

SENR6557-01 January 1998

Specifications

3100 HEUI Diesel Truck Engine

8WL1-Up 1WM1-Up 4ES1-Up 2CW1-Up 8HW1-Up 7LZ1-Up

Engines Equipped With Hydraulically Actuated Electronic Unit Injectors (HEUI)

Important Safety Information

Most accidents involving product operation, maintenance and repair are caused by failure to observe basic safety rules or precautions. An accident can often be avoided by recognizing potentially hazardous situations before an accident occurs. A person must be alert to potential hazards. This person should also have the necessary training, skills and tools to perform these functions properly.

Improper operation, lubrication, maintenance or repair of this product can be dangerous and could result in injury or death.

Do not operate or perform any lubrication, maintenance or repair on this product, until you have read and understood the operation, lubrication, maintenance and repair information.

Safety precautions and warnings are provided in this manual and on the product. If these hazard warnings are not heeded, bodily injury or death could occur to you or other persons.

The hazards are identified by the "Safety Alert Symbol" and followed by a "Signal Word" such as "WARNING" as shown below.



The meaning of this safety alert symbol is as follows:

Attention! Become Alert! Your Safety is Involved.

The message that appears under the warning, explaining the hazard, can be either written or pictorially presented.

Operation that may cause product damage are identified by NOTICE labels on the product and in this publication.

Caterpillar cannot anticipate every possible circumstance that might involve a potential hazard. The warning in this publication and on the product are therefore not all inclusive. If a tool, procedure, work method or operating technique not specifically recommended by Caterpillar is used, you must satisfy yourself that it is safe for you and others. You should also ensure that the product will not be damaged or made unsafe by the operation, lubrication, maintenance or repair procedures you choose.

The information, specifications, and illustrations in this publication are on the basis of information available at the time it was written. The specifications, torques, pressures, measurements, adjustments, illustrations, and other items can change at any time. These changes can affect the service given to the product. Obtain the complete and most current information before starting any job. Caterpillar dealers have the most current information available. For a list of the most current publication form numbers available, see the Service Manual Contents Microfiche, REG1139F.

Index

Specifications

Air Compressor	34
Ether Starting Aid Inlet Air Heater Camshaft Cylinder Head Exhaust Manifold Turbocharger	13 33 33 11 10 12 10 9
Basic Engine Components	
Adapter Group (Engine To Transmission) Connecting Rod Connecting Rod And Main Bearing Journals Crankshaft Crankshaft Pulley Group Crankshaft Seals Cylinder Block Cylinder Block Cover Group Flywheel Flywheel Housing Flywheel Housing Bore Flywheel Housing Runout Flywheel Runout Front Gear Group Front Housing Front Housing Front Housing Front Housing	23 21 20 18 20 26 26 28 27 24 25 19
Fan Drive	16 17 15 16 17
Electrical System Alternator Electric Starting Motor Electronic Control Group (Wiring And Sensors) Inlet Air Heater Regulator Wiring Group (Air Inlet Heater)	30 33 33
Engine Design	4
Fuel System Fuel Heater And Water Separator Fuel Lines Group Fuel Filter Lines Group Fuel Transfer Pump High Pressure Oil Pump Hydraulic Electronic Unit Injector (HEUI)	6 5 8 8 6

Hydraulic Oil Lines Hydraulic Pump Group Injection Actuation Pressure Control Valve	8
Lubrication System Breather (Crankcase) Engine Oil Pressure Oil Cooler Bypass Valve Oil Filter Base Oil Pump	15 14 14

NOTE: Refer to the complete Service Manual for information not found here.

Introduction

The specifications given in this book are on the basis of information available at the time the book was written. These specifications give the torques, operating pressures, measurements of new parts, adjustments and other items that will affect the service of the product.

When the words "use again" are in the description, the specification given can be used to determine if a part can be used again. If the part is equal to or within the specification given, use the part again.

When the word "permissible" is in the description, the specification given is the "maximum or minimum" tolerance permitted before adjustment, repair and/or new parts are needed.

A comparison can be made between the measurements of a worn part and the specifications of a new part to find the amount of wear. A part that is worn can be safe to use if an estimate of the remainder of its service life is good. If a short service life is expected, replace the part.

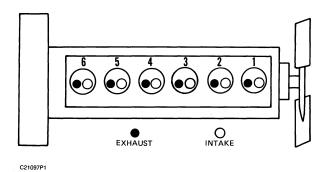
NOTE: The specifications given for "use again" and "permissible" are intended for guidance only and Caterpillar Inc. hereby expressly denies and excludes any representation, warranty or implied warranty of the reuse of any component.

Reference: See 3100 HEUI Diesel Truck Engine, SENR6558, for Systems Operation, Testing and Adjusting.

Specifications

Engine Design

8WL1-UP



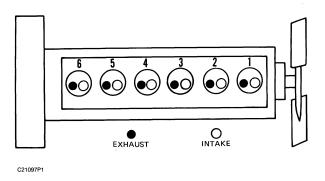
Cylinder And Valve Location

Bore 105.025 \pm 0.025 mm (4.134 \pm 0.0010 in)
Stroke
Displacement 6.6 liter (403 cu in)
Number Of Cylinders 6
Cylinder Arrangement In-line
Valves Per Cylinder
Valve Lash Setting 0.38 mm (.015 in) Exhaust 0.64 mm (.025 in)
Type of Combustion Direct Injection
Firing Order 1-5-3-6-2-4
Direction of Crankshaft Rotation (when viewed from flywheel

NOTE: Front end of engine is opposite the flywheel end. Left side and right side of engine are as viewed from flywheel end. No. 1 cylinder is the front cylinder.

end) Counterclockwise

1WM1-UP

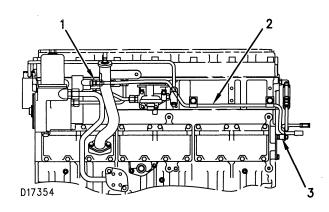


Cylinder And Valve Location

Bore	110.025 \pm 0.025 mm (4.331 \pm 0.0010 in)
Stroke	127 mm (5.0 in)
Displacement	7.25 liter (442 cu in)
Number Of Cylinders	; 6
Cylinder Arrangemer	nt In-line
Valves Per Cylinder	2
Valve Lash Setting Intake Exhaust	
Type of Combustion	Direct Injection
Firing Order	1-5-3-6-2-4
	aft Rotation (when viewed from flywheel

NOTE: Front end of engine is opposite the flywheel end. Left side and right side of engine are as viewed from flywheel end. No. 1 cylinder is the front cylinder.

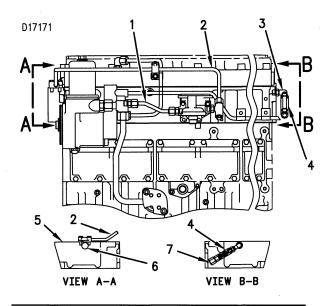
Fuel Lines Group



Left Side Of Engine

- (1) Fuel inlet port.
- (2) Tube assembly (fuel from tank).
- (3) Spacer.

Fuel Filter Lines Group



Left Side Of Engine.

- (1) Tube assembly (fuel transfer pump to fuel filter).
- (2) Tube assembly (fuel filter to fuel gallery).
- (3) Fitting (fuel return to tank).

NOTE: Refer to the Testing and Adjusting Section of the Service Manual, for the procedure to check the fuel pressure.

- (5) Cylinder head.
- (6) Fuel gallery.
- (7) Fuel outlet port.

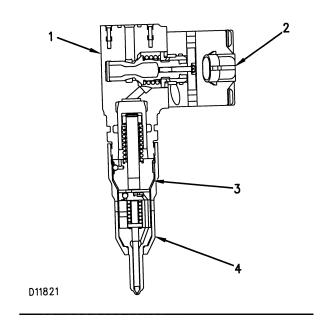
Fuel Heater And Water Separator (If Equipped)

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- (1) Fuel filter.
- (2) Fuel inlet.
- (3) Fuel outlet.

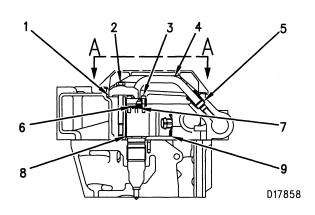
- (6) Drain.

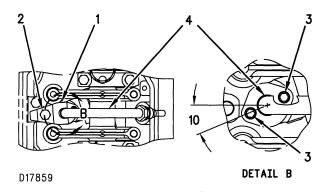
Hydraulic Electronic Unit Injector (HEUI)



- (1) Body group.
- (2) Solenoid valve assembly.
- (3) Barrel group.
- (4) Nozzle group.Six orifices evenly spaced.

Hydraulic Oil Lines





Section View A-A.

- (1) Injector hold-down clamp.
- (2) Bolt. Tighten to torque $30 \pm 7 \,\text{N} \cdot \text{m}$ (22 ± 5 lb ft)
- (3) Bolt. Tighten to torque $5 \pm 0.5 \,\mathrm{Nem}$ ($45 \pm 4 \,\mathrm{lb}$ in)

NOTE: See jumper tube (installation) for injector orientation and installation in this module.

- (5) Orifice fitting. Tighten to a torque $25\pm3\,\mathrm{N} \cdot \mathrm{m}$ (18 $\pm2\,\mathrm{lb}$ ft)
- (6) Seat.
- (7) O-ring.
- (8) Hydraulic electronic unit injector.
- (9) Solenoid.

Hydraulic electronic unit injector orientation/jumper tube installation:

Rotate hydraulic electronic unit injector (8) until the solenoid (9) touches the rear rocker stand. Rotate the hydraulic electronic unit injector (8) back 1.0 to 6.0 mm (.039 to .236 in). This will orient the injector in the cylinder head correctly.

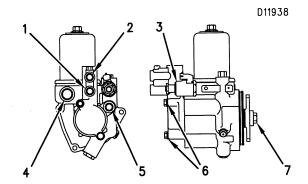
Install orifice fitting (5) with O-ring and tighten to a torque of 25 N•m (18 lb ft). Install O-ring (7) into the top groove of the hydraulic electronic unit injector.

Position flare seat on center of the hydraulic electronic unit injector (8). Install jumper tube assembly (4) into manifold end first, then onto flare seat on the hydraulic electronic unit injector. Start flare nut into manifold and tighten by hand ensuring the flare is seated on the fitting (5). Install the bolts (3) at the hydraulic electronic unit injector end of jumper tube assembly (4) making sure that seat (6) is correctly positioned under the injector end of the jumper tube assembly (4). Tighten evenly until hand tight. Install hydraulic electronic unit injector hold-down clamp (1) and tighten to 10 N•m (7 lb ft). This should "bottom" the hydraulic electronic unit injector (8) in its bore and position the jumper tube flange parallel to the hydraulic electronic unit injector's top surface.

NOTE: The jumper tube should not "rock" by hand after the bolt is torqued. If it does, increase torque up to 20 N•m (15 lb ft).

Torque flare nut at manifold end to 40 N•m (30 lb ft). Remove hydraulic electronic unit injector hold-down clamp (1). Torque the hydraulic electronic unit injector's bolts (3) to 2 N•m (18 lb in), then re-torque to 5 N•m (45 lb in). Install hold-down clamp (1) and torque bolt (2) to 30 N•m (22 lb ft).

Hydraulic Pump Group (Fuel Transfer And High Pressure Oil Pumps)



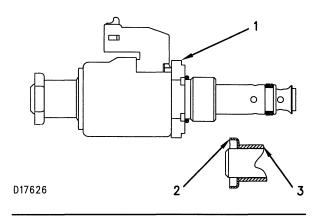
- (3) Injection actuation pressure control valve.

NOTICE

Removal procedure for the injection actuation pressure control valve requires extreme caution. First, disconnect electrical connection. Second, remove injection actuation pressure control valve's solenoid assembly. Third, remove the Injection actuation pressure control valve using the crow's foot with an extension.

- (6) Bolt. Tighten to a torque of $25 \pm 3 \,\mathrm{N} \cdot \mathrm{m}$ (18 $\pm 2 \,\mathrm{lb}$ ft)

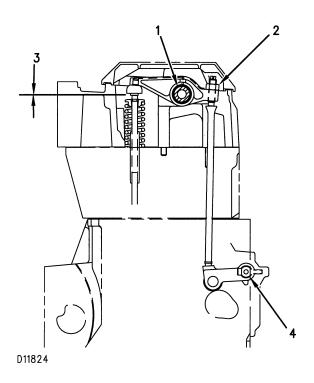
Injection Actuation Pressure Control Valve

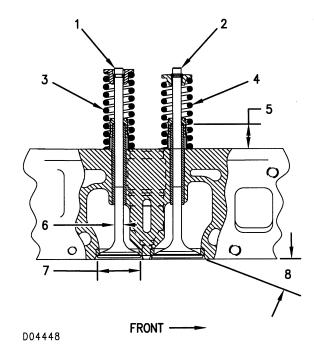


- (1) Injection actuation pressure control valve. Final installation, tighten to a torque of 50 \pm 5 N \cdot m (37 \pm 4 lb ft)
- (2) Spacer.
- (3) Nut. Final installation, tighten to a torque of $5.5 \pm 1.5 \, \text{N} \cdot \text{m}$ (49 \pm 13 lb in)

Valve Rocker Arms And Lifters

Valves





(1)	Bore in rocker arm for shaft (new) 24.808 ± 0.020 mm $(0.9767 \pm 0.0008 \text{ in})$
	Diameter of shaft (new)
(2)	Torque for locknut
(3)	Valve lash:
	Intake valves
(4)	Bore in lifter arm for shaft (new) 15.670 \pm 0.012 mm (0.6169 \pm 0.0005 in)
	Diameter of shaft (new)
	Tighten bolts to a torque of $13 \pm 3 \mathrm{N} \cdot \mathrm{m} (10 \pm 2 \mathrm{lb} \mathrm{ft})$

NOTE: Intake and exhaust valve stems are to be coated with engine oil prior to installation in the cylinder head.

NOTE: Intake and exhaust valve tips are to be coated with 8T2988 Camshaft Break In Lubricant (only after assembly of the retainer).

- (1) Exhaust valve.
- (2) Intake valve.

Install valve guide with 12.065 mm (0.4750 in) diameter on spring side of the head.

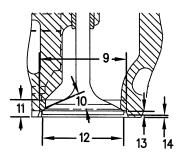
Assemble with seal seated against top of valve guide.

(6)	Diameter of valve stems (new) $8.000 \pm 0.008 \mathrm{mm}$ (0.3150 \pm 0.0003 in)
	"Use again" minimum diameter of valve
	stems 7.965 mm (0.3136 in)
	Bore in valve guides with guides installed in
	head $8.072 \pm .013 \mathrm{mm} (0.3178 \pm 0.0005 \mathrm{in})$
	"Use again" maximum bore in valve guides with guides
	installed in head 8.080 mm (0.3181 in)
<i>(</i> -)	
(7)	Diameter of valve head:

Intake valve	$47.00 \pm 0.13 \mathrm{mm} (1.850 \pm 0.005 \mathrm{in})$
Exhaust valve	$40.00 \pm 0.13 \mathrm{mm} (1.575 \pm 0.005 \mathrm{in})$

(8) Angle of valve faces:

Intake valve	$29 \% \pm \%$ degrees
Exhaust valve	45 ± 1/4 degrees



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(9) Diameter of valve seat inserts:

Intake valve 50.000 ± 0.013 mm $(1.9685 \pm 0.0005 in)$ Exhaust valve .. 43.000 ± 0.013 mm $(1.6929 \pm 0.0005$ in) Bore in head for valve seat insert: Intake valve $49.931 \pm 0.013 \,\mathrm{mm} \, (1.9658 \pm 0.0005 \,\mathrm{in})$ Exhaust valve .. 42.931 ± 0.013 mm $(1.6902 \pm 0.0005$ in) Valve seat insert must be shrunk by reduced temperature before installing in head.

(10) Angle of valve seat inserts:

Intake valve	 30	$\frac{1}{4} \pm 1$	degrees
Exhaust valve	 45	$\frac{1}{2} \pm 1$	degrees

(11) Depth of bore in head for valve seat insert $10.00 \pm 0.13 \,\mathrm{mm} \,(0.394 \pm 0.005 \,\mathrm{in})$

(12) Outside diameter of the seating face of the valve seat

Intake valve 44.029 ± 0.085 mm $(1.733 \pm 0.0033 in)$ Exhaust valve $38.077 \pm 0.046 \,\mathrm{mm} \,(1.500 \pm 0.0018 \,\mathrm{in})$

NOTE: Do not reuse or recondition valve seat inserts if the outside diameter is greater than specified.

(13) "Use again" thickness of valve lip:

Intake valve	1.80 mm (0.071 in)
Exhaust valve	1.50 mm (0.059 in)

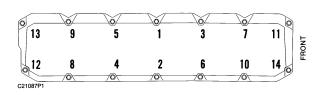
(14) Distance from head of valve to the cylinder head face (valve closed):

Exhaust valve

Maximum permissible	2.85 mm (0.112 in)
Minimum permissible	2.67 mm (0.105 in)
Intake valve	
Maximum permissible	2.05 mm (0.081 in)
Minimum permissible	1.13 mm (0.044 in)

NOTE: For further information refer to: Guidelines for Reusable Parts and Salvage Operations, SEBF8218.

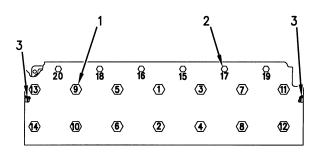
Valve Cover



Valve Cover Bolts Tightening Sequence

Tighten valve cover bolts in sequence shown to a torque

Cylinder Head

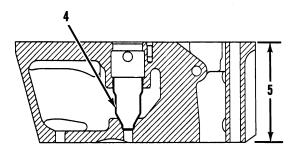


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- (1) Large bolts (M20).
- (2) Small bolts (M10).

Instructions for installing bolts (1) and (2): Put engine oil on the threads of the bolts and tighten them as follows:

- (3) Depth that all cup plugs are installed (measured from head face to top edge of plug) 1.25 \pm 0.25 mm (0.049 \pm 0.010 in)

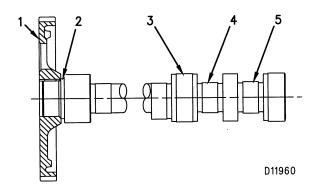


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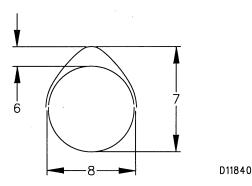
Cylinder Head Cross Section

- (4) Sleeve. For replacement of a hydraulic unit injector sleeve, refer to Using The 122-7093 Sleeve Replacement Tool Group, Special Instruction SEHS9120.
- (5) Height of cylinder head (new) 103.00 ± 0.20 mm (4.055 \pm 0.008 in)

Camshaft



- (2) Distance between shoulder of camshaft and gear for thrust washer (new) ... 4.83 ± 0.05 mm $(0.190\pm0.002$ in) Thickness of thrust washer (new) 4.70 ± 0.03 mm $(0.185\pm0.0012$ in) End play of the camshaft (new) 0.13 ± 0.08 mm $(0.005\pm0.0032$ in) Maximum permissible end play (worn) 0.46 mm (0.018 in)
- (3) Diameter of camshaft journals (new) 65.126 \pm 0.013 mm (2.5640 \pm 0.0005 in)
- (4) Intake lobe.
- (5) Exhaust lobe.



Typical Example

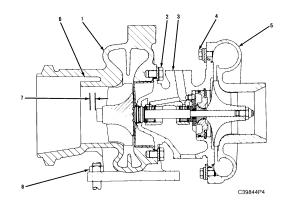
(6) Height of camshaft lobes.

To find lobe height, use the procedure that follows:

- A. Measure camshaft lobe height (7).
- B. Measure base circle (8).
- C. Subtract base circle (STEP B) from lobe height (STEP A). The difference is actual lobe lift.
- D. Specified camshaft lobe lift (6) is:

Exhaust lobe	7.497 mm (0.2952 in)
Intake lobe	9.299 mm (0.3661 in)

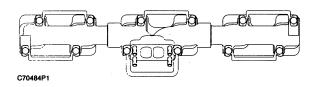
Turbocharger



Typical Example

- (1) Turbine housing
- (3) Cartridge.
- (4) Tighten bolts that hold compressor housing to turbocharger cartridge to a torque of $7.3\pm0.5\,\mathrm{N}\cdot\mathrm{m}$ (65 $\pm4\,\mathrm{lb}$ in)
- (5) Compressor housing.
- (6) Wastegate passage (internal passage in turbine housing).

Exhaust Manifold

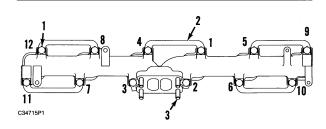


Typical Example Of A Three Piece Exhaust Manifold

NOTICE

The followed procedure should be used during assembly of the three piece exhaust manifold to the cylinder block. If 2P2333 Sealer is left on the inside of the exhaust manifold after assembly, it may cause damage to the turbocharger.

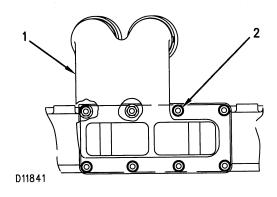
- 1. Coat inside diameter of female ends of manifold with engine oil.
- 2. Apply a thin coat of 2P2333 Sealer to outside diameter of the male ends of manifold before assembly. Do not apply sealer at tip of the male ends. Remove excess sealer from assembled joint.
- 3. Continue with procedure given for one piece exhaust manifold



Typical Example Of A One Piece Exhaust Manifold

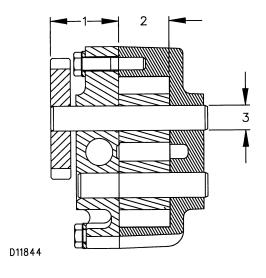
- (1) Apply 5P3931 Anti-Seize Compound to the threads of bolts and tighten as follows:
- (2) Lock. Bend lock tabs over the flat of bolt heads.
- (3) Tighten studs to a torque of $35 \pm 5 \,\mathrm{N} \cdot \mathrm{m}$ (26 \pm 4 lb ft)

Oil Pump

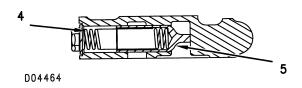


Typical Example.

- (1) Air Inlet Elbow. On elbow joint-face, clean face with solvent and apply 6V1541 Quick Cure Primer. Allow primer to air dry (three to five minutes minimum). Apply 1U8846 Gasket Maker to elbow joint-face and spread uniformly. Elbow must be assembled and tightened within ten minutes.
- (2) Bolt. Tighten bolts to a torque of $30\pm7~{\rm N} \cdot {\rm m}$ (22 $\pm5~{\rm lb}$ ft)



Section View Through Pump Gears (Typical Example)



Section View Through Bypass Valve

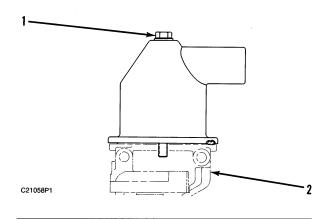
- (3) Diameter of gear shafts 15.600 \pm 0.005 mm (0.6142 \pm 0.0002 in)
 - Bores in pump bodies for gear shafts 15.641 \pm 0.008 mm (0.6158 \pm 0.0003 in)
- (4) 105-1805 Spring for relief valve:

Outside diameter	13 mm (0.51 in)
Free length	64.98 mm (2.558 in)
	54.5 mm (2.15 in)
Load at assembled length	$51.99 \pm 1.9 \text{N} (12 \pm 0.4 \text{lb})$

(5) Relief valve plunger:

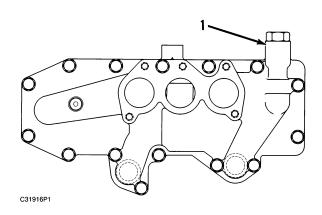
,	nelier valve plunger.	
	Diameter of plunger	$17.000 \pm 0.013 \mathrm{mm}$
		$(0.6693 \pm 0.0005 in)$
	Bore in pump body for plunger	$17.100 \pm 0.025 \mathrm{mm}$
		$(0.6732 \pm 0.0010 \text{ in})$

Breather (Crankcase)



- (1) Bolt. Tighten to a torque of $7 \pm 2 \,\mathrm{N} \cdot \mathrm{m}$ (62 ± 18 lb in)
- (2) Fuel filter base.

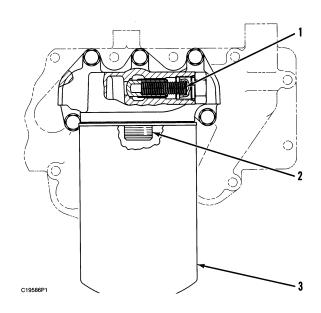
Oil Cooler Bypass Valve



Typical Example

(1)	Oil cooler bypass valve to open at	$125 \pm 30 \text{ kPa}$
		$(18 \pm 4.5 \text{psi})$
	9L9188 Spring for oil cooler bypass valv	ve:
	Outside diameter	11.2 mm (0.44 in)
	Free length	57.9 mm (2.28 in)
	Assembled length	43.2 mm (1.70 in)
	Load at assembled length 15.6 ± 1.3	N $(3.50 \pm 0.30 \text{ lb})$

Oil Filter Base



Typical Example

(1)	Oil filter bypass valve to open at
	$(18 \pm 4.5 \text{psi})$
	9L9188 Spring for bypass valve:
	Outside diameter 11.2 mm (0.44 in)
	Free length 57.9 mm (2.28 in)
	Assembled length 43.2 mm (1.70 in)
	Load at assembled length $15.6 \pm 1.3 \mathrm{N} (3.50 \pm .30 \mathrm{lb})$

- (2) Put 9S3263 Thread Lock on the last 7.5 \pm 1.5 mm (0.30 \pm 0.06 in) of the threads at base end of stud and tighten filter element stud to 68 \pm 7 N•m (50 \pm 5 lb ft)
- (3) Put clean engine oil on the filter seal. Tighten filter until seal makes contact with filter base. Turn the filter 270 degrees (¾ of one turn) more.

Engine Oil Pressure

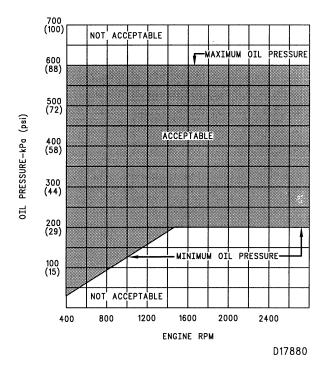
All steps of this procedure must be followed for the pressure findings to be usable.

- Be sure that the engine is filled to the correct level with SAE 10W-30 oil. If any other viscosity of oil is used, the information in the Engine Oil Pressure Graph does not necessarily apply.
- Remove the oil pressure switch and connect the 1U5470 Engine Pressure Group to the main oil manifold at the location from which the oil pressure switch was removed.
- Run the engine to get the engine oil temperature at 99°C (210°F).

NOTE: A 3°C (5°F) increase in temperature gives approximately 7 kPa (1 psi) decrease in engine oil pressure.

NOTE: Make sure engine oil temperature does not go above 115°C (239°F).

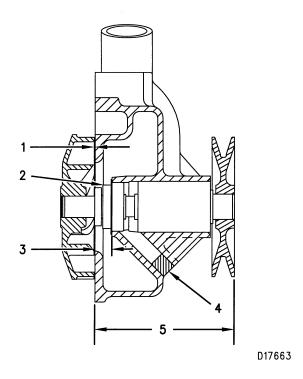
- **4.** Keep the engine oil temperature constant with the engine at its rated rpm and read the pressure gauge.
- 5. On the Engine Oil Pressure Graph, find the point that the lines for engine rpm and oil pressure intersect (connect).



6. If the results do not fall within the "ACCEPTABLE" pressure range given in the graph, find the cause and correct it. Engine failure or a reduction in engine life can be the result if engine operation is continued with oil manifold pressure outside this range.

NOTE: A record of engine oil pressure, kept at regular intervals, can be used as an indication of possible engine problems or damage. If there is a sudden increase or decrease of 70 kPa (10 psi) in oil pressure, even though the pressure is in the "ACCEPTABLE" range on the graph, the engine should be inspected and the problem corrected.

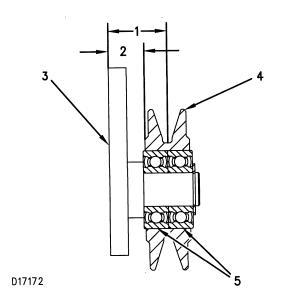
Water Pump



Shown With Impeller Cover Removed

- (1) Clearance between impeller and housing 0.75 \pm 0.25 mm (0.030 \pm 0.010 in)
- (2) Seal.
- (4) Filter. Filter should not extend beyond the surface of the housing.

Water Pump Belt Tightener



Idler Pulley Assembly

- (1) Distance from back of plate assembly (3) to middle of pulley (4) 26.0 \pm 0.3 mm (1.02 \pm 0.012 in)
- (3) Plate Assembly.
- (4) Pulley.
- (5) Apply 9S3263 Thread Lock to the pulley bore before assembly.

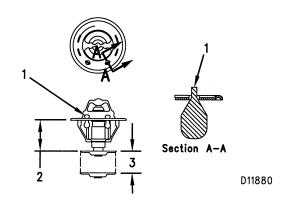
BELT TENSION CHART																			
	WID	GAUGE READING									BORROUGHS GAUGE NUMBERS								
BELT	BELT TOP		BELT TENSION "INITIAL"*				BELT TENSION "USED"**						OLD	NEW					
	ММ	IN	N			LB		1	N			.В		GAUGE NUMBER		GAUGE NUMBER		GAUGE NUMBER	
3/8	10.72	0.422	445 ±	22	100	±	5	400 ± 22 90 ± 10		BT-33-95		BT-3	3-97						
1/2	13.89	0.547	534 ±	22	120	±	5	400	±	44	90	±	10	BT-33-95		BT-3	3-97		
5 V	15.88	0.626	534 ±	22	120	±	5	400	±	44	90	±	10	BT-33-72		BT-3	3-72C		
11/16	17.48	0.688	534 ±	22	120	±	5	400	±	44	90	±	10	вт-	33-72	ВТ-3	3-72C		
3/4	19.05	0.750	534 ±	22	120	±	5	400	±	44	90	±	10	вт–	33-72	BT-3	3-72C		
15/16	23.83	0.983	534 ±	22	120	±	5	400	±	44	90	±	10	вт-	33-72	BT-3	3-77		
8K	27.92	1.099	800 ±	22	180	±	5	489	±	44	110	±	10			вт-з	3-109		
6PK	20.94	0.824	667 ±	22	150	±	5	467	±	44	105	±	10			вт-з	3-109		

- * BELT TENSION "INITIAL" is for a new belt.
- ** BELT TENSION "USED" is for a belt with over 30 minutes of operation at rated speed.

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MEASURE TENSION OF BELT FARTHEST FROM ENGINE

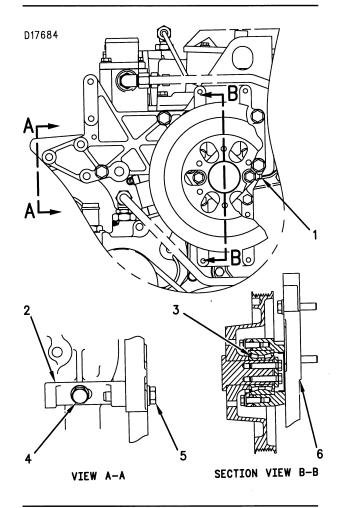
Water Temperature Regulator



- (1) Air vent valve
- (2) Closed dimension $29.5 \pm 0.5 \,\mathrm{mm}$ (1.16 $\pm 0.02 \,\mathrm{in}$)
- (3) Minimum stroke at full open temperature 8.0 mm (.32 in)

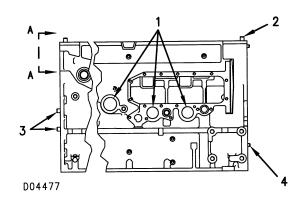
NOTE: Regulator is rated as 82.2°C (180°F).

Fan Drive



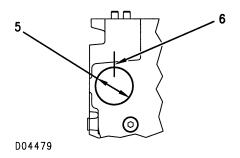
- (1) Grease fitting. Fill bearing cavity with 20 grams (0.7 ounces) of 2S3230 Bearing Lubricant.
- (2) Bracket. Assembly procedure for bracket.
 - Tighten bolt (4) finger tight (into water temperature housing).
 - b. Tighten bolt (5) finger tight into bracket (3).
 - c. Tighten bolts (4) and (5) to 55 \pm 10 N•m (40 \pm 7 lb ft).
- (3) Bearing assembly. Install lip seal forward.
- (4) Bolt.
- (5) Bolt.
- (6) Support.

Cylinder Block



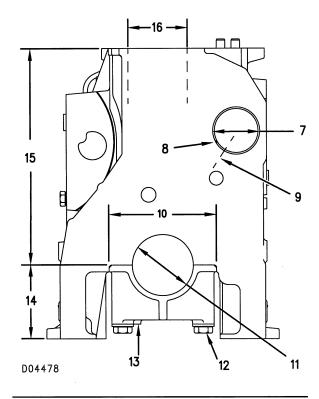
Right Side

- (2) Distance all dowels extend from top face 14 ± 2 mm (0.55 \pm 0.08 in)
- (4) Distance all dowels extend from front face 8.0 ± 0.5 mm (0.31 ± 0.02 in)



View A-A (Rear Face)

- (5) Bores in block for all camshaft bearings except front bearing 69.000 ± 0.038 mm (2.7165 ± 0.0015 in)
- (6) Locate bearing oil hole for all camshaft bearings (except front bearing) at top of bore.



Front Face

- (7) Bore in block for front camshaft bearing $70.000 \pm 0.025 \,\mathrm{mm}$ (2.7559 $\pm 0.0010 \,\mathrm{in}$)
- (8) Front camshaft bearing joint location.
- (9) Front camshaft bearing oil hole.

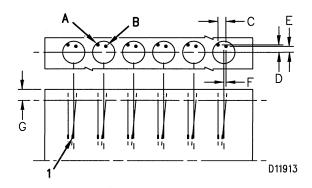
NOTE: Install front camshaft bearing with bearing oil hole (9) aligned with oil hole in block and bearing joint (8) positioned as shown

- (10) Width of main bearing cap 159.995 \pm 0.020 mm (6.2990 \pm 0.0008 in)
 - Width of cylinder block for main bearing cap 160.000 ± 0.018 mm (6.2992 \pm 0.0007 in)
- (11) Bore in block for main bearings 95.000 ± 0.013 mm (3.7402 ± 0.0005 in)
- (12) Main bearing cap bolts. Install as follows:
 - Install bearing caps with sequence number to the right, 1 through 7 (front to rear).
 - Before assembly, put 2P2506 Thread Lubricant on the bolt threads and washer face.

 - c. Then tighten bolts an additional 90 ± 5 degrees (1/4 turn)
- (13) Location of bearing cap sequence number.

NOTE: Bore size must be checked with a 4C4377 Cylinder Head Stress Plate and gasket installed. Refer to Installation Of 7C6208 Cylinder Sleeve, Special Instruction SEHS9047.

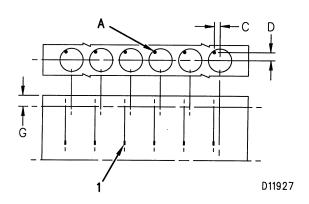
Piston Cooling Jet



(1) Piston Cooling Jet (8WL1-UP)

Check piston cooling jets by inserting a 1.3 mm (0.05 in) diameter drill rod into jet. Rods must pass through a 5.0 mm (0.20 in) diameter circle in location (A) and a 13.0 mm (0.51 in) diameter circle in location (B). Both circles are located at depth (G) 50.0 mm (1.97 in) below the top of the cylinder block.

Dimension (C)	25.9 mm (1.02 in)
Dimension (D)	
Dimension (E)	
Dimension (F)	9.8 mm (0.39 in)
Dimension (G)	50.0 mm (1.97 in)

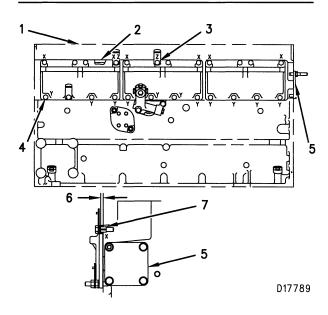


(1) Piston Cooling Jet (1WM1-UP)

Check piston cooling jets by inserting a 1.90 mm (0.075in) diameter drill rod into jet. Rods must pass through a 12.7 mm (0.50 in) diameter circle in location (A). The circle is located at depth (G) 50.0 mm (1.97 in) below the top of the cylinder block.

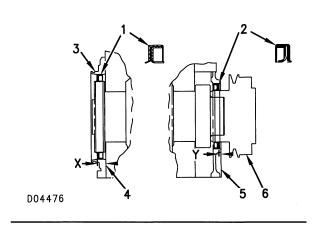
Dimension (C)	25.9 mm (1.02 in)
Dimension (D)	33.4 mm (1.31 in)
Dimension (G)	50.0 mm (1.97 in)

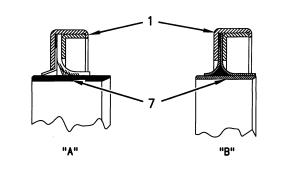
Cylinder Block Cover Group



- (1) Cylinder block.
- (2) Gasket.
- (3) Bolt (location marked "Z"). Length of bolt 30.0 mm
- (4) Bolt (location marked "Y"). Length of bolt 20.0 mm (0.79 in)
- (5) Cover. Clean cover face with solvent. Apply 1U8846 Gasket Maker to cover. Spread uniformly on face and around the bolt holes. Cover must be installed and tightened within ten minutes.
- (6) Length that sleeve (7) extends from face of cylinder block 5.0 ± 0.5 mm (0.20 ± 0.02 in)
- (7) Sleeve (location marked "X").

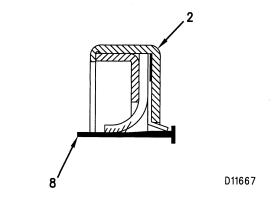
Crankshaft Seals





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Rear Crankshaft Seal Groups: "A"-Single Lip, "Dry" Applications "B"-Double Lip, "Wet" Applications



Front Crankshaft Seal

Refer to Disassembly And Assembly for the complete procedure for removing and installing the crankshaft seal groups.