CATERPILLAR®

Electrical and Electronic Application and Installation Guide

2000 C-10, C-12, C-15, & C-16
Truck Engines

LEBT9010-01 11-99

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INTRODUCTION AND PURPOSE

Electronic engine controls have been developed for heavy duty diesel truck engines to improve performance and fuel consumption. Caterpillar developed an electronic control system and fuel system with electronically controlled unit injectors for the C-10, C-12, C-15 and C-16 truck engines. A description of that system follows.

This document is intended to provide necessary information for correct electrical & electronic application and installation of the C-10, C-12, C-15 and C-16 truck engines into an on-highway truck, bus, motor coach or vocational chassis. Caterpillar expects there will be some additions and modifications to this document as the engine program development continues, and as OEM requests for information not currently addressed are added. The information contained in this version of the document reflects the Caterpillar design for production engines built as of the publication date with NOV99 Personality Module Software.

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General Electronic Engine Operation

1.0 Engine Functions

1.1 Electronic Governing

A full engine speed range electronic governor is used. The electronic governor functions like the Caterpillar mechanical governor in the mid operating range but includes the special features of isochronous low idle and the reduction of governor overrun.

1.2 Fuel/Air Ratio Control

The control system has full authority over engine fuel delivery. The mechanical fuel/air ratio control is eliminated. Electronic control of the fuel/air ratio provides optimum performance while limiting emissions.

1.3 Injection Timing Control

Injection timing is varied as a function of engine operating conditions to optimize engine performance for emissions, noise, fuel consumption, and drivability.

1.4 Torque Rise Shaping

Electronic controls provide increased flexibility to tailor the torque curve over a wide speed range.

1.5 Engine Monitoring

The control system includes an Engine Monitoring feature which monitors engine oil pressure, engine coolant temperature and intake manifold air temperature. Coolant Level is also available as an OEM installed option. All C-10, C-12, C-15 and C-16 engines are shipped with the Caterpillar oil pressure sensor, coolant temperature sensor and intake manifold air temperature sensor installed. There are four Customer Programmable Levels for the Engine Monitoring system:

- 1) Off
- 2) Warning
- 3) Derate
- 4) Shutdown

1.5.1 Engine Monitoring Coolant Level Sensor

The OEM is responsible for providing, installing, and programming the ECM to monitor the coolant level sensor. The coolant level sensor will respond to the programmed level of Engine Monitoring System. Coolant Level is selected/programmed through a separate Customer Programmable Parameter "Coolant Level Sensor" with a default factory setting of No (Not Installed). For installation guidelines, programming options, and sensor electrical requirements refer to "11.0 Coolant Level Sensor" on page 42.

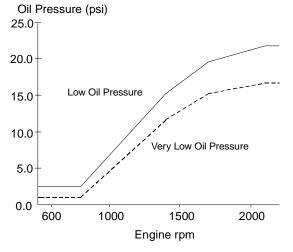
1.5.2 Engine Monitoring Programmed "Off"

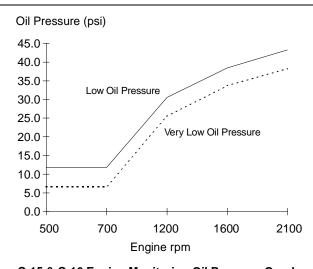
The ECM will not indicate low oil pressure, low coolant level, high coolant temperature or high intake manifold air temperatures. Coolant Temperature will be used for Cold Mode and cooling fan control. Intake Manifold Air Temperature is used for cold air operation and for cooling fan control. Coolant Level sensing is not used.

1.5.3 Engine Monitoring Programmed to "Warning"

If Engine Monitoring is programmed to Warning, the ECM monitors oil pressure, coolant temperature, intake manifold air temperature, and coolant level (if a coolant level sensor is installed). The following table and graph indicate the diagnostic codes available, their trip point, and their effect on engine performance when active. The Check Engine Lamp will flash and the Warning Lamp will illuminate as indicated in the table when the diagnostic code is active.

PID- FMI	Code Description	C-10 and C-12 Trip Points	C-15 and C-16 Trip Point	Warning Lamp	Derate
100-01	Low Oil Pressure Warning	See Figure1	See Figure1	SOLID	NONE
100-11	Very Low Oil Pressure	See Figure1	See Figure1	SOLID	NONE
105-00	High Intake Manifold Air Temp. Warning	195°F (91°C)	195°F (91°C)	SOLID	NONE
105-11	Very High Intake Manifold Air Temp.	229°F (109°C)	229°F (109°C)	SOLID	NONE
110-00	High Coolant Temp. Warning	218°F (103°C)	227°F (108°C)	SOLID	NONE
110-11	Very High Coolant Temperature	224°F (107°C)	233°F (112°C)	SOLID	NONE
111-01	Low Coolant Level Warning	See Figure 2	See Figure 2	SOLID	NONE
111-11	Very Low Coolant Level	See Figure 2	See Figure 2	SOLID	NONE





C-10 & C-12 Engine Monitoring Oil Pressure Graph

C-15 & C-16 Engine Monitoring Oil Pressure Graph

Figure 1 - Low Oil Pressure Graphs

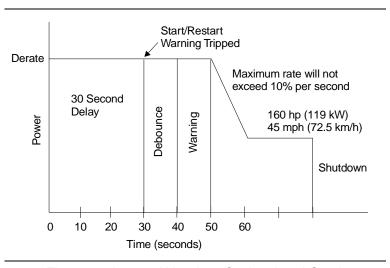


Figure 2 - Low and Very Low Coolant Level Graph

1.5.4 Engine Monitoring Programmed to "Derate" or "Shutdown"

If Engine Monitoring is programmed to Derate or Shutdown the ECM will alter engine performance when operating parameters are exceeded. Whenever the engine is derated, the Check Engine Lamp (due to active diagnostic) and Warning Lamp will flash. For the DERATE column in the following table, mph indicates vehicle speed is limited (maximum speed is 45 mph [72.5 km/h]), "pwr" indicates engine power is limited (maximum derate is 160 hp [119 kW]), and rpm indicates engine speed is limited (maximum derate is 1350 rpm). For operating conditions causing these codes see the appropriate section for the sensor under consideration.

PID- FMI	Code Description	C-10 and C-12 Trip Points	C-15 and C-16 Trip Point	Warning Lamp	Derate
100-01	Low Oil Pressure Warning	See Figure1	See Figure1	SOLID	NONE
100-11	Very Low Oil Pressure	See Figure1	See Figure1	FLASH	mph, pwr, rpm
105-00	High Intake Manifold Air Temp. Warning	195°F (91°C)	195°F (91°C)	SOLID	NONE
105-11	Very High Intake Manifold Air Temp.	229°F (109°C)	229°F (109°C)	SOLID	NONE
110-00	High Coolant Temperature Warning	218°F (103°C)	227°F (108°C)	FLASH	mph, pwr
110-11	Very High Coolant Temperature	224°F (106°C)	233°F (112°C)	FLASH	mph, pwr
111-01	Low Coolant Level Warning	See Figure 2	See Figure 2	SOLID	NONE
111-11	Very Low Coolant Level	See Figure 2	See Figure 2	FLASH	mph, pwr

1.5.5 Engine Monitoring Time to Shutdown

The following table indicates active diagnostic codes capable of shutting down the engine when the ECM is programmed to Shutdown. The "Time to Shutdown" column indicates the minimum time before the engine will shutdown if the engine has already been running for at least 30 seconds. "Start/Restart Time" is running time if the code is active when the engine starts, or following an Engine Monitoring caused shutdown. "NO" indicates the code will not shutdown the engine. Note these times assume the condition causing the code exists continuously and is not intermittent.

PID-FMI	Code Description	Time To Shutdown	Start/Restart Time
100-01	Low Oil Pressure Warning	NO	NO
100-11	Very Low Oil Pressure	30 SEC.	18 SEC.
105-00	High Intake Manifold Air Temperature Warning	NO	NO
105-11	Very High Intake Manifold Air Temperature	NO	NO
110-00	High Coolant Temperature Warning	NO	NO
110-11	Very High Coolant Temperature	20 SEC.	60 SEC.
111-01	Low Coolant Level Warning	NO	NO
111-11	Very Low Coolant Level	30 SEC.	80 SEC.

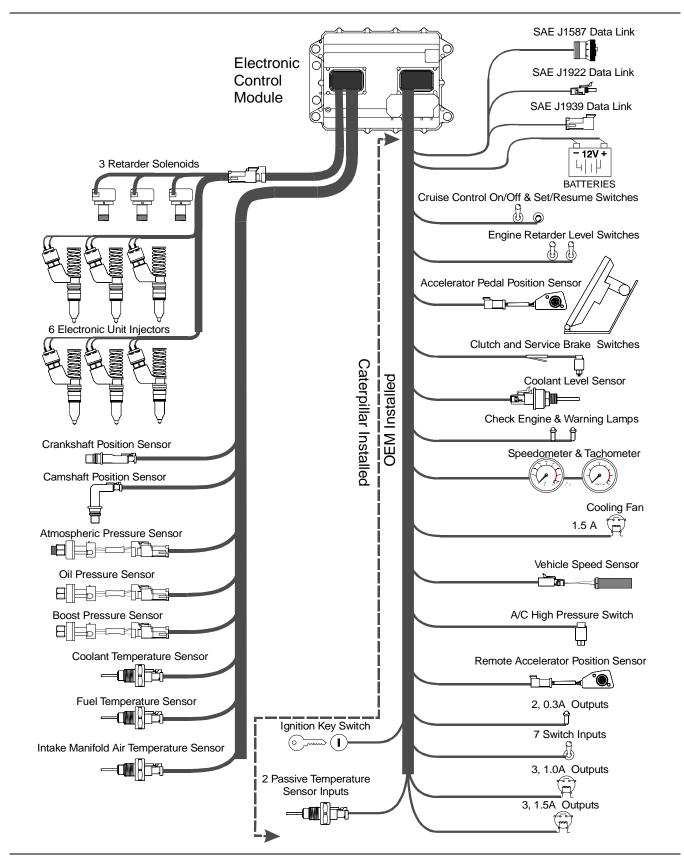


Figure 3 - C-10, C-12, C-15 and C-16 Component Diagram