

1985 BMW325e/318i Electrical Troubleshooting Manual

BMW of North America, Inc. Montvale, New Jersey

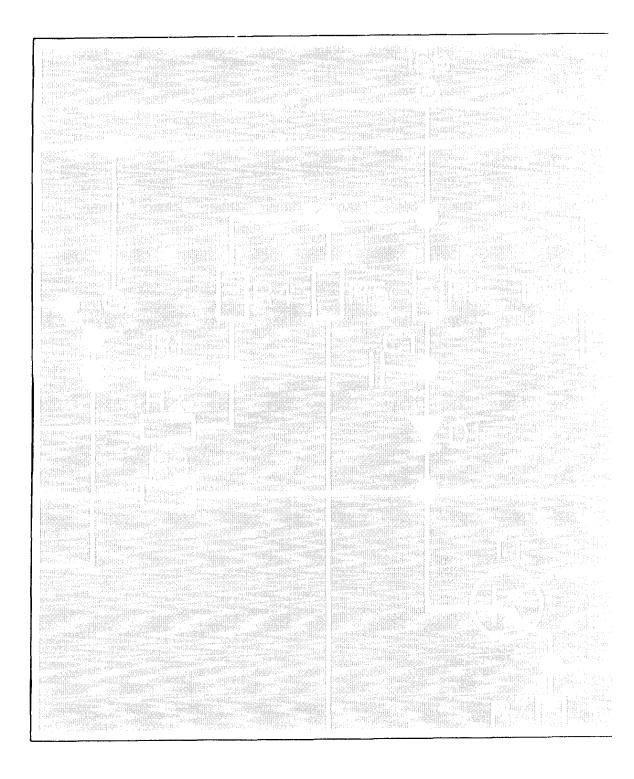
FOREWORD

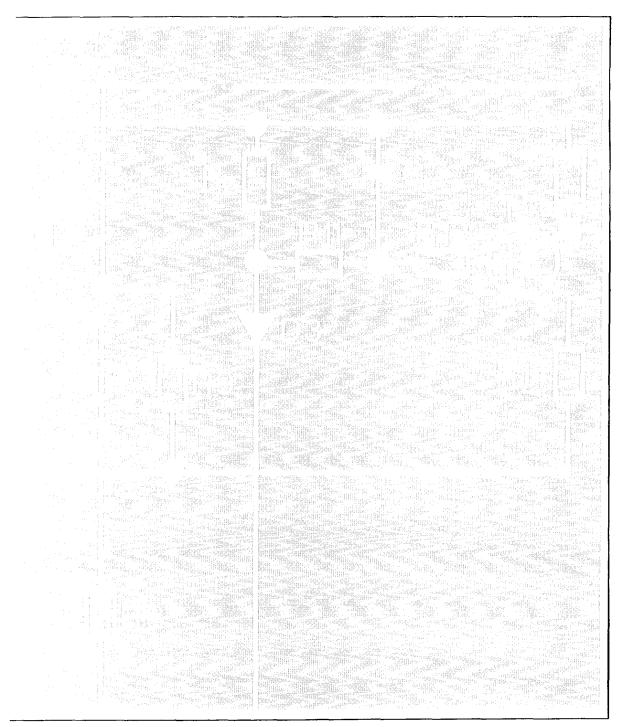
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1985 BMW 325e/318i Electrical Troubleshooting Manual

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The purpose of this manual is to show electrical schematics in a manner that makes electrical troubleshooting easier. Electrical components which work together are shown together on one schematic. The Wiper-Washer schematic, for example, shows all of the electrical components in one diagram. At the top of the page is the fuse (positive) that powers the circuit. The flow of current is shown through all wires, connectors, switches, and motors to ground (negative) at the bottom of the page.

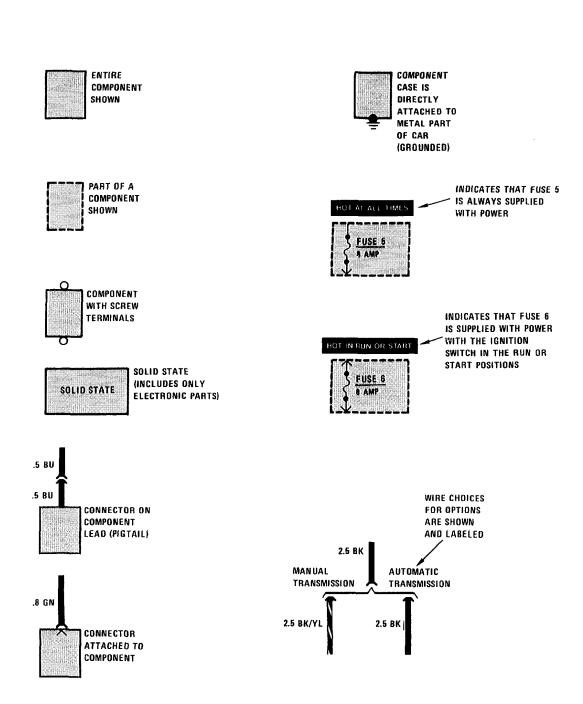
Within the schematic, all switches and sensors are shown "at rest," as though the Ignition Switch were off. For identification, component names are underlined and placed next to or above each component. Notes are included, describing how switches and other components work.

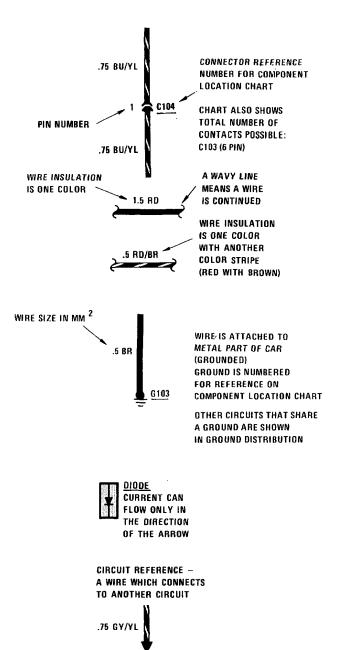
The power distribution schematic shows the current feed through all the connections from the Battery and Alternator to each fuse and the Ignition and Light Switches. If the Power Distribution schematic is combined with any other circuit schematic, a complete picture is made of how that circuit works. The Ground Distribution schematics show how several circuits are connected to common grounds.

All wiring between components is shown exactly as it exists in the vehicle; however, the wiring is not drawn to scale. To aid in understanding electrical operation, wiring inside complicated components has been simplified. The "Solid State" label designates electronic components.

| . WIRE SIZE CONVERSION CHART | | | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|
| METRIC (CROSSECTIONAL AREA IN MM²) | AWG (AMERICAN WIRE GAUGE) | | | |
| .5 .75 1 1.5 2 2.5 4 6 8 16 20 25 32 | 20 18 16 14 12 10 8 8 4 4 2 2 | | | |

| WIRE INSULATION | | | |
|--|---|--|--|
| ABBREVIATIONS | COLOR | | |
| BK BR PL GN BU VI YK PK | BLACK BROWN RED YELLOW GREEN BLUE VIOLET GRAY WHITE PINK | | |





ACTIVE CHECK CONTROL

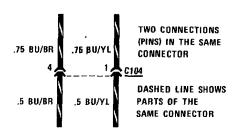


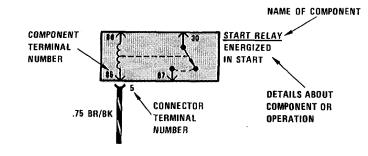
ONE POLE, TWO POSITION **SWITCH**

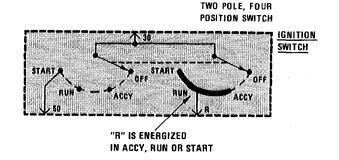


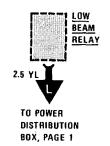
SWITCHES THAT **MOVE TOGETHER**

DASHED LINE SHOWS A MECHANICAL CONNECTION **BETWEEN SWITCHES**

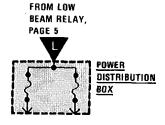


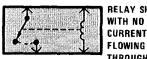






CURRENT PATH IS CONTINUED AS LABELED. THE ARROW SHOWS DIRECTION OF CURRENT FLOW AND IS REPEATED WHERE CURRENT PATH CONTINUES.





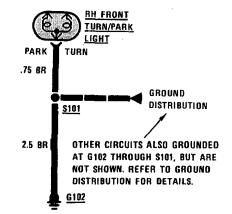
CURRENT FLOWING THROUGH COIL

RELAY SHOWN

WHEN COIL IS ENERGIZED, SWITCH IS PULLED CLOSED



RESISTOR ACROSS COIL IS FOR NOISE SUPPRESSION







TROUBLESHOOTING PROCEDURE

1. Verify the Problem

6

Operate the problem circuit to check the accuracy of the complaint. Note the symptoms of the inoperative circuit.

2. Analyze the Problem

Refer to the schematic of the problem circuit in the ETM. Determine how the circuit is supposed to work by tracing the current path(s) from the power feed through the circuit components to ground. Then based on the symptoms you noted in step 1 and your understanding of circuit operation, identify one or more possible causes of the problem.

3. Isolate the Problem

Make circuit tests to prove or disprove the preliminary diagnosis made in step 2. Keep in mind that a logical simple procedure is the key to efficient troubleshooting. Test for the most likely cause of failure first. Try to make tests at points which are easily accessible.

4. Repair the Problem

Once the specific problem is identified, make the repair using the proper tools and safe procedures.

5. Check the Problem

Operate the circuit to check for satisfactory circuit operation. Good repair practice calls for rechecking all circuits you have worked on.

TROUBLESHOOTING TOOLS

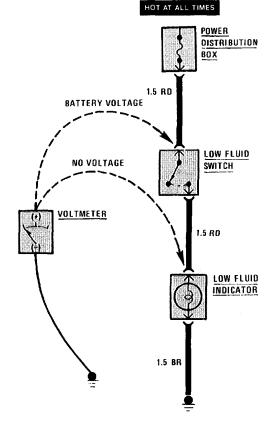
Isolating the problem (Step 3 of TROUBLESHOOTING PROCEDURES) requires the use of a voltmeter and/or ohmmeter. A voltmeter measures voltage at selected points in a circuit. An ohmmeter measures a circuit's resistance to current flow. It has an internal battery that provides current to the circuit under test. Disconnect the car battery when using an ohmmeter because the battery voltage will cause the ohmmeter to give false readings. Also, do not use an ohmmeter on solid-state components. The voltage that the ohmmeter applies to the circuit could damage these components.

TROUBLESHOOTING TESTS

Voltage Test

This test measures voltage in a circuit. By taking measurements at several points (terminals or connectors) along the circuit, you can isolate the problem.

To take a voltage measurement, connect the negative lead of the voltmeter to the battery's negative terminal or other known good ground. Then connect the positive lead of the voltmeter to the point you want to test. The voltmeter will measure the voltage present at that point in the circuit.



Voltage Test

Voltage Drop Test

Wires, connectors, and switches are designed to conduct current with a minimum loss of voltage. A voltage drop of more than one volt indicates a problem.

To test for voltage drop, connect the voltmeter leads to connectors at either end of the circuit's suspected problem area. The positive lead should be connected to the connector closest to the power source. The voltmeter will show the voltage drop between these two points.

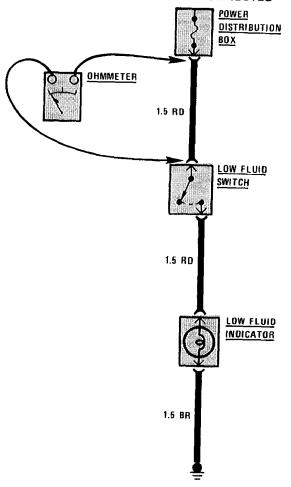
HOT AT ALL TIMES DISTRIBUTION вох 1.5 RD VOLTMETER LOW FLUID SWITCH 1.5 RD LOW FLUID INDICATOR 1.5 BR

Voltage Drop Test

Continuity Test

To perform a continuity test, first disconnect the car battery. Then adjust the ohmmeter to read zero while holding the leads together. Connect the ohmmeter leads to connector or terminals at either end of the circuit's suspected problem area. The ohmmeter will show the resistance across that part of the circuit.

BATTERY DISCONNECTED

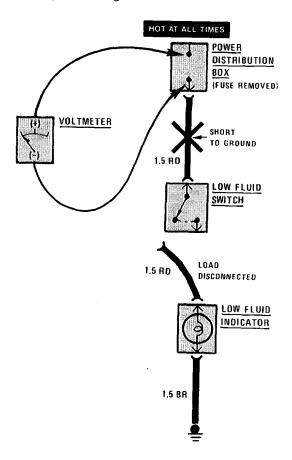


Continuity Test

Short Test Using Voltmeter

Remove the blown fuse and disconnect the load. Connect the voltmeter leads to the fuse terminals. The positive lead should be connected to the terminal closest to the power source.

Starting near the POWER DISTRIBUTION BOX, move the wire harness back and forth and watch the voltmeter reading. If the voltmeter registers a reading, there is a short to ground in the wiring. Somewhere in the area of the harness being moved, the wire insulation is worn away and the circuit is grounding.



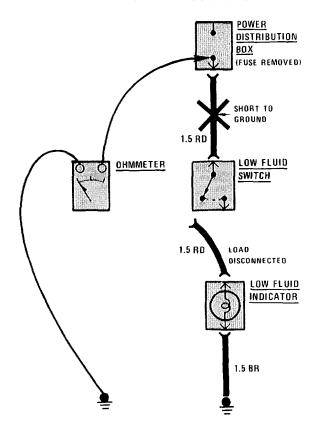
Short Test Using Voltmeter

Short Test Using Ohmmeter

Disconnect the battery. Adjust the ohmmeter to read zero while holding the leads together. Remove the blown fuse and disconnect the load. Connect one lead of the ohmmeter to the fuse terminal that is closest to the load. Connect the other lead to a known good ground.

Starting near the POWER DISTRIBUTION BOX, move the wire harness back and forth and watch the ohmmeter reading. Low or no resistance indicates a short to ground in the wiring. Infinitely high resistance indicates no short.

BATTERY DISCONNECTED



Short Test Using Ohmmeter

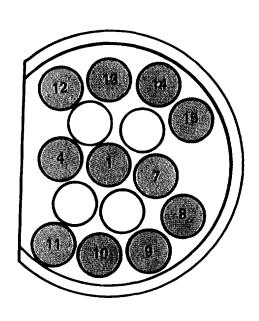
Section A

325e

Schematic Diagrams

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| | | | | • | 325e |



DIAGNOSTIC CONNECTOR FACE

| PIN | WIRE SIZE | WIRE COLOR | CIRCUIT AND COMPONENT CONNECTED |
|-----|--------------|---------------|---|
| 1 | 1.5 | BR | Ground Distribution, G103 |
| 4 | .5 | BR/VI | Gauges/Warning Indicators, Coolant Temperature Sender |
| 7 | .5 | WT/BU | Service Interval Indicator, Service Interval Processor (Reset) |
| 8 | .5 | YL | Ignition, TDC Sensor. |
| 9 | | SHIELD | Ignition, TDC Sensor. |
| 10 | .5 | BK | Ignition, TDC Sensor. |
| 11 | 2.5 | BK/YL | Start, Start Signal. (50) |
| 12 | .75 | BU | Charge System, Alternator (D+) |
| 13 | 1 | GN | Ignition, Ignition Coil |
| 14 | 2.5 | RD | Charge System, Alternator (30) |
| 15 | 1.5 | GN/YL | Idle Speed Control, Idle Speed Control Unit. |

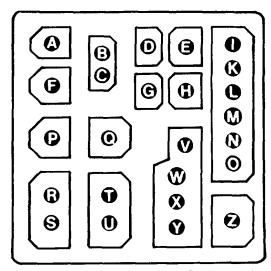


Figure 1-C302 (Accessory Connector)
Front View—Under LH Side
of Dash Ahead of Pedal Assembly

CIRCUITS USING C301 (ACCESSORY CONNECTOR)

| TERMINAL | CIRCUIT | TERMINAL | CIRCUIT |
|-------------------------|--|-----------------------|---|
| A B C D E F G H I J K L | Not Used Not Used Not Used Central Locking Not Used Not Used Not Used On-Board Computer Not Used | N O P Q R S T U V W X | Not Used Not Used Not Used Power Windows & Sunroof Cruise Control Cruise Control Not Used Not Used Radio Not Used Radio |
| M | Not Used | Y Z | Radio Power Antenna |

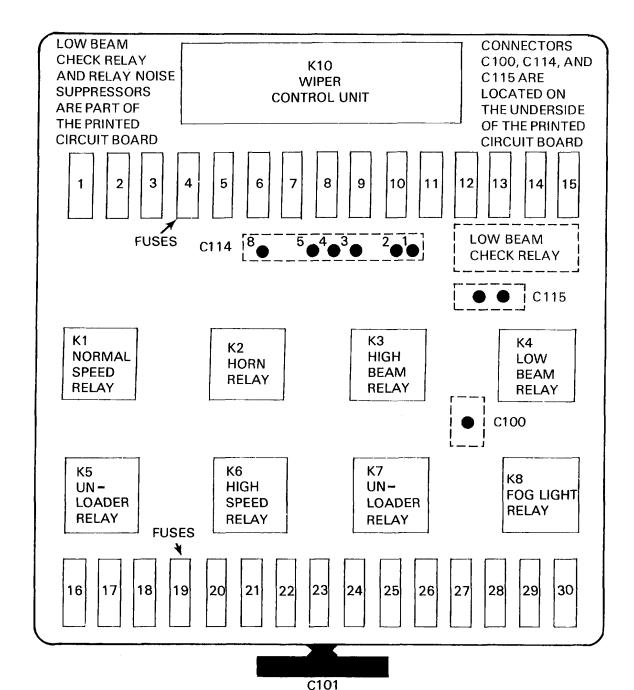
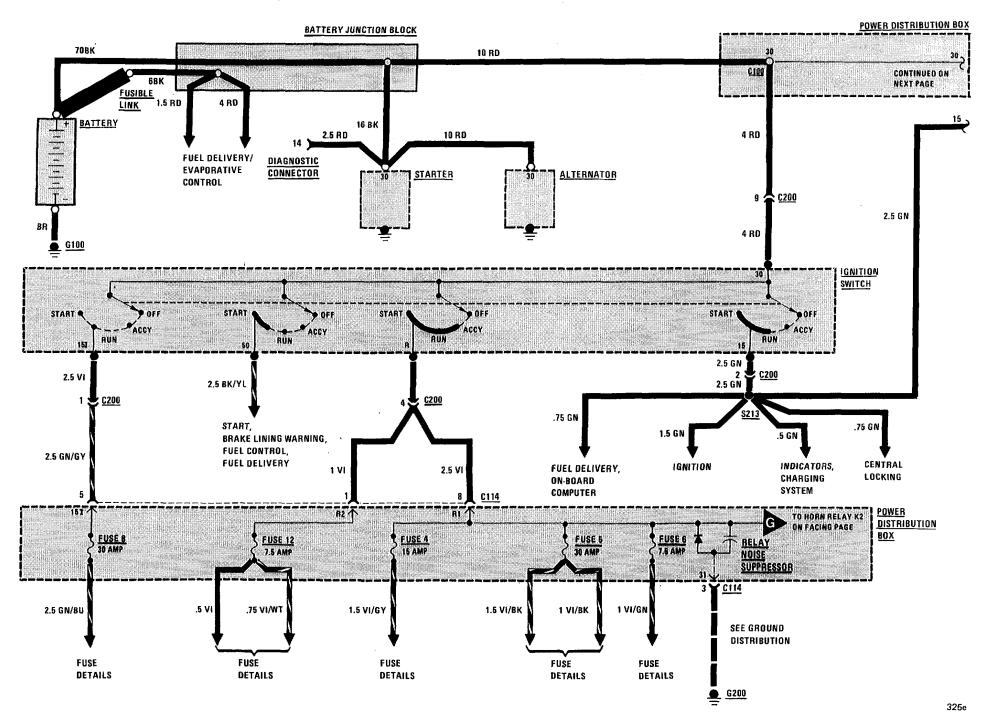


Figure 1 - Behind Left Front Shock Tower

| FUSE | SIZE/ | |
|------|-------------|---|
| NO. | COLOR | CIRCUIT NAME |
| 1 | 7.5A (BR) | Headlights (also fuses 2, 13, 14). |
| 2 | 7.5A (BR) | Headlights (also fuses 1, 13, 14). |
| 3 | 15A (LT BU) | Auxiliary Fan (also fuses 18, 19). |
| 4 | 15A (LT BU) | Lights: Turn/Hazard Warning (also fuse 24); Active Check Control (also fuses 6, 10, 21, 22, 23). |
| 5 | 30A (LT GN) | Wiper/Washer. |
| 6 | 7.5A (BR) | Stoplights/Cruise Control (also fuse 10); Active Check Control (also fuses 4, 10, 21, 22, 23); Cruise Control. |
| 7 | 15A (LT BU) | Horn. |
| 8 | 30A (LT GN) | Rear Defogger (also fuse 23). |
| 9 | 15A (LT BU) | Idle Speed Control (also fuse 10). |
| 10 | 7.5A (BR) | Seatbelt Warning (also fuse 21); Service Interval Indicator (also fuse 21); Tachometer/Fuel Economy Gauges (Also fuse 21); Gauges/Indicators; Brake Warning System; Back Up Lights; On-Board Computer (also fuses 12, 21, 27); Start; Idle Speed Control (also fuse 9); Active Check Control (also fuse 6). |
| 11 | 15A (LT BU) | Fuel Delivery. |
| 12 | 7.5A (BR) | Radio (also fuse 21); Speedometer/Indicators (also fuse 8); On-Board Computer (also fuse 10, 21, 27). |
| 13 | 7.5A (BR) | Headlights (also fuses 1, 2, 14). |
| 14 | 7.5A (BR) | Headlights (also fuses 1, 2, 13). |
| 15 | | Not Used. |
| 16 | | Not Used. |
| 17 | 15A (LT BU) | Sunroof. |
| 18 | 30A (LT GN) | Auxiliary Fan (also fuses 3, 19). |
| 19 | 7.5A (BR) | Auxiliary Fan (also fuses 3, 18); Interior Lights (also fuses 21, 27); Power Mirrors. |

| FUSE | SIZE/ | |
|------|-------------|--|
| NO. | COLOR | CIRCUIT NAME |
| 20 | 30A (LT GN) | Heater/Air Conditioning (also fuse 28). |
| 21 | 7.5A (BR) | Auto-Charging Flashlight; Glove Box Light; Ignition Key Warning/Seatbelt Warning (also fuse 10); Interior Lights (also fuses 14, 22, 27); Radio (also fuses 12); Trunk Light; Active Check Control (also fuses 4, 6, 10, 22, 23); Service Interval Indicator (also fuse 10); On-Board Computer (also fuses 10, 12, 27); Fuel Delivery; Tachometer/Fuel Economy Gauge (also fuse 10). |
| 22 | 7.5A (BR) | Active Check Control (also fuses 4, 6, 10, 21, 23); Lights: Front Park/Tail (also fuse 23); Lights: Front Side Marker (also fuse 23). |
| 23 | 7.5A (BR) | Lights: Dash Lights: Front Park/Tail (also fuse 22); Lights: Front Side Marker (also fuse 22); Lights: Rear Marker/License; Active Check Control (Also fuses 4, 6, 10, 21, 22); Rear Defogger (also fuse 8). |
| 24 | 15A (LT BU) | Lights: Turn/Hazard Warning (also fuse 4). |
| 25 | | Not Used. |
| 26 | | Not Used. |
| 27 | 30A (LT GN) | Interior Lights (also fuses 19, 21); Central Locking; On-Board Computer (also fuses 10, 12, 21). |
| 28 | 30A (LT GN) | Cigar Lighter; Power Antenna. |
| 29 | 7.5A (BR) | Fog Lights (also fuse 30). |
| 30 | 7.5 (BR) | Fog Lights (also fuse 29). |

BLANK



POWER DISTRIBUTION 105

