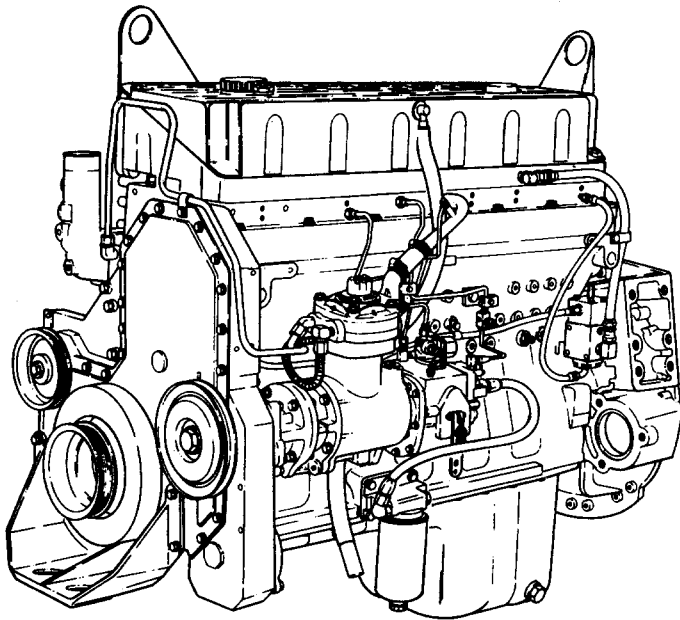
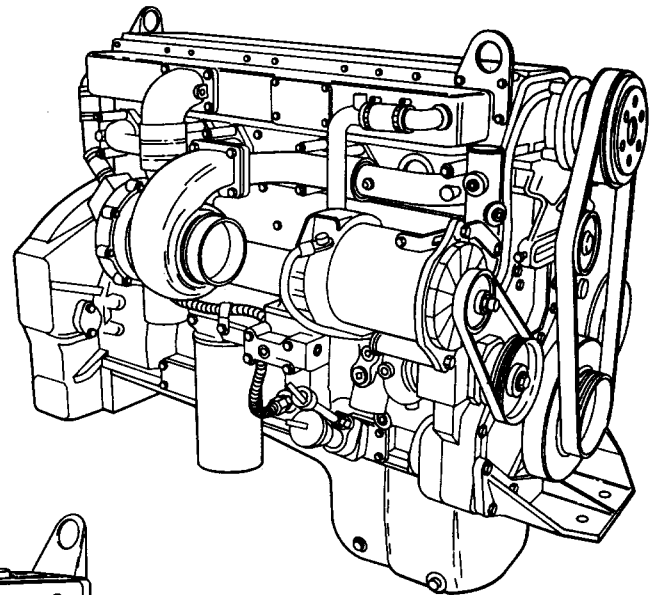




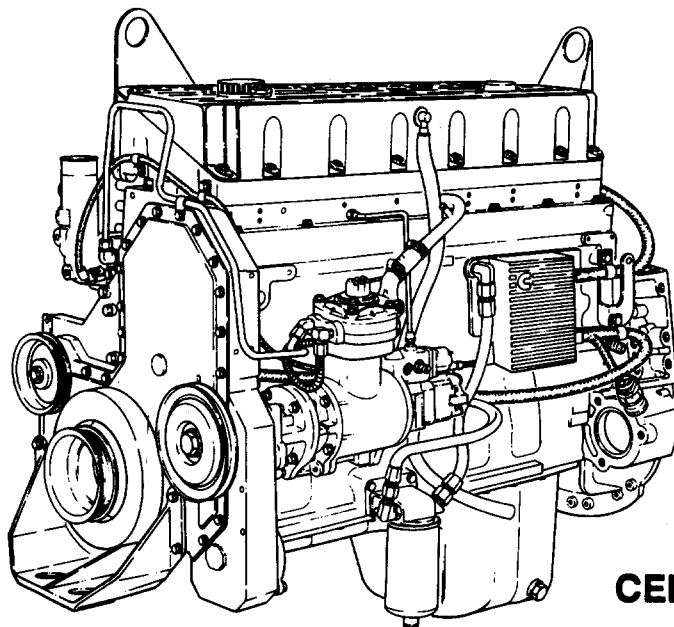
Shop Manual L10 Series Engines External Damper Models



STC



Fixed Time



CELECT

Foreword

This manual contains complete rebuild specifications and information for the external damper model L10 engines, and all associated components manufactured by Cummins Engine Company, Inc. A listing of accessory and component suppliers' addresses and telephone numbers is located in Section C. Suppliers can be contacted directly for any information **not** covered in this manual.

The repair procedures in this manual are based on the engine being installed on an approved engine stand. Some rebuild procedures require the use of special service tools. Make sure the correct tools are used as described in the procedures.

When a specific brand name, number, or special tool is referenced in this manual, an equivalent product can be used in place of the recommended item.

A series of specific service manuals (Troubleshooting and Repair, Specifications, Alternative Repair, and so on.) are available and can be ordered by filling out and mailing the Literature Order Form located in the Service Literature Section L.

Reporting of errors, omissions, and recommendations for improving this publication by the user is encouraged. Please use the postage paid, self-addressed Literature Survey Form in the back of this manual for communicating your comments.

The specifications and rebuild information in this manual is based on the information in effect at the time of printing. Cummins Engine Company, Inc. reserves the right to make any changes at any time without obligation. If differences are found between your engine and the information in this manual, contact a Cummins Authorized Repair Location, a Cummins Division Office, or the factory.

The latest technology and the highest quality components are used to manufacture Cummins engines. When replacement parts are needed, we recommend using only genuine Cummins or ReCon® exchange parts. These parts can be identified by the following trademarks:



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Section i - Introduction

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About the Manual

This L10 Shop Manual is intended to aid mechanics in disassembly, inspecting parts for reuse, rebuilding and assembly of components on the external damper model L10 engines. The manual is divided into sections. Section 0 outlines the disassembly and assembly of the engine while the other sections detail specific components.

How to Use the Manual

This manual is divided in the same group system used for Cummins' filmcard system. Each group is organized in a way that all mechanics, both those who are and are not familiar with the L10 engine models, can reference the manual. Refer to the Table of Contents at the front of the manual to determine the group that details the desired information.

Each group contains the following in sequence:

- Section contents at the beginning of each group to quickly aid in locating the information desired.
- Service tools list with recommended tools needed to rebuild the components.
- General information to aid in rebuilding the component, and an explanation of design change differences.
- Step-by-step rebuild instructions for disassembly, cleaning, inspection and assembly of the component.
- Symbols which represent the action outlined in the instructions. The definitions of the symbols, listed in four languages (English, Spanish, French and German), appear on pages i-3 through i-6.

Topics will be listed alphabetically on the "Section Contents" page. All procedures are described using the "text symbol picture" (TSP) format. In general, each component rebuild will be described through a 3-step sequence of: (1) cleaning and inspection for reuse; (2) rebuild; and (3) replacement. Reference numbers (procedure numbers) are assigned to each process. Reference numbers are constructed with a section number and a two-digit sequenced number.

Both metric and U.S. customary values are used in this manual. The metric value is listed first, followed by the U.S. customary in brackets. An example is 60°C [140°].

Symbols

The following symbols have been used in this manual to help communicate the intent of the instructions. When one of the symbols appears, it conveys the meaning defined below:



WARNING - Serious personal injury or extensive property damage can result if the warning instructions are **not** followed.



CAUTION - Minor personal injury can result, or a part, an assembly, or the engine can be damaged if the caution instructions are **not** followed.



Indicates a **REMOVAL** or **DISASSEMBLY** step.



Indicates an **INSTALLATION** or **ASSEMBLY** step.



INSPECTION is required.



CLEAN the part or assembly.



PERFORM a mechanical or time **MEASUREMENT**.



LUBRICATE the part or assembly.



Indicates that a **WRENCH** or **TOOL SIZE** will be given.



TIGHTEN to a specific torque.



PERFORM an electrical **MEASUREMENT**.



Refer to another location in this manual or another publication for additional information.



The component weighs 23 kg [50 lb] or more. To avoid personal injury, use a hoist or get assistance to lift the component.

Simbolos

Los símbolos siguientes son usados en este manual para clarificar el proceso de las instrucciones. Cuando aparece uno de estos símbolos, su significado se especifica en la parte inferior.



ADVERTENCIA - Serios daños personales o daño a la propiedad puede resultar si las instrucciones de Advertencia **no** se consideran.



PRECAUCION - Daños menores pueden resultar, o de piezas del conjunto o el motor puede averiarse si las instrucciones de Precaución **no** se siguen.



Indica un paso de **REMOCION** o **DESMONTAJE**.



Indica un paso de **INSTALACION** o **MONTAJE**.



Se requiere **INSPECCION**.



LIMPIESE la pieza o el montaje.



EJECUTESE una **MEDICION** mecánica o del tiempo.



LUBRIQUESE la pieza o el montaje.



Indica que se dará una **LLAVE DE TUERCAS** o el **TAMAÑO DE HERRAMIENTA**.



APRIETESE hasta un par torsor específico.



EJECUTESE una **MEDICION** eléctrica.



Para información adicional refiérase a otro emplazamiento de este manual o a otra publicación anterior.



El componente pesa 23 kg [50 lb] o mas. Para evitar dano corporal empleen una cabria u obtengan ayuda para elevar el componente.

Symbole

In diesem Handbuch werden die folgenden Symbole verwendet, die wesentliche Funktionen hervorheben. Die Symbole haben folgende Bedeutung:



WARNUNG - Wird die Warnung **nicht** beachtet, dann besteht erhöhte Unfall- und Beschädigungsgefahr.



VORSICHT - Werden die Vorsichtsmassnahmen **nicht** beachtet, dann besteht Unfall- und Beschädigungsgefahr.



AUSBAU bzw. **ZERLEGEN**.



EINBAU bzw. **ZUSAMMENBAU**.



INSPEKTION erforderlich.



Teil oder Baugruppe **REINIGEN**.



DIMENSION - oder **ZEITMESSUNG**.



Teil oder Baugruppe **ÖLEN**.



WERKZEUGGRÖSSE wird angegeben.



ANZUG auf vorgeschriebenes Drehmoment erforderlich.



Elektrische **MESSUNG DURCHFÜHREN**.



Weitere Informationen an anderer Stelle bzw. in anderen Handbüchern.



Das teil weigt 23 kg [50 lb] oder mehr. Zur vermeidung von koerperverletzung winde benutzen oder hilfe beim heben des teils in anspruch nehmen.

Symboles

Les symboles suivants sont utilisés dans ce manuel pour aider à communiquer le but des instructions. Quand l'un de ces symboles apparaît, il évoque le sens défini ci-dessous:



AVERTISSEMENT - De graves lésions corporelles ou des dommages matériels considérables peuvent survenir si les instructions données sous les rubriques "Avertissement" **ne sont pas** suivies.



ATTENTION - De petites lésions corporelles peuvent survenir, ou bien une pièce, un ensemble ou le moteur peuvent être endommagés si les instructions données sous les rubriques "Attention" **ne sont pas** suivies.



Indique une opération de **DEPOSE**.



Indique une opération de **MONTAGE**.



L'INSPECTION est nécessaire.



NETTOYER la pièce ou l'ensemble.



EFFECTUER une **MESURE** mécanique ou de temps.



GRAISSER la pièce ou l'ensemble.



Indique qu'une **DIMENSION DE CLE** ou **D'OUTIL** sera donnée.



SERRER à un couple spécifique.



EFFECTUER une **MESURE** électrique.



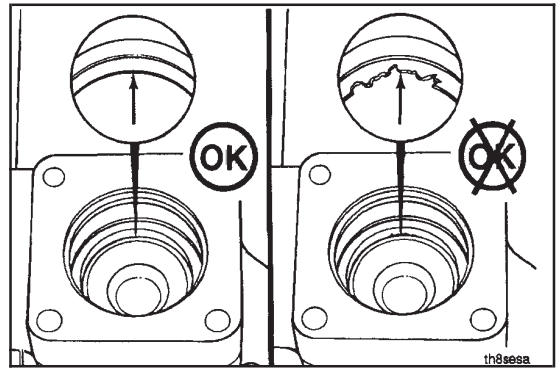
Se reporter à un autre endroit dans ce manuel ou à une autre publication pour obtenir des informations plus complètes.



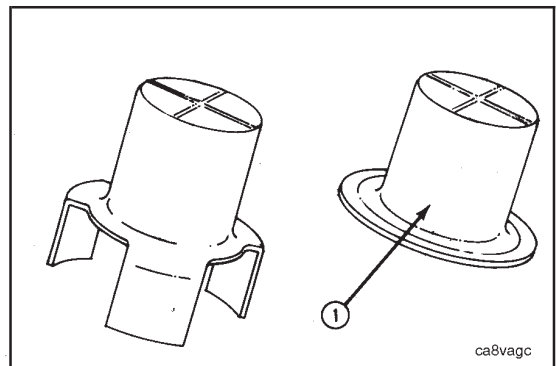
Le composant pèse 23 kg [50 lb] ou davantage. Pour éviter toute blessure, employer un appareil de levage ou demander de l'aide pour le soulever.

Illustrations

The illustrations used in the "Repair Sections" of this manual are intended to give an example of a problem, and to show what to look for and where the problem can be found. Some of the illustrations are "generic" and might **not** look exactly like the engine or parts used in your application. The illustrations can contain symbols to indicate an action required, and an acceptable or **not** acceptable condition.



The illustrations are intended to show repair or replacement procedures. The illustration can differ from your application, but the procedure given will be the same.



General Safety Instructions

Important Safety Notice



Read and understand all of the safety precautions and warnings before performing any repair. This list contains the general safety precautions that **must** be followed to provide personal safety. Special safety precautions are included in the procedures when they apply.

- Make sure the work area surrounding the product is safe. Be aware of hazardous conditions that can exist.
- **Always** wear protective glasses and protective shoes when working.
- Do **not** wear loose-fitting or torn clothing. Remove all jewelry when working.
- Disconnect the battery and discharge any capacitors before beginning any repair work. Disconnect the air starting motor if equipped to prevent accidental engine starting. Put a "Do **Not** Operate" tag in the operator's compartment or on the controls.
- Use **ONLY** the proper engine barring techniques for manually rotating the engine. Do **not** attempt to rotate the engine by pulling or prying on the fan. This practice can cause serious personal injury, property damage, or damage to the fan blade(s) causing premature fan failure.
- If an engine has been operating and the coolant is hot, allow the engine to cool before you slowly loosen the filler cap and relieve the pressure from the cooling system.
- Do **not** work on anything that is supported **ONLY** by lifting jacks or a hoist. **Always** use blocks or proper stands to support the product before performing any service work.
- Relieve all pressure in the air, oil, and the cooling systems before any lines, fittings, or related items are removed or disconnected. Be alert for possible pressure when disconnecting any device from a system that utilizes pressure. Do **not** check for pressure leaks with your hand. High pressure oil or fuel can cause personal injury.
- To prevent suffocation and frostbite, wear protective clothing and **ONLY** disconnect liquid refrigerant (freon) lines in a well ventilated area.
- To avoid personal injury, use a hoist or get assistance when lifting components that weigh 23 kg [50 lb] or more. Make sure all lifting devices such as chains, hooks, or slings are in good condition and are of the correct capacity. Make sure hooks are positioned correctly. **Always** use a spreader bar when necessary. The lifting hooks **must not** be side-loaded.
- Corrosion inhibitor contains alkali. Do **not** get the substance in your eyes. Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin. Do **not** swallow internally. In case of contact, immediately wash skin with soap and water. In case of contact, immediately flood eyes with large amounts of water for a minimum of 15 minutes. **IMMEDIATELY CALL A PHYSICIAN. KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN.**
- Naptha and Methyl Ethyl Ketone (MEK) are flammable materials and **must** be used with caution. Follow the manufacturer's instructions to provide complete safety when using these materials. **KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN.**
- To avoid burns, be alert for hot parts on products that have just been turned OFF, and hot fluids in lines, tubes, and compartments.
- **Always** use tools that are in good condition. Make sure you understand how to use them before performing any service work. Use **ONLY** genuine Cummins or Cummins Recon® replacement parts.
- **Always** use the same fastener part number (or equivalent) when replacing fasteners. Do **not** use a fastener of lesser quality if replacements are necessary.

General Repair Instructions

This engine incorporates the latest diesel technology; yet, it is designed to be repaired using normal repair practices performed to quality standards.

- **Cummins Engine Company, Inc. does not recommend or authorize any modifications or repairs to engines or components except for those detailed in Cummins Service Information. In particular, unauthorized repair to safety-related components can cause personal injury. Below is a partial listing of components classified as safety-related:**

- Air Compressor
- Air Controls
- Air Shutoff Assemblies
- Balance Weights
- Cooling Fan
- Fan Hub Assembly
- Fan Mounting Bracket(s)
- Fan Mounting Capscrews
- Fan Hub Spindle
- Flywheel
- Flywheel Crankshaft Adapter
- Flywheel Mounting Capscrews
- Fuel Shutoff Assemblies
- Fuel Supply Tubes
- Lifting Brackets
- Throttle Controls
- Turbocharger Compressor Casing
- Turbocharger Oil Drain Line(s)
- Turbocharger Oil Supply Line(s)
- Turbocharger Turbine Casing
- Vibration Damper Mounting Capscrews

- **Follow All Safety Instructions Noted in the Procedures.**
 - Follow the manufacturer's recommendations for cleaning solvents and other substances used during the repair of the engine. **Always** use good safety practices with tools and equipment.
- **Provide A Clean Environment and Follow the Cleaning Instructions Specified in the Procedures**
 - The engine and its components **must** be kept clean during any repair. Contamination of the engine and components will cause premature wear.
- **Perform the Inspections Specified in the Procedures.**
- **Replace all Components or Assemblies Which are Damaged or Worn Beyond the Specifications**
- **Use Genuine Cummins New or ReCon® Service Parts and Assemblies**
 - The assembly instructions have been written to use again as many components and assemblies as possible. When it is necessary to replace a component or assembly, the procedure is based on the use of new Cummins or Cummins ReCon® components. All of the repair services described in this manual are available from all Cummins Distributors and most Dealer locations.
- **Follow The Specified Disassembly and Assembly Procedures to Avoid Damage to the Components.**

Complete rebuild instructions are available in the shop manual which can be ordered or purchased from a Cummins Authorized Repair Location. Refer to Section L, Literature, for ordering instructions.

Welding on a CELECT™ Controlled Vehicle


- To protect the ECM computer circuits, disconnect both the positive (+) and negative (-) battery cables from the battery, or the three pin connector located between the batteries and the actuator harness just before the two 10 amp fuses before welding on the vehicle. Attach the welder ground cables as close as possible to the part being welded. Do not connect the ground cable of the welder to the cooling plate or ECM.

Welding on a PT Pacer™ Controlled Vehicle

 **Caution:** When welding on a PT Pacer™ controlled vehicle, to protect the PCU computer circuits, the procedure below **MUST** be followed:

1. Remove the plus (+) 12 volt supply wire from the fuel shutoff solenoid or wherever the + 12 volt power supply is connected.
2. Remove the harness ground wire from the engine block.
3. Disconnect the positive (+) and negative (-) battery cables from the battery.
4. Do **NOT** connect the welder ground cable to the PCU.

Welding on a PACE™ Controlled Vehicle

 **Caution:** When welding on a PACE™ controlled vehicle, to protect the PTCM computer circuits, the procedure below **MUST** be followed:

1. Remove both connectors going to the PTCM.
2. Disconnect the positive (+) and negative (-) battery cables from the battery.
3. Do **NOT** connect the welder ground cable to any part of the PACE™ control system.

General Cleaning Instructions

Solvent and Acid Cleaning

Several solvent and acid-type cleaners can be used to clean the engine parts. **Cummins Engine Company, Inc. does not recommend any specific cleaners. Always** follow the cleaner manufacturer's instructions.

Experience has shown that the best results can be obtained using a cleaner that can be heated to 90 to 95 degrees Celsius [180 to 200 degrees Fahrenheit]. A cleaning tank that provides a constant mixing and filtering of the cleaning solution will give the best results.



Remove all the gasket material, o-rings, and the deposits of sludge, carbon, etc., with a wire brush or scraper before putting the parts in a cleaning tank. Be careful **not** to damage any gasket surfaces. When possible, steam clean the parts before putting them in the cleaning tank.



Warning: The use of acid can be extremely dangerous to personnel, and can damage the machinery. Always provide a tank of strong soda water as a neutralizing agent.

Rinse all of the parts in hot water after cleaning. Dry completely with compressed air. Blow the rinse water from all of the capscrew holes and the oil drillings.

If the parts are **not** to be used immediately after cleaning, dip them in a suitable rustproofing compound. The rustproofing compound **must** be removed from the parts before installation on the engine.

Steam Cleaning

Steam cleaning can be used to remove all types of dirt that can contaminate the cleaning tank. It is a good way to clean the oil drillings.



Warning: Wear protective clothing to prevent personal injury from the high pressure and extreme heat.

Do **not** steam clean the following parts:



1. Electrical Components
2. Wiring
3. Injectors
4. Fuel Pump
5. Belts and Hoses
6. Bearings

Glass or Plastic Bead Cleaning

Glass or plastic bead cleaning can be used on many engine components to remove carbon deposits. The cleaning process is controlled by the size of the glass or plastic beads, the operating pressure, and the cleaning time.



Caution: Do not use glass or plastic bead cleaning on aluminum piston skirts. Do not use glass bead cleaning on aluminum ring grooves. Small particles of glass or plastic will embed in the aluminum and result in premature wear. Valves, turbocharger shafts, etc., can also be damaged. Follow the cleaning directions listed in the procedures.



NOTE: Plastic bead blasting media, Part No. 3822735, can be used to clean aluminum ring grooves. Do **not** use any bead blasting media on pin bores or aluminum skirts.

Follow the equipment manufacturer's cleaning instructions. The following guidelines can be used to adapt to manufacturer's instructions:

1. Bead size: - Use U.S. size No. 16-20 for piston cleaning with plastic bead media, Part No. 3822735.
- Use U.S. size No. 70 for piston domes with glass media.
- Use U.S. size No. 60 for general purpose cleaning with glass media.
2. Operating Pressure: - Glass: Use 620 kPa [90 psi] for general purpose cleaning.
- Plastic: Use 270 kPa [40 psi] for piston cleaning.
3. Steam clean or wash the parts with solvent to remove all of the foreign material and glass or plastic beads after cleaning. Rinse with hot water. Dry with compressed air.
4. Do **not** contaminate the wash tanks with glass or plastic beads.

Definition of Terms

A.C.:	Alternating Current
ACT Harness:	The wiring harness used to connect the actuators to the ECM
AFC:	Air Fuel Control; a device in the fuel pump that limits the fuel delivery until there is sufficient intake manifold pressure to allow for complete combustion.
Alligator Clip:	An electrical test clip attached to the end of a wire
API:	American Petroleum Institute
ASA:	Air Signal Attenuator
ASTM:	American Society of Testing and Materials
ATDC:	After Top Dead Center; refers to the position of the piston or the crankshaft rod journal. The piston is moving downward on the power stroke or intake stroke.
BDC:	Bottom Dead Center; refers to the position of the piston or the crankshaft rod journal. The piston is at its lowest position in the cylinder.
BTDC:	Before Top Dead Center; refers to the position of the piston or the crankshaft rod journal. The piston is moving upward on the power stroke or exhaust stroke.
C:	Celsius
CAC:	Charge Air Cooler
CARB:	California Air Resources Board
CELECT™:	<p>A fuel control system that electronically controls the fuel injection to improve fuel economy and to reduce the exhaust emissions. The system does this by controlling the torque and horsepower curve, AFC (smoke) function, engine high speed, engine low idle speed and the road speed.</p> <p>The CELECT™ system also can control fan clutch operation, engine brake enabling and turbocharger wastegating.</p> <p>Additional electronic features include cruise control, PTO, gear down protection, progressive shifting, automotive or VS governor and idle shutoff.</p>
C.I.D.:	Cubic Inch Displacement
Circumferential Direction:	In the direction of a circle in respect to the centerline of a round part or a bore.
Cm:	Centimeter
Compulink™:	A Cummins service tool used for electronic system analysis and to reprogram the system
Concentricity:	A measurement of the difference between the centers of either two or more parts, or the bores in one part.
CPL:	Control Parts List; this listing identifies the specific parts that must be installed on the engine to meet agency certification.
cSt:	Centistokes
Cummins Sealant:	This is a one part Room Temperature Vulcanizing (RTV) silicone rubber, adhesive and sealant material having high heat and oil resistance, and low compression set.

Some of the equivalent products are Marston Lubricants, Hylosil, Dow Corning, Silastic 732, Loctite Superflex, General Electric 1473, and General Electric 1470.

DCA:	Diesel Coolant Additive
D.C.:	Direct Current
Deutsch Connector:	An electrical connector
Dye Penetrant Method:	A method used to check for cracks in a part by using a dye penetrant and a developer. Use Part No. 3375432 Crack Detection Kit, or equivalent.
End Clearance:	The clearance in an assembly determined by pushing the shaft in an axial direction one way , and then pushing the shaft the other way .
ECM:	Electronic Control Module.
E.C.S.:	Emission Control System
EFC:	Electric Fuel Control
EPA:	Environmental Protection Agency
EPS:	Engine Position Sensor
E.S.N.:	Engine Serial Number
ESS:	Engine Speed Sensor
F:	Fahrenheit
ft-lb:	Foot Pound
GVW:	Gross Vehicle Weight
Hammer:	A hand tool consisting of a hard steel head on a handle.
Hg:	Mercury
HP:	Horsepower
H ₂ O:	Water
ID:	Inside Diameter
in-lb:	Inch Pound
kg:	Kilograms
km:	Kilometers
km/l:	Kilometers per Liter
kPa:	Kilopascal
l:	Liter
Loctite 290:	A single component, anaerobic, polyester resin, liquid sealant compound that hardens between closely fitted metal surfaces producing a tough, hard bond with good characteristics. An equivalent product is Perma-Lok HL 126.
Loctite 609:	A single component anaerobic, liquid adhesive that meets or exceeds the requirements of MIL-R-46082A (MR) TYPE 1. Some of the equivalent products are Loctite 601 and Permabond HL 138.
Lubriplate 105:	A mineral oil base grease with calcium soap (2 percent to 6 percent), and zinc oxide (2 percent to 4 percent) additives.

m:	Meter
Magnetic Particle Inspection:	A method of checking for cracks in either steel or iron parts. This method requires a Magnaflux machine, or an equivalent machine that imparts a magnetic field on the part being checked.
Mallet:	A hand tool consisting of a soft head; either wood, plastic, lead, brass, or rawhide on a handle.
MAX:	Maximum allowed
MIN:	Minimum allowed
Mini-Gen:	Speed Sensor
mm:	Millimeter
MPa:	Megapascal
MPH:	Miles Per Hour
MPQ:	Miles Per Quart
N•m:	Newton-meter
No.:	Number
OD:	Outside Diameter
OEM:	Original Equipment Manufacturer
OEM Harness:	The wiring harness used to connect the ECM to the vehicle
OS:	Oversize
PCU:	PACER Control Unit
ppm:	Parts Per Million
Protrusion:	The difference in the height between two parts in the assembled state.
psi:	Pounds Per Square Inch
PTO:	Power Takeoff
RPM:	Revolutions Per Minute
S.A.E.:	Society of Automotive Engineers
SEN Harness:	The wiring harness used to connect the engine system sensors to the ECM
STC:	Step Timing Control.
STD:	Standard
TC:	Torque Converter; used when referring to the torque converter cooler.
TDC:	Top Dead Center; refers to the position of the piston or the crankshaft rod journal. The piston is at its highest position in the cylinder. The rod journal is pointing straight up toward the piston.
TIR:	Total Indicator Reading; used when measuring the concentricity or the run out. The TIR refers to the total movement of the needle on a dial indicator, from the most negative reading to the most positive reading.
VOM:	Volt Ohm Meter

VS: Variable Speed

VSS: Vehicle Speed Sensor

Water Pump Grease: A premium high temperature grease that will lubricate antifriction bearings continually from **minus 40 C [minus 40 F]** to **plus 150 C [plus 350 F]**.

Some of the greases meeting this requirement are Aeroshell No. 5, Chevron SRI, Amoco Rykon Premium No. 2, Texaco Premium RB, and Shell Dolium R.

Aeroshell No. 5 is **not** compatible with the other greases and **must not** be mixed. Cummins Engine Co., Inc., uses Aeroshell No. 5 on new engines and components.

