gear ratios: 1st		3 900 /43/15)	Sparios maminas					
2nd		And the state of t						
3rd								
4th		1.333 (32/24)						
5th		1.153 (30/26)						
6th		1.035 (29/28)						
Final drive system:								
Type		Chain drive						
Reduction ratio		2 647 (45/17)						
		2.047 (45/17)						

Items						ZX1000-B1/B2/B3					
Frame:											
Туре						Tubular, double cradle					
Caster (rake angle)	Caster (rake angle)					26.5° and set leites self and object a common box					
Trait						101 mm					
Front tire:											
Type						Tubeless					
Size						120/70VR17-V280,120/70VB17-V280 or120/70 ZR1					
Rear tire:											
Type						Tubeless • MESTARAGO					
Size						160/60VR18-V280,160/60VB18-V280 or 160/60 ZR1					
Front suspension:						Smart often Cotean					
Type						Telescopic fork					
Wheel travel						135 mm					
Rear suspension:		abo .				t specific					
Туре						Swing arm (uni-trak)					
Wheel travel						120 mm					
Brake type:						a lav – check t					
Front						Dual disc					
Rear						Single disc					
Electrical Equipment	in		8		- 5445	Fuel system check †					
Battery						12 V 14 Ah eanstle = thefode					
Headlight:						Evaporative emission equitors statem (Call					
Type						Semi-sealed beam					
Bulb						12 V 60/55 W (quartz-halogen)					
Tail/brake light						12 V 5/21 W x 2, SA (UC) 12 V 8/27 W x 2					
Alternator:	10					read total who sump read totaling					
Type						Three-phase AC					
Rated output						24 A @6 000 r/min (rpm), 14 V					
Voltage regulator:						union fluid tayat - check mount					
Type						Short-circuit					
						reav b					

Specifications subject to change without notice, and may not apply to every country.

A: Australian Model
C: Canadian Model
Cal: Californian Model
S: Swiss Model
SA: South African Model
U: US Model
Sw: Swedish Model
W: West German Model

(F): UK Model
(F): French Model
(G): Greek Model
(N): Norwegian Model
(AS): Austrian Model
(I): Italian Model

E: European Model

#### 1-8 GENERAL INFORMATION

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Periodic Maintenance Chart 88 98 18 4000 X Separate

The scheduled maintenance must be done in accordance with this chart to keep the motorcycle in good running condition. The initial maintenance is vitally important and must not be neglected.

AN OTOS TO STORY FREQUENCY	Whichev comes f		+	L,					DING
OPERATION A DANGE OF THE COUNCY	Every S 45. 10. 15. 10. 15. 10. 15. 10. 15. 10. 15. 15. 15. 15. 15. 15. 15. 15. 15. 15								
Sparl plug – clean	Every	/_	_	-	7	/_	/	/-	/
Spark plug – check †	anzela F		•				_	-	LATE OF THE PARTY
Valve clearance — check †	100000	•					•	/SV	September 1
Air suction valve (US),(S) — check †		•				•	-	2/180	11.02
Air cleaner element — clean	orneys."					-	-	-	tin I iv
Air cleaner element — replace	5 clean			-	-		19	75.0	40.77
Throttle grip play - check †	O Cicari	·	7		-				/1 SAUTO
Idle speed check †	S REWELL C	•		•					100
Engine vacuum synchronization — check †	Single 1							•	YES-
Fuel system — check †	35 00			•	-		riem		leson -
Coolant - change	2 years		- 119		19 19	-	-		Vision
Evaporative emission control system (Cal)  — check †	Semi-	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Apile
Engine oil — change (1990) straup) 1/2 addu	year	•		•				•	dias
Oil filter - replace	d V SI			•			30		BYO
Radiator hoses, connections - check †	year							•	5
Fuel Filter — replace	Sent This	- 1			•		•		e
Fuel hose — replace	4 years						200	150	1371
Clutch fluid level - check †	month	•		•	•	•	•	U	906
Clutch fluid — change	2 years		- 1/1			•			DU (T
Clutch hose and pipe - replace	4 years	st . 1	1						
Clutch master cylinder cup and dust seal — replace and	2 years	in a	len	Tivy s	nn <sub>6</sub> d	2 (53 )	perdi.	2 2115	H
Clutch slave cylinder piston seal — replace	2 years			-		160	hold	rintis	1721
Drive chain wear — check †	1 125		•	•		•		•	BUS.
Drive chain — lubricate	300 k	m				190	KAN F	E(177)	Mile I
Drive chain slack - check †	800 k	m					10	DOM	SS 14/6
Brake pad wear — check †			•	•	•		•	•	110
Brake fluid level - check †	month	•		•	•	•			00.
Brake fluid — change	2 years						Игал	msE	Jash
Brake hose — replace	4 years								

FREQUENCY	Whichever *ODOMETER READING comes first								
OPERATION	Every		10 VIII 10 VII	00 V	2004	0000	2000	2000	SOOKE
Brake master cylinder cup and dust seal  replace	2 years	/			2011		130		Participal Control of
Caliper piston seal and dust seal - replace	2 years	- 3			rolls	219	SILES	enti	erapit
Brake light switch — check †		•			•	8		6 34	rovistic
Steering - check †						•		0	Addw S
Steering stem bearing - lubricate	2 years					•			
Front fork oil — change								•	
Tire wear — check †				•				•	
Swing arm pivot, uni-trak linkage  — lubricate	1-10	1	8	•		•		•	Ceaterd
Battery electrolyte level — check †	month	•		•				•	
General lubrication - perform	317 7	0						•	
Nut, bolt, and fastener tightness — check †	- 1	•				•			
Coolant filter (UK) — clean †	year	Ÿ		3.5			1 51 - Br	- E	

\* : For higher odometer readings, repeat at the frequency interval established here.

† : Replace, add, adjust, clean, or torque if necessary.

(Cal): California vehicle only

(US): US only (S): Swiss only (UK): UK only

#### 1-10 GENERAL INFORMATION

#### Torque and Locking Agent

The following tables list the tightening torque for the major fasteners requiring use of a non-permanent locking agent or liquid gasket.

Letters used in the "Remarks" column mean:

.....

......

L : Apply a non-permanent locking agent to the threads.

LG: Apply liquid-gasekt to the threads.

O : Apply an oil to the threads and seated surface.

S: Tighten the fasteners following the specified sequence.

St : Stake the fasteners to prevent loosening.

SS: Apply silicon sealant

Fastener		Torque	diametric and	Damento
rasterier	N-m	kg-m	ft-lb	Remarks
Cooling System:				
Fan Switch	18	1.8	13.0	
Water Temperature Sensor	15	1.5	11.0	SS
Bleeder Bolt	7.8	0.80	69 in-lb	
Drain Plug	7.8	0.80	69 in-lb	
Engine Top End:			Contract Contract	
Cylinder Head Cover Bolts	9.8	1.0	87 in-lb	
Upper Chain Guide Mounting Bolts	_	_	_	L
Rear Chain Guide Mounting Bolt	20	2.0	14.5	L
Chain Tensioner Mounting Bolts	9.8	1.0	87 in-lb	etter.
Camshaft Sprocket Bolts	15	1.5	11.0	L
Rocker Shaft End Cap	25	2.5	18.0	res Cla
Main Oil Hose Banjo Bolts	25	2.5	18.0	hg Dr
Camshaft Cap Bolts	12	1.2	104 in-lb	S
Cylinder Head Bolts (10 mm Dia.)	39	4.0	29	S
Cylinder Head Bolts (11 mm Dia.)	51	5.2	38	S
Cylinder Head Bolt (6 mm Dia.)	9.8	1.0	87 in-lb	S
Cylinder Bolts	15	1.5	11.0	
Clutch:				
Clutch Hose Banjo Bolts	25	2.5	18	
Clutch Slave Cylinder Mounting Bolts	_	(=	_	L
Clutch Master Cylinder Clamp Bolts	11	1.1	95 in-lb	
Clutch Hose Joint	18	1.8	13.0	
Clutch Slave Cylinder Bleeder Bolt	7.8	0.80	69 in-lb	
Clutch Spring Bolts	9.8	1.0	87 in-lb	
Clutch Hub Nut	130	13.5	98	
Right Cover Bolts	_	_	_	L (*1)
Right Cover Damper Bolts	9.8	1.0	87 in-lb	L

#### Kawasaki Ninja Zx 10 88 90 Service Manual

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#### **GENERAL INFORMATION 1-11**

Fastener (1993)		Torque			
		N-m kg-m ft-lb		ft-lb	Remarks
Wheels/Tires:			113	President System	1 100000
Fornt Axle Nut		88	9.0	65	
Front Axle Clamp Bolts	-81	20	2.0	14.5	
Tire Air Valve Nuts	61	1.5	0.15	13 in-lb	osker**
Rear Axle Nut	*	108	11.0	80	nud (Q
Final Drive:	121		2316	a Mounting Br	m/9-1115
Engine Sprocket Nut		98	10.0	72	nu9 hO
Rear Sprocket Nuts	85	74	7.5	54	O maW
Brakes:	3.5			detive one	10.L
Front Brake Reservoir Cap Screws	-	1.5	0.15	13 in-lb	089 100
Brake Lever Pivot Nut		5.9	0.60	52 in-lb	ea0 NO
Front Master Cylinder Clamp Bolts	25	11	1.1	95 in-lb	S
Brake Hose Banjo Bolts	1000	25	2.5	18	3
Bleed Valves	34	7.8	0.80	69 in-lb	
Caliper Mounting Bolts	20	34	3.5	25	
Disc Mounting Bolts: Front		34	3.5	25	
Rear	0.76	23	2.3	16.5	37-11-11
Torque Link Bolt/Nut	2.5	25	2.5	18.0	13880 C
Brake Pedal Mounting Bolt		8.8	0.9	78 in-lb	Crankshaf
		0.0	0.9		Connet
Suspension:			Tree pe	Hou starts and	emariA
Front Fork:	8.8		tic	iat.Counting B.	SmailA
Top Plugs	00	23	2.3	16.5	emeriA
Fork Clamp Bolts		28	2.9	21	armatiA_
Drain Screws		1.5	0.15	13 in-lb	LG
Bottom Allen Bolts		39	4.0	29	en septim
Axle Clamp Bolts	35	21	2.1	15.0	Lifting 177
Rear Shock Absorber:	100			erios danuis	Both on the
Damper Adjuster Cable End		8.8	0.90	78 in-lb	edivis i
Air Valve Hose End	10	12	1.2	104 in-lb	
Shock Absorber Nuts	er	59	6.0	43	122
Rocker Arm Nut	77	59	6.0	43	33 125
Tie-Rod Nuts		59	6.0	43	. 1 110
Swing Arm Pivot Shaft Nut		88	9.0	65	id mili
Chain Adjuster Clamp Bolts		39	4.0	29	o a s
Steering:				7111	30.11
Steering Stem Head Nut		39	4.0	29	errore 3
Steering Stem Nut	A.F	4.9	0.50	43 in-lb	lastrueM
Handlebar Holder Mounting Bolts		20	2.0	14.5	-