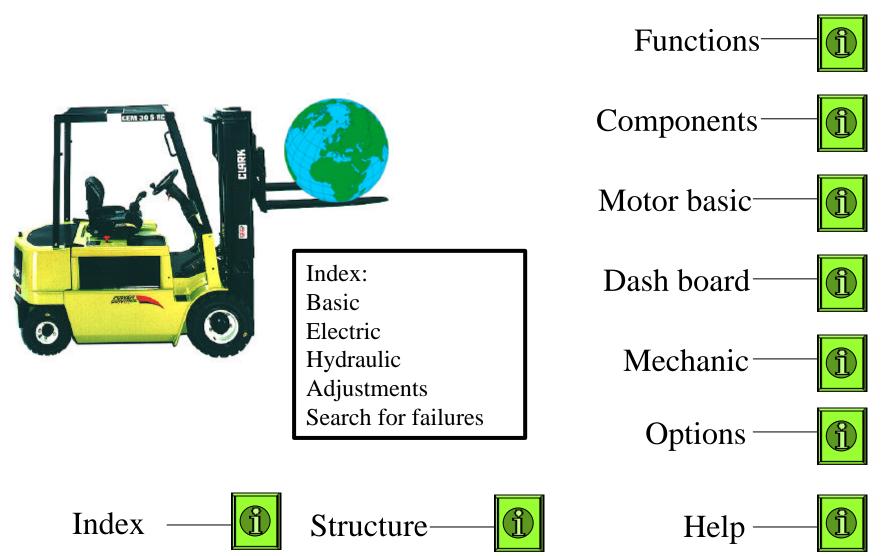


Service Training



Version. 1.0

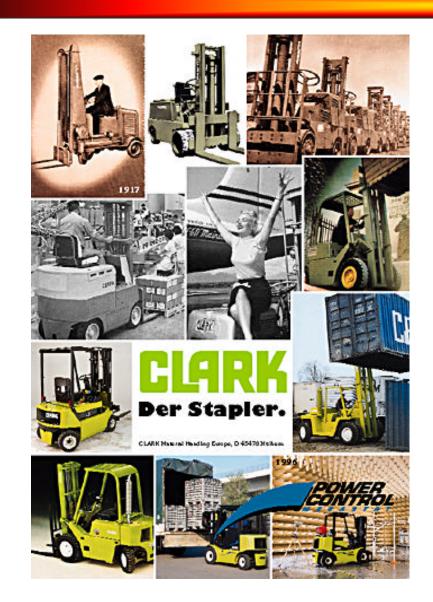


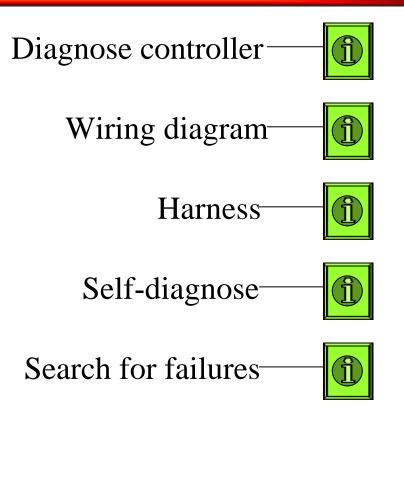
This is the cut pages sample. Download all 188 page(s) at: ManualPlace.com





#### Functions





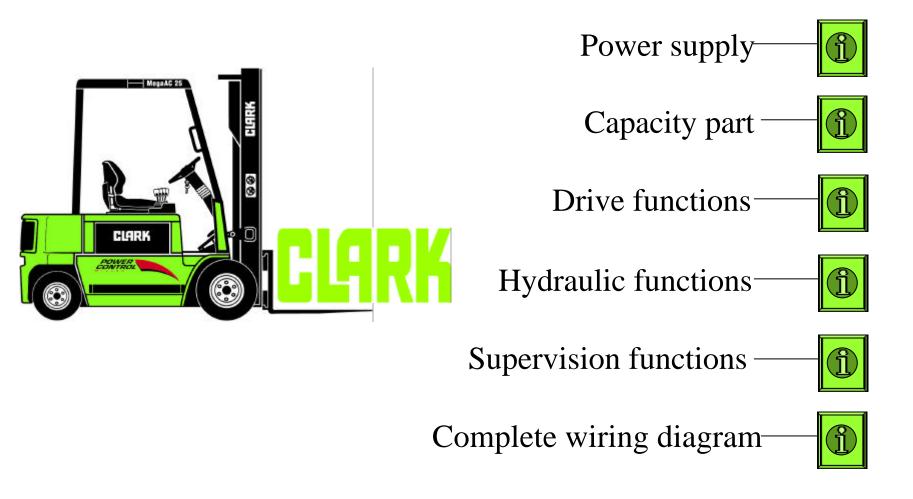








## Wiring diagram









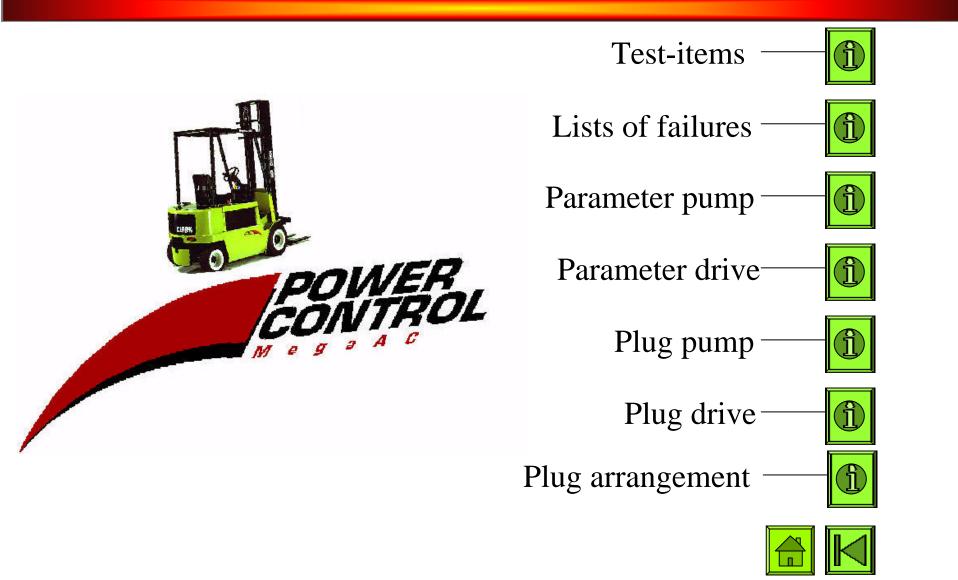
#### Self-diagnose





## Diagnose Controller

LARK

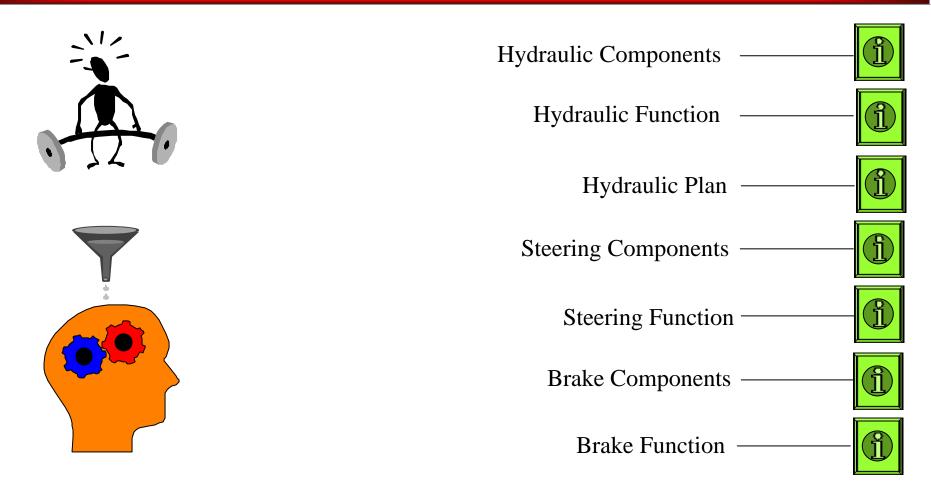






#### Mechanic











CEM 20-35 AC Error memory traction control	12.5.1999

CLARK







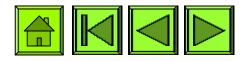
#### Error memory traction control

CEM 20-35 AC Error memory traction control		12.5.1999
Designation	Code	
Pedal $> 1V$ when MS1 is closed	A50 !! PEDAL !!	

The nominal value for the speed is greater than 1V when microswitch MS1 (in the travel pedal) closes.

So that the unit does not start with a jerk, the software launches into the fault routine.

" !! Driving pedal !! " appears on the display. A50 is entered in the fault memory. The most frequent cause is the actuation of the travel pedal whilst switching on with the key-operated switch.



# Error memory traction control

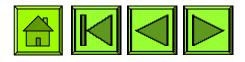
CEM 20-35 AC Error memory traction control		12.5.1999
Designation	Code	
Pedal $> 1V$ when MS1 is closed	A50	!! PEDAL !!
Current sensor incorrect value	A 51	

From software version 2.3, the current measuring circuit is monitored for internal interruptions. This monitoring only functions with an additional test lead (available in "new" control systems). Monitoring can be switched off (0) or on (9) via the parameter "L12".

The control system recognises a current when the machine is stationary or no current during travel.

The value of the two current sensors is transmitted to the control system via plugs G and H.

When the motor is stationary, the voltage (plug pin with green cable) should be less than 0.1V.



CEM 20-35 AC Error memory traction control		12.5.1999
Designation	Code	
Pedal > 1V when MS1 is closed	A50	!! PEDAL !!
Current sensor incorrect value	A 51	
Capacitor charge	A 52	

After switching on the key-operated switch, the capacitors are charged with voltage (from pump control system plug pin PA15) via a charging resistor.

The resistor is necessary for limiting the charge current, as the current is very high in the case of uncharged capacitors.

Within 0.3 seconds, the capacitor charge must have reached 30% of the battery voltage.

The advantages of pre-charging:

1. The control system can check the function of the capacitors.

2. If the contactor MC is switched on, the capacitors have already been precharged.