Daihatsu Charade G100 G102 Chassis Workshopmanual

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WORKSHOP MANUAL



FOREWORD

This workshop manual contains essential information regarding the construction, disassembly/reassembly procedures and servicing methods of the power train, suspension, brake system, steering system, body and electrical system of the DAIHATSU CHARADE.

We hope that this workshop manual is consulted to the fullest extent, in combination with the workshop manual of the Type CB Engine, Type CL Engine, and Trouble shooting for Engine control system of Type CB-80 Engine so that quality servicing may be assured at all times.

Furthermore, due to continuing improvements in the design, contents and specifications in this workshop manual may be partly revised without advance notice and without incurring any obligation to us.

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DAIHATSU MOTOR CO., LTD.

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Service Review

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HOW TO READ THIS BOOK

CONTENTS OF EXPLANATION

1. Schematic Diagram of Components

- (1) The schematic diagram of components that appears at the beginning of each section describes the nomenclature and installed conditions of each component. Furthermore, the tightening torque is posted in the figure.
- (2) Those parts whose reuse is not permitted bear a "★" mark for an identification purpose. Be certain to replace these parts with new ones during the assembly.

(Example)



2. Servicing Procedure

- (1) In principle, the servicing procedure is described in the following sequence given below: Removal \rightarrow Inspection \rightarrow Installation, and Disassembly \rightarrow Inspection \rightarrow Assembly.
- (2) The explanation covers detailed servicing methods, specifications and notes.
- (3) The main point of each item explains the servicing section and servicing procedure, using illustrations.

(Example)



(4) The inspection section in this manual describes only checking operation. Therefore, if you find any mulfunction, replace any defective parts with new ones.

3. Trouble Shooting

(1) As for the three-speed automatic transmission, the trouble shooting table is provided in this book so that you may readily locate causes of troubles.

4. Table of SSTs Used

(1) The SSTs appearing in this book are listed in the appendix of the book.

5. Table of Service Specifications

(1) The service specifications necessary for the service are summarized in the appendix of this book.

6. Table of Tightening Torque

(1) As for those sections where their tightening torque must be controlled during the service, the tightening torque is specified in the appendix of this book.

7. Wiring Diagrams

(1) The vehicle wiring diagrams are posted in the appendix of this book separately for Type CB and Type CL engines.

DEFINITIONS OF TERMS

ABBREVIATION CODES

The abbreviation codes that appear in this workshop manual stand for the following, respectively.

| Abbreviation code | Original word | Meaning | |
|----------------------|--|--|----------|
| RH | Right Hand | Refers to right side. | |
| R.H.D. | Right-Hand Drive | Right hand drive vehicle. | |
| LH | Left Hand | Refers to left side. | |
| L.H.D. | Left-Hand Drive | Left-hand drive vehicle. | |
| STD | Standard | When referring to automotive parts, "standard" represents those parts which have been installed originally by the manufacturer and which have standard dimensions. | |
| O/S | Over Size | In instances where fitting becomes too loose due to wear resulting from use for a long period of time or due to frequent removal/installation operations, if fitting part (e.g. piston) in replaced with a part having larger dimensions, the other mating part may be put into use again. "Over sized" parts denote those parts having larger dimensions compared standard parts. | |
| U/S | Under Size | In the same manner as with the "oversized" parts, if fitting part (e.g. bush and bearing) is replaced with a part having smaller bore dimensions, the other mating part may be put into use again. "Under sized" parts denote those parts having smaller dimensions compared with standard parts. | 1997 - A |
| PR | Ply Rating | Represents strength of tires. The larger the ply rating number, the stronger the tire strength. | |
| SAE | Society of Automotive Engineers | For example, automotive oils are designated as SAE so and so number. These designation numbers have been set forth by the Society of Automotive Engineers in the United States of America (SAE). The larger the SAE number, the higher the oil viscosity. Conversely, the smaller the SAE number, the lower the oil viscosity. | |
| API | American Petroleum Institute | The standards set forth by the American Petroleum Institute (abbreviated as API Classification) have been employed to evaluate and classify properties of various oils. Engine oils for gasoline engines are classified as SD, SE, SF and so on, whereas engine oils for diesel engines are classified as CC, CD and so on. | |
| SST | Special Service Tool | Refers to a tool designed for a specific purpose. | |
| Т | Torque | Refers to tightening torque. | |
| S/A | Sub-Assembly | Refers to a component comprising more than two single parts which are welded, staked, or studded to each other to form a single component. | |
| Ау | Assembly | Refers to an assembled component comprising more than two single parts or sub-assembly parts. | -1. - |
| W/ | With | Denotes that the following part is attached. | |
| IJ | Less | Denotes that the following part is not attached. | |
| M/T | Manual Transmission | Refers to manual transmission. | 1 |
| A/T | Automatic Transmission | Refers to automatic transmission | ſ |
| ISO | International Organization for Standardization | The standards set forth by the international Organization for Standardization (abbreviated as ISO classification) have been employed to evaluate and classify properties of various component parts and oils etc. | : |

The abbreviation codes that appear in the figure stand for the following, respectively.

| B | Bolt | S | Screw |
|---|------|---|--------|
| N | Nut | 8 | Washer |



SERVICING OPERATIONS

1. Jacking up

- (1) When only the front section or rear section of the vehicle is jacked up, be sure to place chocks at the wheels so as to insure safe operations.
- (2) When the vehicle has been jacked up, be sure to support the vehicle at the specified sections using safety stands.
- 2. In the case of repairs on the electrical system or the removal/installation of the engine, first disconnect the negative ⊖ terminal of the battery. Then, proceed to the operations. (On clock-equipped vehicles, set the time of the clock after the negative ⊖ terminal of the battery is connected.)

3. Repairing fuel system of Type CB-80 engine

Type CB-80 engine employs a high fuel pressure. Therefore, the following notes should be observed.

- (1) When the union bolt is removed, take a measure to prevent the fuel from splashing with a cloth or the like. Slacken the union bolt gradually.
- (2) Tighten each connecting section to the specified torque.
- (3) Attach the specified clip to each connecting section.
- 4. For increased work efficiency and improved accuracy, be sure to utilize the SSTs (Special Service Tools) effectively.

5. Removal and disassembly

- (1) When disassembling complicated components, put stamped marks or mating marks on those sections where such marks do not affect their functions so that the assembling operation may be performed easily.
- (2) Each time a part is removed, check the part for the assembled condition, deformation, breakage, roughness and scratches.
- (3) Arrange the disassembled parts in the disassembling order. In addition, separate and arrange those parts to be replaced and those parts to be reused.
- (4) Thoroughly clean and wash those parts to be reused.
- (5) Inspection and measurement of part
 - Perform thorough inspection and measurement on those parts to be reused, as required.

6. Installation and assembly

- (1) Assemble those satisfactory parts, following the proper procedure and specified standards (adjusting values and tightening torque, etc.).
- (2) Ensure that seal packings and grease are applied to those sections where such application is needed.
- (3) Be sure to use new packings, gaskets, cotter pins and so forth.
- (4) Ensure that the specified bolts and nuts only be used. Moreover, where specified, make sure to employ a torque wrench to tighten bolts and nuts to the specified torque.
 - Make sure to use only genuine parts for every replacement.

7. Adjustment and operation check

Adjust the reassembled or replaced components to the servicing specifications, using gauges and testers, as required.

8. Handling of hose, etc.

- (1) Connect fuel hoses and water hoses, etc. securely so that they exhibit no leakage.
- (2) When disconnecting fuel hoses, make sure that no fuel is splashed around the hose. (Special care must be exercised as to the engine mount rubber, etc., for there is a possibility that the rubber is deteriorated by the petrol-based liquid.)

GENERAL INFORMATION

9. Touch-up painting

If paint finish surfaces of the body and bolts should be scratched when bolts, etc. are removed during the body alignment, etc., touch up the scratch with a paint having the same color as that of the body.

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JACKING POINTS AND SUPPORTING POINTS OF SAFETY STANDS



SUPPORTING POINTS OF TWO-POST LIFT

Align the supporting pads of a two-post lift with the supporting points of safety stands, as indicated in the figure above.





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DESCRIPTION TROUBLE SHOOTING

| Symptom | Possible causes | Remedies | Page |
|--|--|--|--------------------------|
| Gear shifting is hard or impossible. | Excessive clutch pedal free travel. Excessive clutch disc runout, or damaged liping. | Adjust clutch pedal free travel. Check clutch disc. | 2-3 |
| | Input shaft or disc splined section contaminated or sticking | Repair, as required. | 2-8 |
| | Faulty clutch pressure plate. | Replace clutch cover. | 2-8 |
| Slipping clutch | Improper clutch pedal free travel. Worn or oily clutch disc linings. Faulty pressure plate. Flattened diaphragm spring. | Adjust clutch pedal free travel. Replace clutch disc. Replace clutch cover. Replace clutch cover. | 2-3 2-7 2-7 2-7 |
| Grabbing and chattering | • Worn or oily clutch disc linings. | Check clutch disc and replace, as required | 2-8 |
| | Faulty pressure plate. Flattened disc torsion spring. Bent diaphragm spring. | Replace clutch cover. Replace clutch disc. Replace clutch cover. | 2-7 2-7 2-7 |
| Clutch noises | Parts in housing loose. Worn or contaminated release bearing. | Repair, as required. Replace release bearing. | 2-7 |
| | Release fork and linkage seized. | Repair, as required. | |
| Dragging clutch (Poor clutch disengage- | Clutch pedal free travel improperly adjusted | Adjust clutch pedal free travel. | 2–3 |
| ment) | Flattened diaphragm spring, or worn tip end of spring. | Replace clutch cover. | 2-7 |

CLUTCH PEDAL ADJUSTMENT

 Check the clutch pedal for the installation height. Pedal installation height (Distance between pedal pad upper surface's center and dash panel)

R.H.D. vehicle189.5 - 194.5 mm (7.46 - 7.66 inch)L.H.D. vehicle181.5 - 186.5 mm (7.15 - 7.34 inch)

- 2. Adjust the pedal installation height, as required.
 - (1) Slacken the lock nut. Turn the stopper bolt until the installation height conforms to the specification.
 - (2) Tighten the lock nut.



- 3. Clutch cable adjustment
 - (1) Pull the outer cable lightly with a force of 2 5 kg (4.4 11.0 lb). Check the clearance.
 - (2) Ensure that the stopper (protruding portion) is fitted securely in the adjusting groove.
 - (3) Adjusting position of clutch outer cable 3 - 6 mm (0.12 - 0.24 inch)
- 4. Adjust the clutch pedal free travel.
 - (1) Depress the clutch pedal gradually until you feel a resistance from the clutch. Measure the depressing distance up to this point.

Pedal Free Travel: 15 - 30 mm (0.59 - 1.18 inch)

5. Adjust the clearance between the clutch pedal and the floor with the pedal fully depressed. (Minimum clearance between the dash panel and the pedal arm)

Vehicles mounted with Type CB-80 engine: not less than 20 mm (0.79 inch) Vehicle other than those mounted with Type CB-80

engine: not less than 25 mm (0.98 inch)



CLUTCH PEDAL AND CLUTCH RELEASE CABLE **COMPONENTS**



Fig. 2-5

REMOVAL

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- 1. Remove the brake pedal Ay. (Only for L.H.D. vehicles. See page 8-7)
- 2. Remove the nut located at the clutch pedal installation section. Separate the end section of the clutch release cable.
- 3. Remove the adjusting bolt.



4. Remove the bolt with washer.

5. Remove the cable bracket attaching bolt. Remove the clutch cable.

6. Remove the clutch pedal assembly. Remove the spring, bush and spacer.

INSPECTION

Inspect the following parts.

- 1. Bush for wear or damage.
- 2. Pedal spacer for wear or damage.
- 3. Pedal for damage or deformation.
- 4. Pedal pad for wear or damage.
- 5. Spring for flattened condition.

6. Each section of clutch cable



INSTALLATION

- 1. Apply MP grease to the following points.
 - (1) Inside of bush and spacer
 - (2) Connecting section of clutch pedal and release cable

- Install the spring, bush and spacer to the clutch pedal assembly. Then, install the assembly to the pedal bracket.
 Install the bolt with washer in position
- 3. Install the bolt with washer in position.

4. Install both ends of the clutch cable. Tighten the bracket with the bolts.

Tightening Torque: 0.4 - 0.7 kg-m (2.9 - 5.1 lb)

5. Install the adjusting bolt.

- 6. Tighten the nut. Tightening Torque: 1.5 - 2.2 kg-m (11 - 16 lb)
- 7. Depress the clutch pedal two or three times. Proceed to adjust the clutch pedal, following the procedure at page 2-2.
- Install the brake pedal Ay. (Only for L.H.D. vehicles. See page 8-8)





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CLUTCH UNIT COMPONENTS



Fig. 2-19

INSPECTION

cracks and discoloration.

3. Pull out the clutch release fork lever. Remove the bush, release lever yoke, spring, release bearing clip and release bearing hub.

4. Remove the clutch cover from the flywheel. Take out the clutch disc.

2. Check the diaphragm spring tips for wear, rust and breakage.

1. Check the pressure plate and flywheel surface for scores,

3. Check the clutch disc for wear and runout. Allowable Wear Limit (Rivet Depth): 0.3 mm (0.012 inch)



Fig. 2-24

Allowable Limit of Lateral Runout: 1.34 mm (0.0528 inch) Clutch disc NOTE: Measure the lateral runout with the clutch disc assembled onto a new input shaft. Fig. 2-25 4. Check to see if the release bearing rotates smoothly. Rotate the release bearing by your hand, while applying a pressure to the bearing in a thrust direction. Check to see if the bearing rotates without any abnormal feeling or binding. Fig. 2-26 5. Check the release bearing hub, clip-contacting surface and hub-to-housing sliding section for damage and wear. Fig. 2-27



6. Check to see if the clip has the configuration as shown in the figure in its horizontal plane.

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CLUTCH

INSTALLATION

- 1. Install the clutch disc and clutch cover, using the following SST.
 - SST: 09301-87202-000

Bolt Tightening Torque: 1.5 - 2.2 kg-m (11 - 16 ft-lb) NOTE:

- (1) Assemble the clutch disc in the direction as shown in the figure.
- (2) Tighten the bolts evenly, starting with those bolts provided near the locating pin.
- (3) Apply long-life chassis grease to the clutch disc splined section.
- Check the clutch cover diaphragm spring tips for variation in height. Adjust the diaphragm spring tips, as required. Check

Allowable Limit of Variation in Height: 0.7 mm (0.028 inch) SST: 09302-87701-000

37702,

Adjustment

Align the diaphragm spring tips at such a height that makes the number of tips to be adjusted at a minimum number.

SST: 09333-00011-000

- 3. Assemble the clutch release bearing hub and release bearing clip to the clutch release lever yoke.
 - (1) Bring the cut-out section of the release lever yoke in contact with the clip.
 - (2) Under the condition described in (1), assemble the lever yoke by turning it 180 degrees.

NOTE:

Apply long-life chassis grease to the yoke-to- hub sliding section and bearing-to-housing case sliding section.

